CRIME

IN

SOUTH

CAROLINA

2010

INTRODUCTION

The 2010 edition of *Crime in South Carolina* contains general information about crime trends, provides crime data at the county level for the most recent year available, compares national and state crime trends and provides descriptive information about crime. The intent of this publication is to provide statistical information about crime in the state in a simple and straightforward manner so that it can better inform policymakers, criminal justice practitioners and academicians as well as the general public.

The information presented in the tables, graphs and charts in this publication indicate volume, fluctuation and distribution of crime in South Carolina on the basis of incident reports submitted to the State Law Enforcement Division (SLED) by state and local law enforcement agencies. These reports are edited and reviewed, corrected as needed and compiled to form the basis of the information presented in this report. It is important to note that the information in this report is only as complete as the information submitted to SLED. By their very nature, unreported crimes cannot be included. Additionally, edits, updates and corrections are made over a two-year period in order to provide agencies with the maximum window of opportunity to report as fully and accurately as possible. As a result, rates and totals from a specific year can vary from previously published totals for that same year. Any data published here concerning figures for prior years supersede those published in previous reports. The sum of categories for some tables, charts or graphs may not total 100% due to rounding.

We wish to express our thanks and appreciation to the sheriffs, chiefs of police, state and local law enforcement officers as well as the administrative staff whose hard work in gathering and submitting crime and arrest data to the South Carolina Uniform Crime Reporting Program made publication of this report possible. The report itself is the product of a collaborative relationship between the State Law Enforcement Division, Uniform Crime Reporting Program and the South Carolina Department of Public Safety, Office of Justice Programs Statistical Analysis Center.

DEDICATION

This report is dedicated to all law enforcement officers, and in particular to those who died in the line of duty serving the citizens of South Carolina.

Special Agent Frank B. Glover, South Carolina Public Service Authority, January 28, 2010.

Deputy William F. Schuck III, Oconee County Sheriff Office, February 7, 2010.

Corporal D. Kevin Cusack, South Carolina Highway Patrol, March 27, 2010.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INDEX OFFENSES

There are seven Index I offenses: murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, breaking or entering, larceny and motor vehicle theft. These are typically categorized as violent (murder, rape, robbery and aggravated assault) and property (breaking or entering, larceny and motor vehicle theft) and provide basic measures of crime. Throughout this report, crimes are usually presented either as the number of reported offenses, or as the rate of offenses per 10,000 unit of population. Because it takes into account population, the offense rate usually provides the most useful basis of comparison over time or among jurisdictions or other geographical groups. The formula for calculating an offense rate is as follows:

Offense Rate = <u>Number of Crimes</u> x 10,000
                                Population

State and county population estimates used to calculate offense rates were provided by the South Carolina Budget and Control Board, Office of Research and Statistics.

South Carolina's violent crime rate decreased 9.8% from 2009 to 2010. Since 1975 the violent crime rate has increased 19.5%.

VIOLENT CRIME: Violent crime consists of murder, rape, robbery and aggravated assault, and involves the element of personal confrontation between the victim and offender.

VIOLENT CRIME

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	30,838	67.61
2010	28,198	60.96
% Change	-8.6%	-9.8%
10 Year		
2001	32,900	80.99
2010	28,198	60.96
% Change	-14.3%	-24.7%
20 Year		
1991	34,736	97.66
2010	28,198	60.96
% Change	-18.8%	-37.6%
Overall		
1975	14,372	51.00
2010	28,198	60.96
% Change	+96.2%	+19.5%

South Carolina Violent Crime Rate
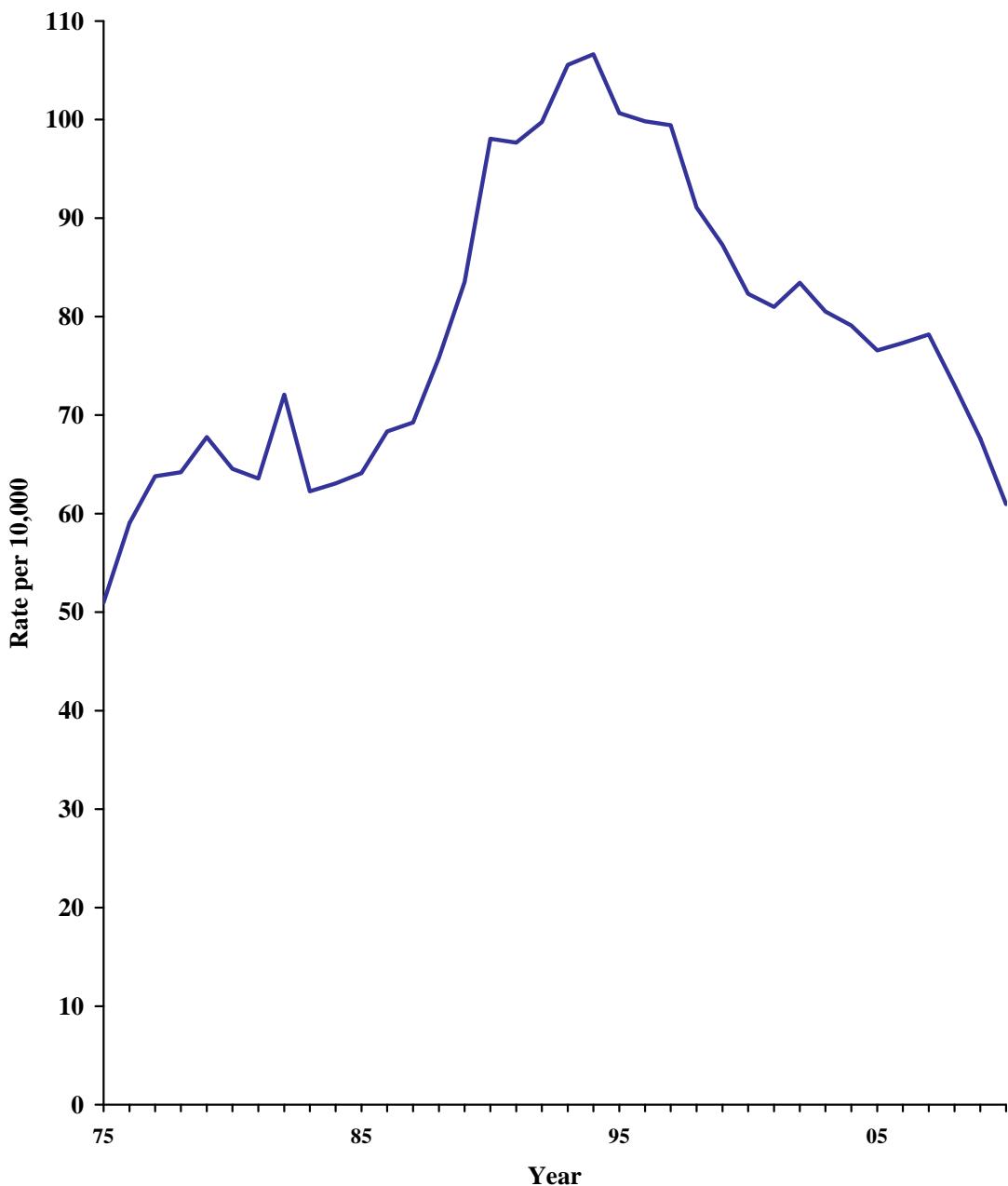
South Carolina's violent crime rate has exceeded the national violent crime rate every year since 1975.

STATE & U.S. VIOLENT CRIME RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	51.0	48.2
1976	59.0	46.0
1977	63.8	46.7
1978	64.2	48.7
1979	67.8	53.5
1980	64.5	58.1
1981	63.6	57.7
1982	72.1	55.5
1983	62.3	52.9
1984	63.1	53.9
1985	64.1	55.6
1986	68.3	61.7
1987	69.3	61.0
1988	75.8	63.7
1989	83.5	66.3
1990	98.0	73.2
1991	97.7	75.8
1992	99.7	75.8
1993	105.6	74.6
1994	106.6	71.4
1995	100.7	68.5
1996	99.8	63.4
1997	99.4	61.1
1998	91.1	56.6
1999	87.3	52.5
2000	82.3	50.6
2001	81.0	50.5
2002	83.4	49.5
2003	80.5	47.5
2004	79.1	46.3
2005	76.6	46.9
2006	76.9	47.4
2007	78.2	46.7
2008	73.0	45.5
2009	67.6	42.9
2010	61.0	40.4

State and National Violent Crime Rates
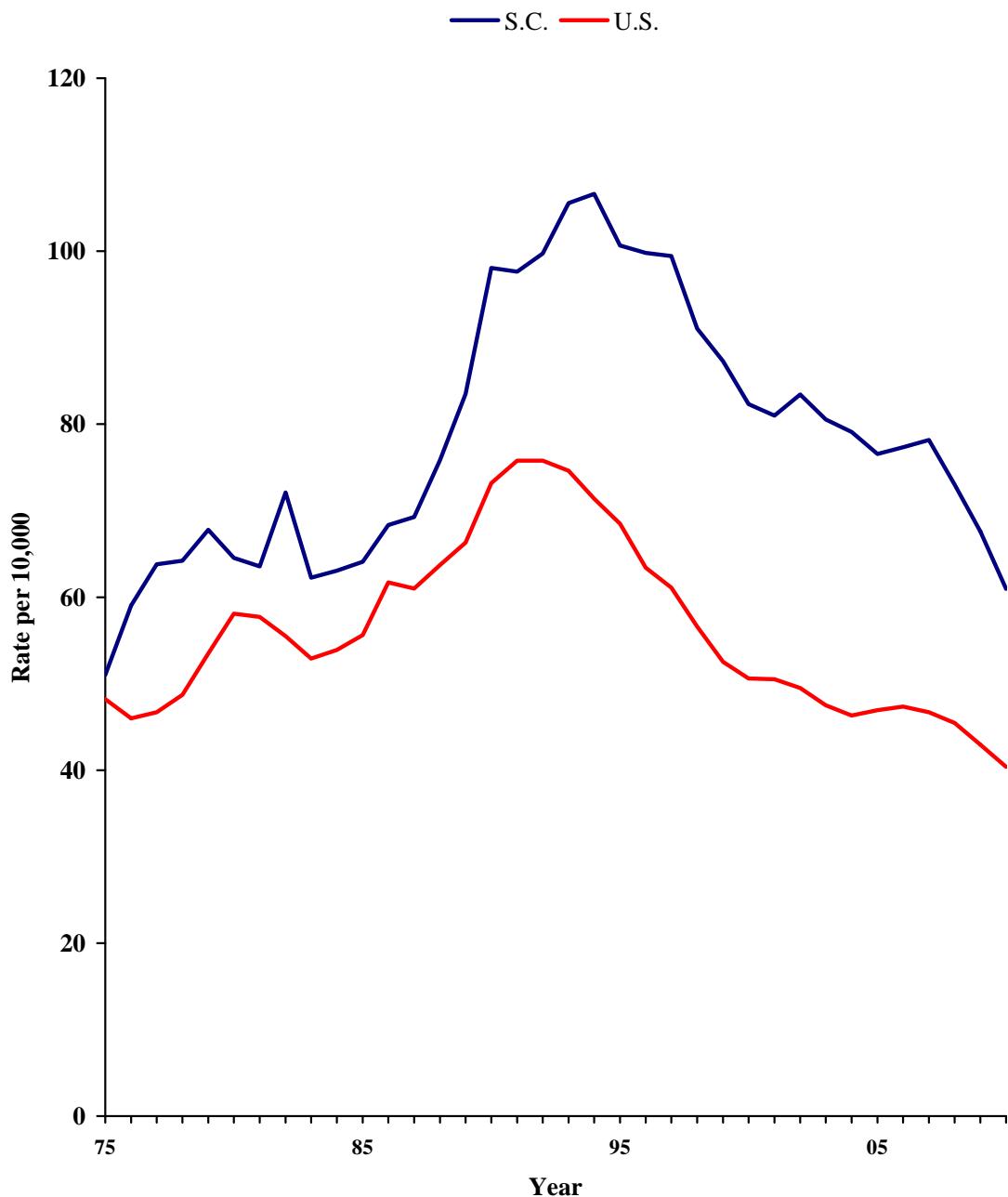
VIOLENT CRIME BY COUNTY
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	113	44.5	Greenwood	738	105.9
Aiken	591	36.9	Hampton	156	74.0
Allendale	124	119.0	Horry	1,790	66.5
Anderson	1,120	59.9	Jasper	117	47.2
Bamberg	111	69.4	Kershaw	265	43.0
Barnwell	170	75.2	Lancaster	413	53.9
Beaufort	925	57.0	Laurens	447	67.2
Berkeley	839	47.2	Lee	103	53.6
Calhoun	68	44.8	Lexington	981	37.4
Charleston	2,086	59.6	McCormick	48	46.9
Cherokee	222	40.1	Marion	307	92.9
Chester	284	85.7	Marlboro	346	119.6
Chesterfield	246	52.6	Newberry	137	36.5
Clarendon	189	54.0	Oconee	390	52.5
Colleton	311	80.0	Orangeburg	548	59.2
Darlington	586	85.3	Pickens	422	35.4
Dillon	411	128.2	Richland	3,823	99.4
Dorchester	557	40.8	Saluda	104	52.3
Edgefield	56	20.8	Spartanburg	1,445	50.8
Fairfield	219	91.4	Sumter	946	88.0
Florence	788	57.6	Union	229	79.1
Georgetown	358	59.5	Williamsburg	188	54.6
Greenville	2,622	58.1	York	1,259	55.7

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 VIOLENT CRIME RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Dillon	411	128.2
Marlboro	346	119.6
Allendale	124	119.0
Greenwood	738	105.9
Richland	3,823	99.4
Marion	307	92.9
Fairfield	219	91.4
Sumter	946	88.0
Chester	284	85.7
Darlington	586	85.3
Colleton	311	80.0
Union	229	79.1
Barnwell	170	75.2
Hampton	156	74.0
Bamberg	111	69.4
Laurens	447	67.2
Horry	1,790	66.5
Anderson	1,120	59.9
Charleston	2,086	59.6
Georgetown	358	59.5
Orangeburg	548	59.2
Greenville	2,622	58.1
Florence	788	57.6
Beaufort	925	57.0
York	1,259	55.7
Williamsburg	188	54.6
Clarendon	189	54.0
Lancaster	413	53.9
Lee	103	53.6
Chesterfield	246	52.6
Oconee	390	52.5
Saluda	104	52.3
Spartanburg	1,445	50.8
Jasper	117	47.2
Berkeley	839	47.2
McCormick	48	46.9
Calhoun	68	44.8
Abbeville	113	44.5
Kershaw	265	43.0
Dorchester	557	40.8
Cherokee	222	40.1
Lexington	981	37.4
Aiken	591	36.9
Newberry	137	36.5
Pickens	422	35.4
Edgefield	56	20.8

South Carolina's murder rate decreased 17.4% from 2009 to 2010. The state murder rate has decreased 61.7% since 1975.

MURDER: Murder is the willful killing of one person by another. The classification of this offense is based on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury or other judicial body. Deaths caused by negligence, suicide, accident or justifiable homicides are not included.

MURDER

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	317	0.69
2010	265	0.57
% Change	-16.4%	-17.4%
10 Year		
2001	320	0.79
2010	265	0.57
% Change	-17.2%	-27.8%
20 Year		
1991	408	1.15
2010	265	0.57
% Change	-35.0%	-50.4%
Overall		
1975	421	1.49
2010	265	0.57
% Change	-37.1%	-61.7%

South Carolina Murder Rate
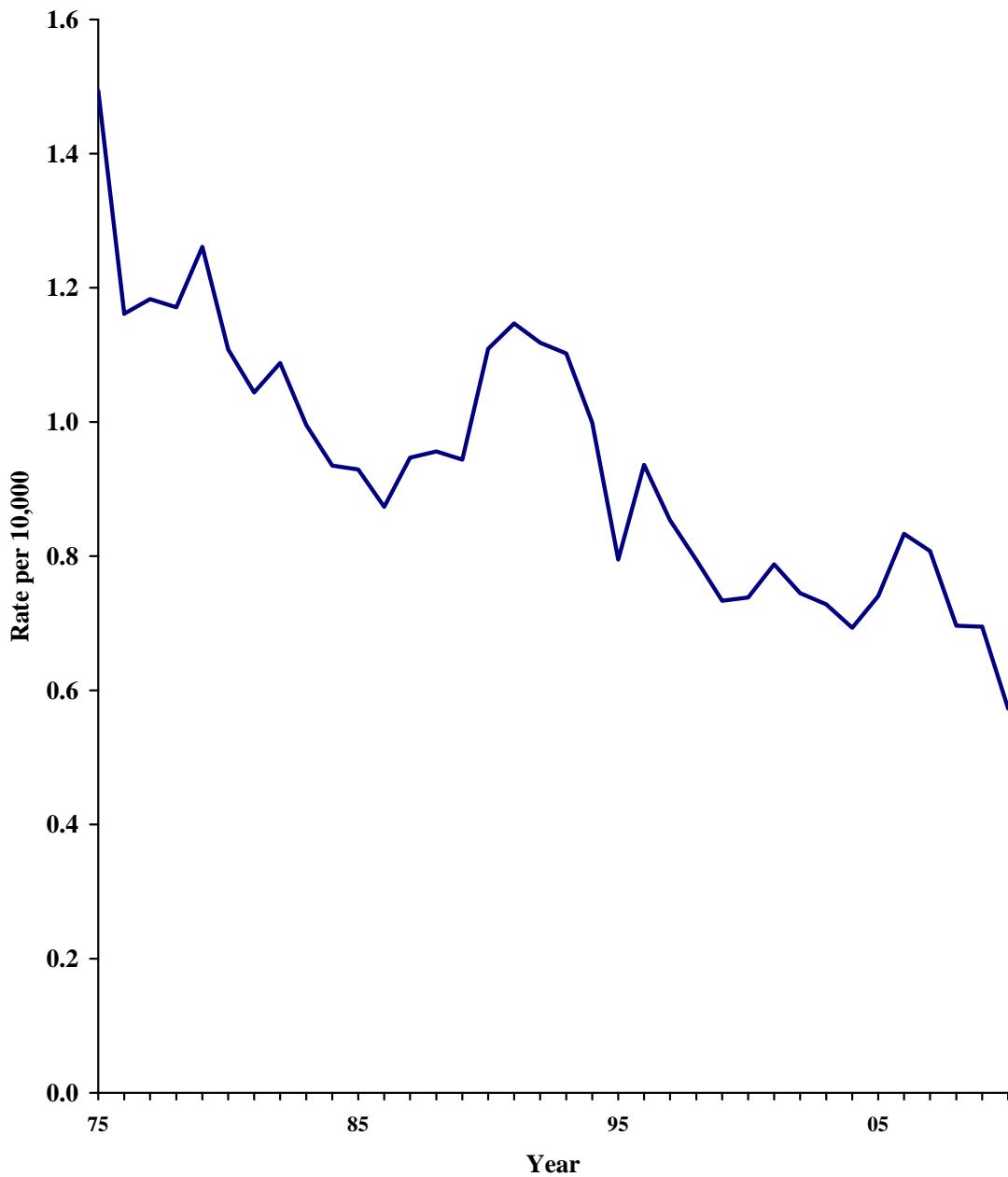
Relationship of Murder Victims to Offenders in South Carolina

■ 2010 ■ 2001

Family
- 11.7%
- 8.8%

Relationship Unknown
- 14.1%
- 13.8%

Intimate
- 18.7%
- 15.4%

Stranger
- 17.5%
- 15.8%

Acquaintance
- 38.0%
- 46.2%
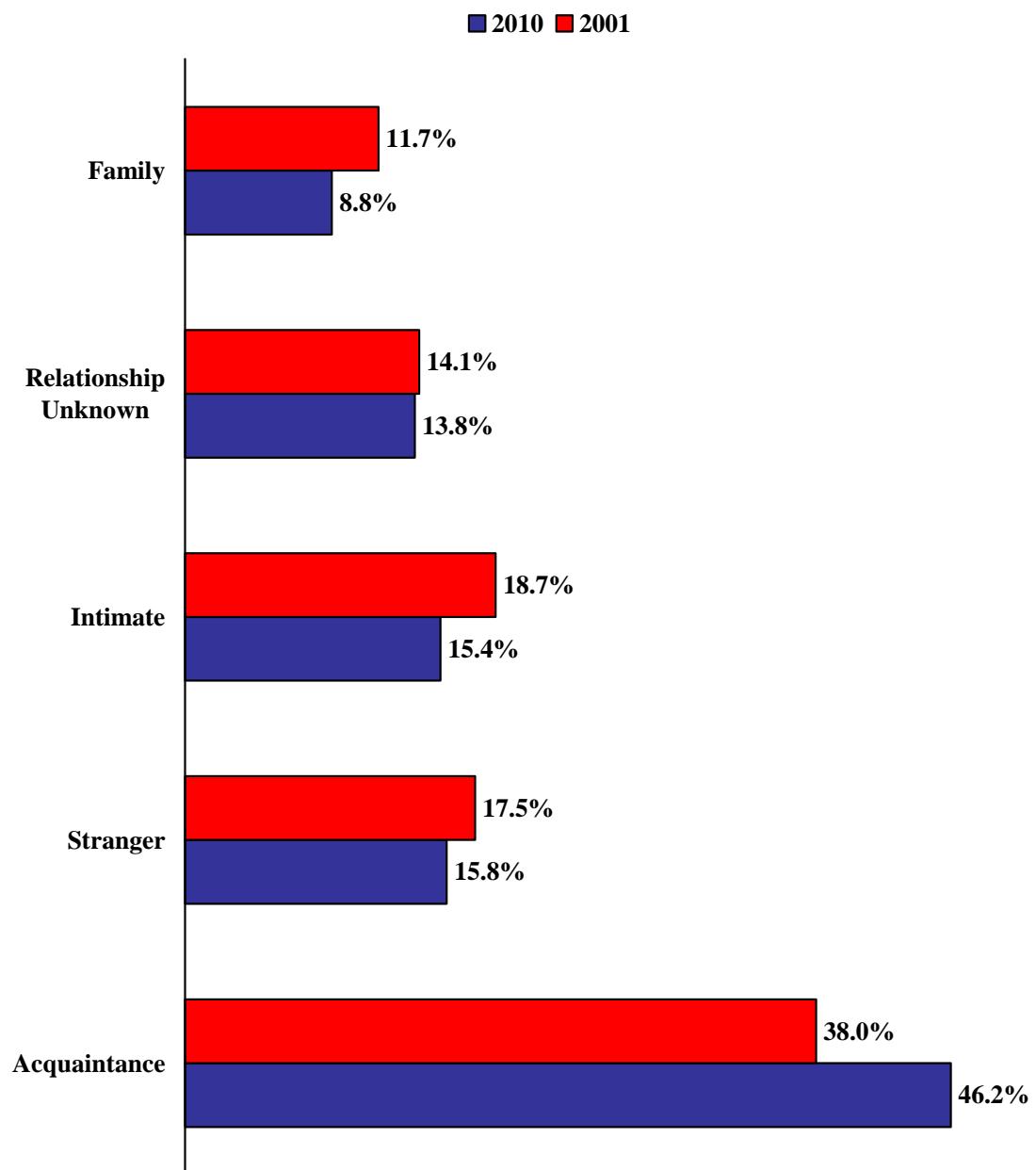
South Carolina Murder Weapons

■ 2010 ■ 2001

Unknown
2.4%
3.6%

Blunt object
5.7%
4.0%

Hands/Feet
9.9%
8.7%

Knife
13.1%
10.9%

Firearms
61.8%
69.8%
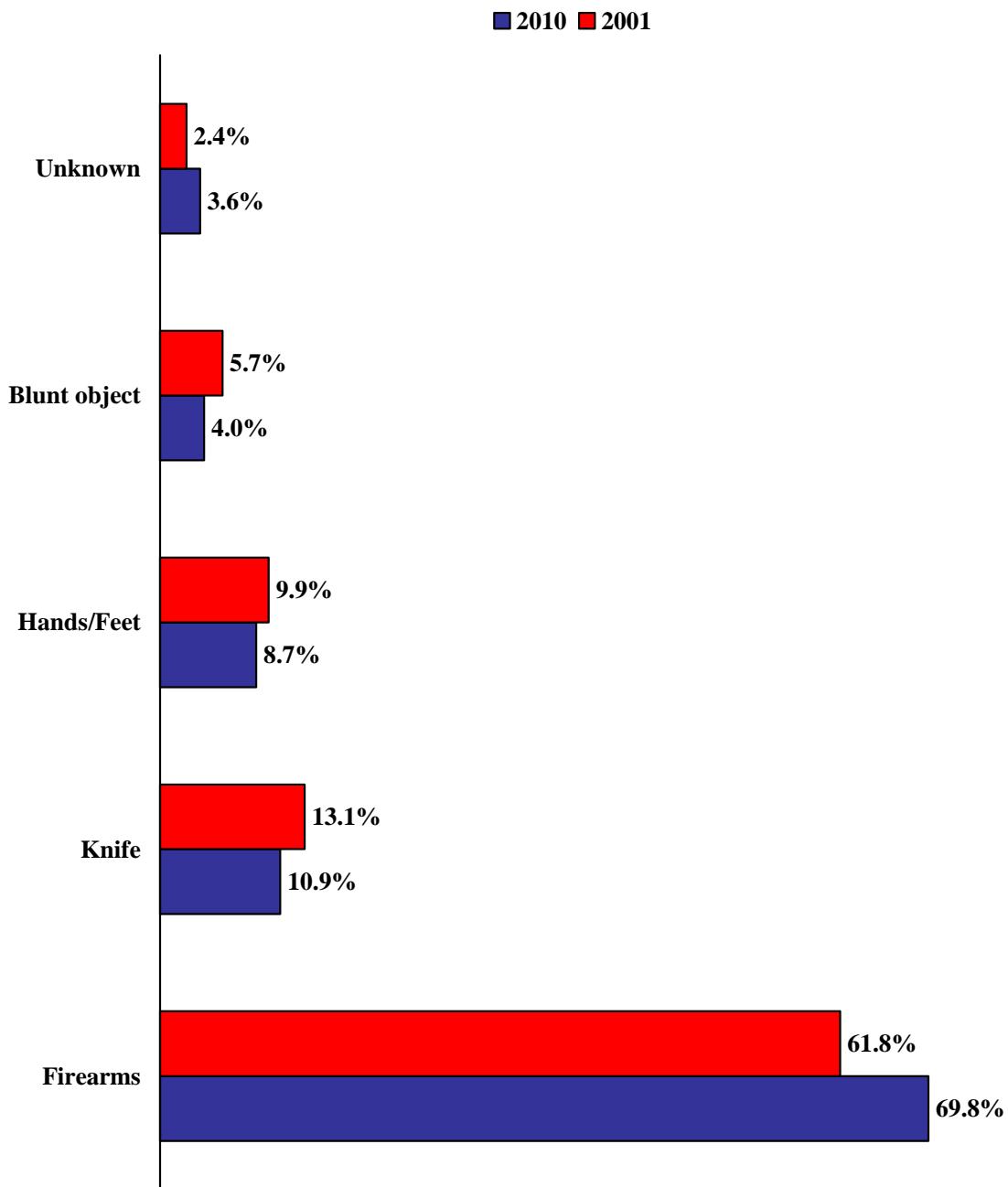
South Carolina's murder rate has exceeded the national murder rate every year except for 1995.

STATE & U.S. MURDER RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	1.49	0.96
1976	1.16	0.88
1977	1.18	0.88
1978	1.17	0.90
1979	1.26	0.97
1980	1.11	1.02
1981	1.04	0.98
1982	1.09	0.91
1983	1.00	0.83
1984	0.94	0.79
1985	0.93	0.79
1986	0.87	0.86
1987	0.95	0.83
1988	0.96	0.84
1989	0.94	0.87
1990	1.11	0.94
1991	1.15	0.98
1992	1.12	0.95
1993	1.10	0.93
1994	1.00	0.90
1995	0.79	0.82
1996	0.94	0.74
1997	0.85	0.68
1998	0.79	0.63
1999	0.73	0.57
2000	0.74	0.55
2001	0.79	0.56
2002	0.75	0.56
2003	0.73	0.57
2004	0.69	0.55
2005	0.74	0.56
2006	0.83	0.57
2007	0.81	0.56
2008	0.70	0.54
2009	0.71	0.50
2010	0.57	0.48

State and National Murder Rates
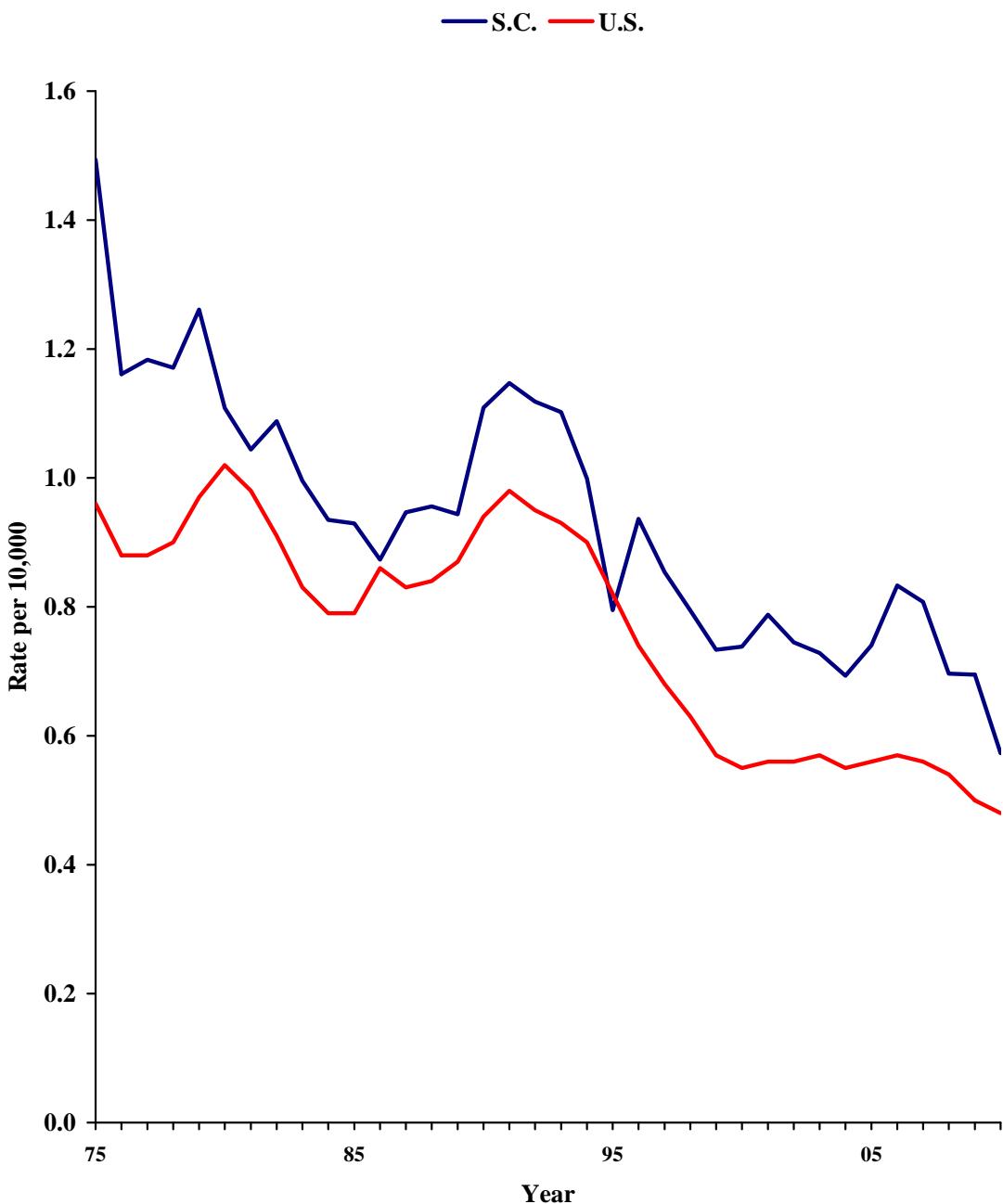
MURDER BY COUNTY
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	0	0.00	Greenwood	2	0.29
Aiken	6	0.37	Hampton	0	0.00
Allendale	1	0.96	Horry	9	0.33
Anderson	10	0.53	Jasper	2	0.81
Bamberg	1	0.63	Kershaw	0	0.00
Barnwell	0	0.00	Lancaster	5	0.65
Beaufort	5	0.31	Laurens	2	0.30
Berkeley	5	0.28	Lee	1	0.52
Calhoun	1	0.66	Lexington	10	0.38
Charleston	34	0.97	McCormick	0	0.00
Cherokee	6	1.08	Marion	1	0.30
Chester	3	0.91	Marlboro	5	1.73
Chesterfield	2	0.43	Newberry	3	0.80
Clarendon	1	0.29	Oconee	3	0.40
Colleton	8	2.06	Orangeburg	16	1.73
Darlington	8	1.16	Pickens	7	0.59
Dillon	4	1.25	Richland	27	0.70
Dorchester	2	0.15	Saluda	0	0.00
Edgefield	1	0.37	Spartanburg	13	0.46
Fairfield	0	0.00	Sumter	8	0.74
Florence	12	0.88	Union	1	0.35
Georgetown	2	0.33	Williamsburg	5	1.45
Greenville	23	0.51	York	10	0.44

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 MURDER RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Colleton	8	2.06
Orangeburg	16	1.73
Marlboro	5	1.73
Williamsburg	5	1.45
Dillon	4	1.25
Darlington	8	1.16
Cherokee	6	1.08
Charleston	34	0.97
Allendale	1	0.96
Chester	3	0.91
Florence	12	0.88
Jasper	2	0.81
Newberry	3	0.80
Sumter	8	0.74
Richland	27	0.70
Calhoun	1	0.66
Lancaster	5	0.65
Bamberg	1	0.63
Pickens	7	0.59
Anderson	10	0.53
Lee	1	0.52
Greenville	23	0.51
Spartanburg	13	0.46
York	10	0.44
Chesterfield	2	0.43
Oconee	3	0.40
Lexington	10	0.38
Aiken	6	0.37
Edgefield	1	0.37
Union	1	0.35
Horry	9	0.33
Georgetown	2	0.33
Beaufort	5	0.31
Marion	1	0.30
Laurens	2	0.30
Greenwood	2	0.29
Clarendon	1	0.29
Berkeley	5	0.28
Dorchester	2	0.15
Abbeville	0	0.00
Barnwell	0	0.00
Fairfield	0	0.00
Hampton	0	0.00
Kershaw	0	0.00
McCormick	0	0.00
Saluda	0	0.00

South Carolina's rape rate decreased 7.2% from 2009 to 2010. From 1975 to 2010, the rape rate has increased 28.1%.

RAPE: Forcible rape is the carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and against their will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are also included; however statutory rape (without force) and other sex offenses are excluded.

RAPE

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	1,655	3.63
2010	1,557	3.37
% Change	-5.9%	-7.2%
10 Year		
2001	1,764	4.34
2010	1,557	3.37
% Change	-11.7%	-22.4%
20 Year		
1991	2,115	5.95
2010	1,557	3.37
% Change	-26.4%	-43.4%
Overall		
1975	741	2.63
2010	1,557	3.37
% Change	+110.1%	+28.1%

South Carolina Rape Rate
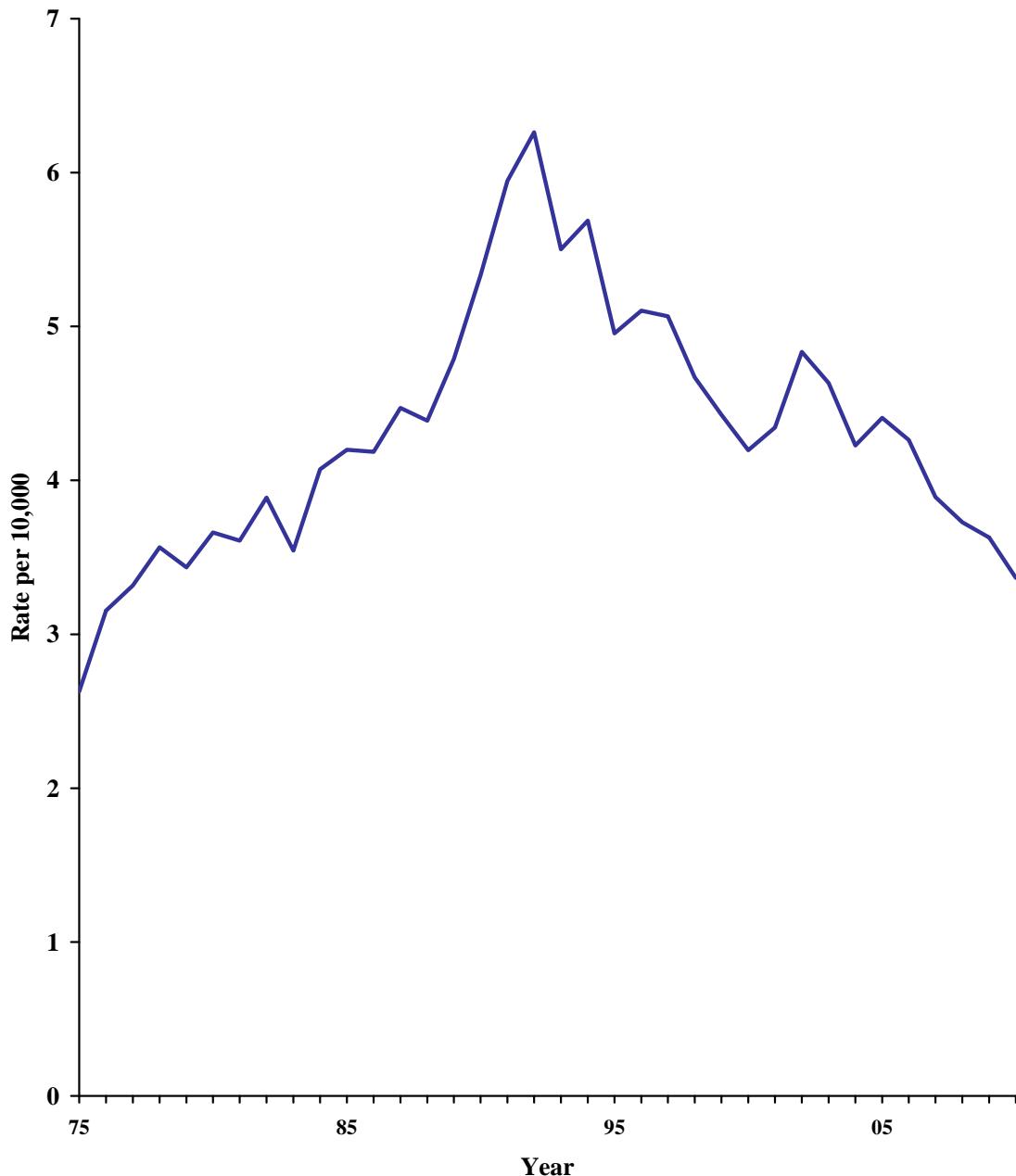
Relationship of Rape Victims to Offenders in South Carolina

■ 2010 ■ 2001

Relationship Unknown
- 8.8%
- 10.0%

Intimate
- 10.2%
- 10.7%

Stranger
- 17.5%
- 11.6%

Family
- 14.0%
- 16.6%

Acquaintance
- 49.5%
- 51.1%
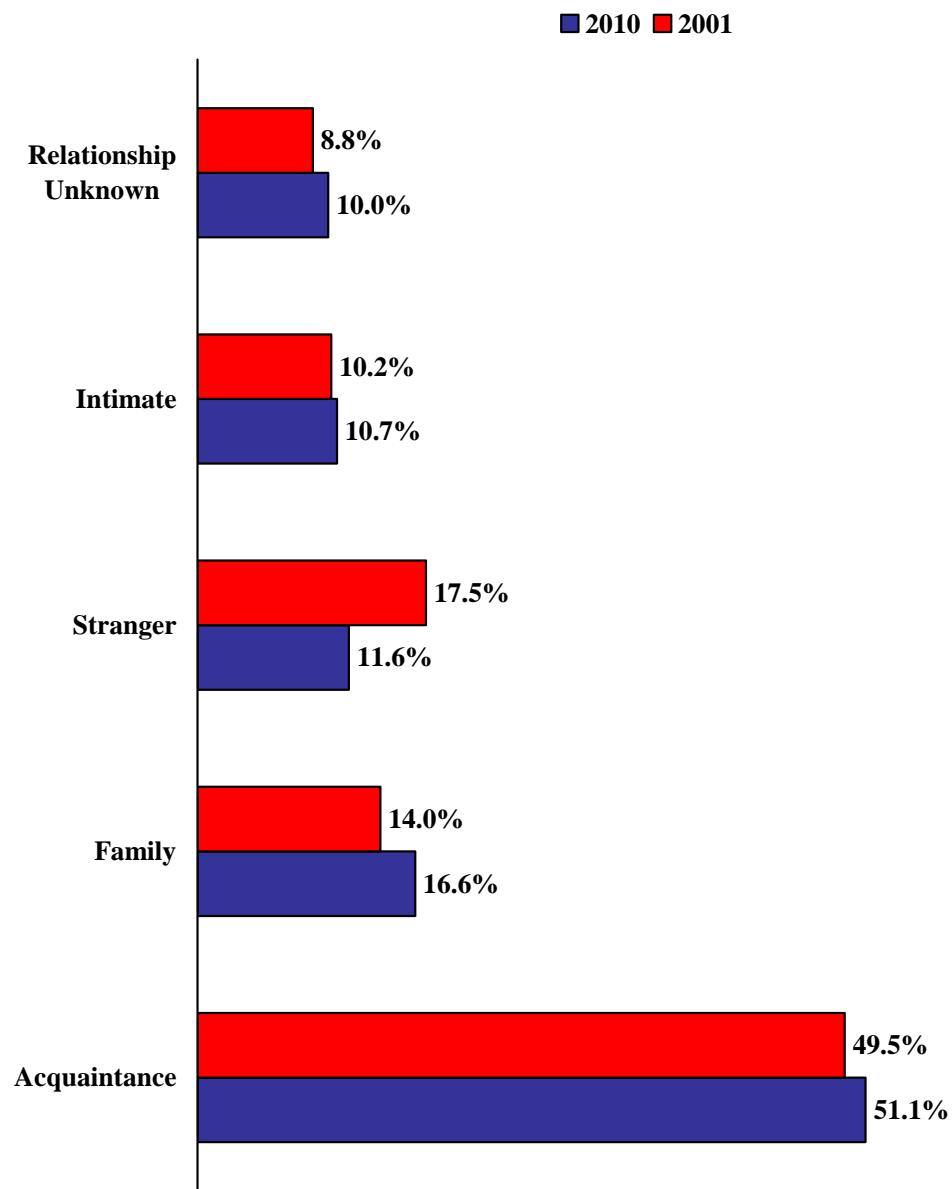
South Carolina Rape Victims by Age

■ 2010 ■ 2001

Under 10
- 10.1%
- 10.0%

10 - 17
- 37.4%
- 37.6%

18 - 24
- 20.9%
- 20.9%

25 - 34
- 14.8%
- 14.8%

35 - 44
- 9.0%
- 8.9%

45 - 54
- 5.4%
- 5.4%

55 - 64
- 1.6%
- 1.6%

65+
- 0.9%
- 0.9%
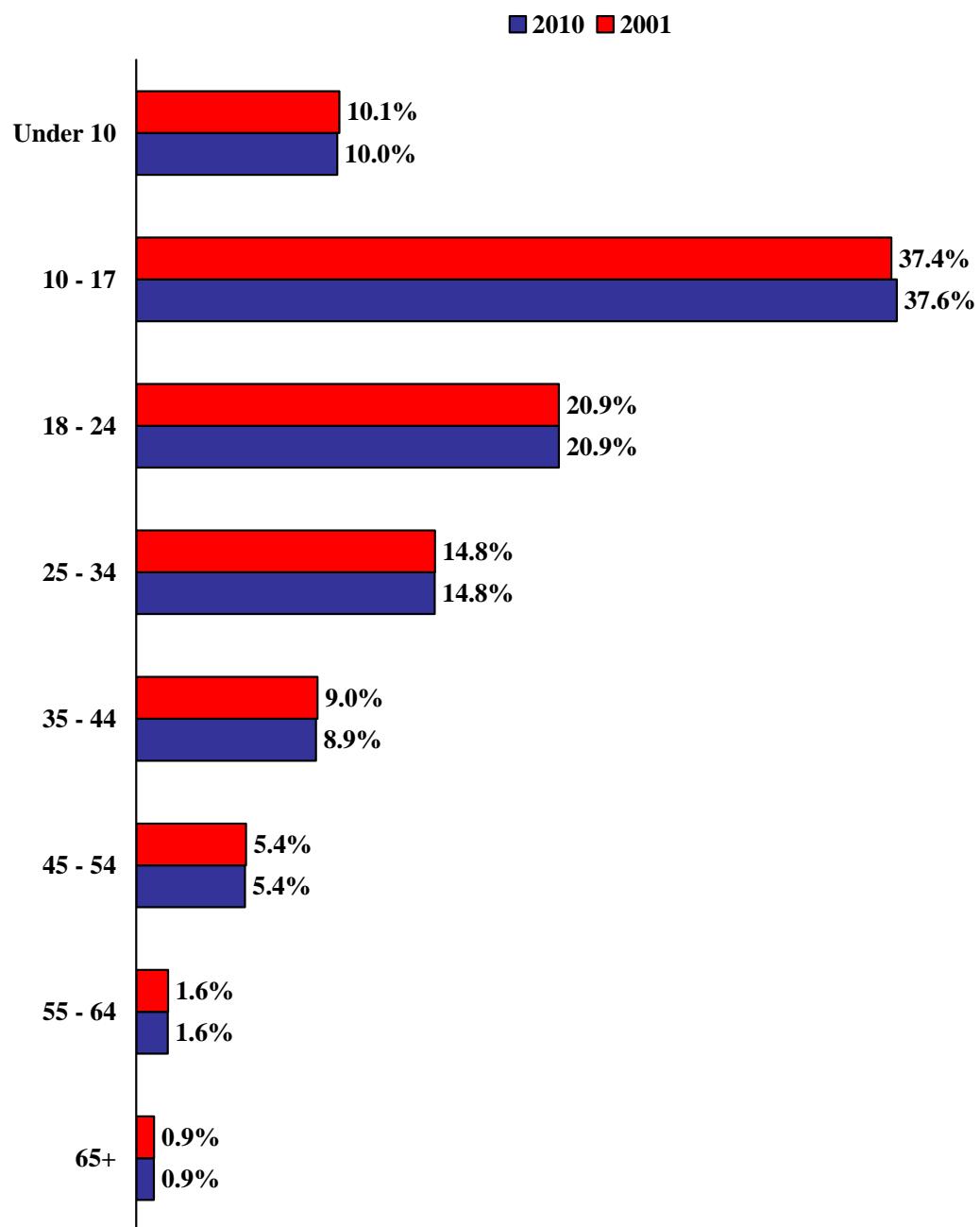
South Carolina's rape rate has exceeded the national rate since 1982.

STATE & U.S. RAPE RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	2.6	2.6
1976	3.2	2.6
1977	3.3	2.9
1978	3.6	3.1
1979	3.4	3.5
1980	3.7	3.6
1981	3.6	3.6
1982	3.9	3.4
1983	3.5	3.4
1984	4.1	3.6
1985	4.2	3.7
1986	4.2	3.8
1987	4.5	3.7
1988	4.4	3.8
1989	4.8	3.8
1990	5.3	4.1
1991	5.9	4.2
1992	6.3	4.3
1993	5.5	4.1
1994	5.7	3.9
1995	5.0	3.7
1996	5.1	3.6
1997	5.1	3.6
1998	4.7	3.4
1999	4.4	3.3
2000	4.2	3.2
2001	4.3	3.2
2002	4.8	3.3
2003	4.6	3.2
2004	4.2	3.2
2005	4.4	3.2
2006	4.2	3.1
2007	3.9	3.0
2008	3.7	2.9
2009	3.6	2.9
2010	3.4	2.8

State and National Rape Rates
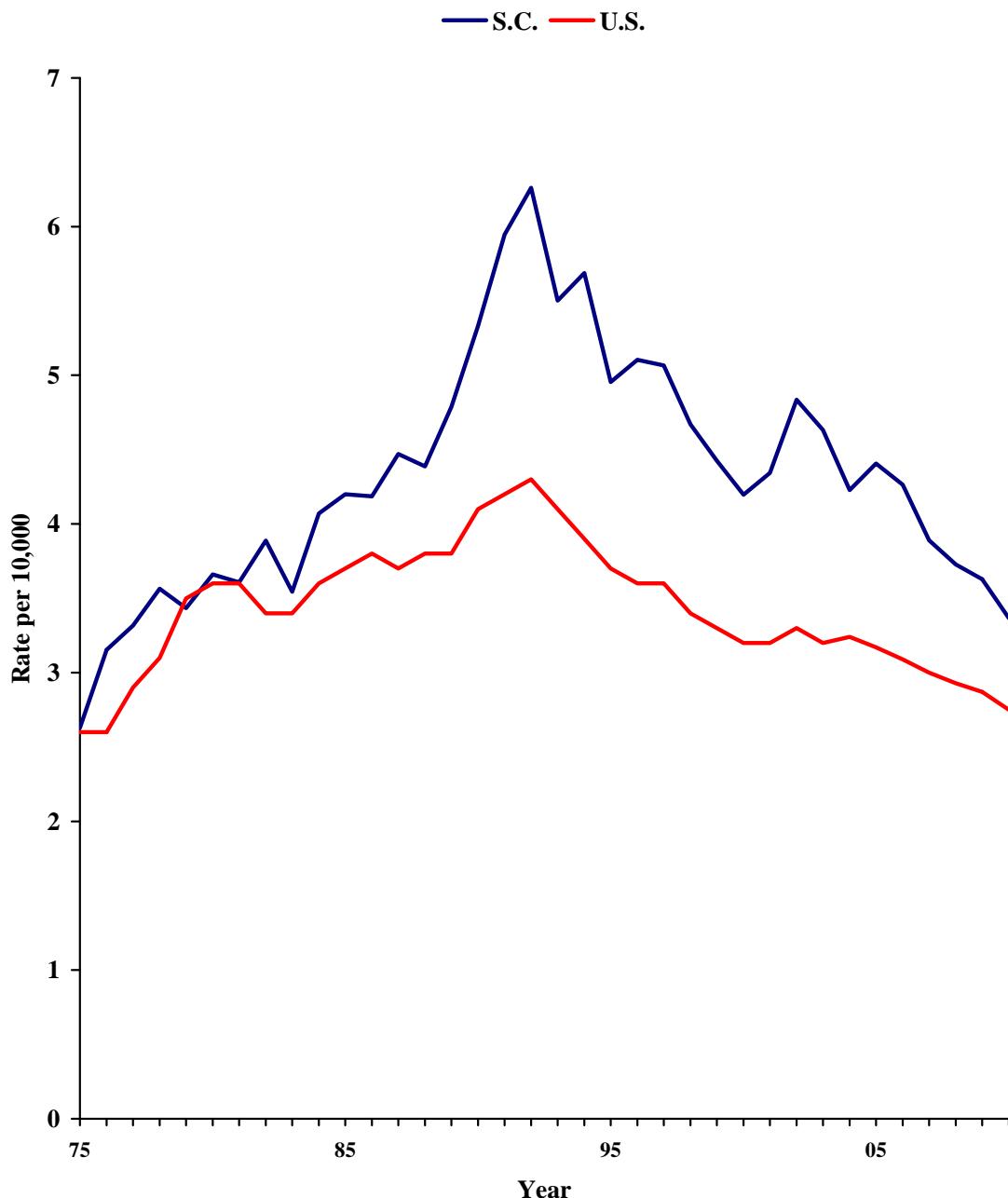
RAPE BY COUNTY
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	7	2.8	Greenwood	23	3.3
Aiken	54	3.4	Hampton	2	0.9
Allendale	0	0.0	Horry	123	4.6
Anderson	69	3.7	Jasper	9	3.6
Bamberg	6	3.8	Kershaw	16	2.6
Barnwell	7	3.1	Lancaster	23	3.0
Beaufort	27	1.7	Laurens	29	4.4
Berkeley	54	3.0	Lee	4	2.1
Calhoun	2	1.3	Lexington	81	3.1
Charleston	110	3.1	McCormick	2	2.0
Cherokee	5	0.9	Marion	6	1.8
Chester	13	3.9	Marlboro	19	6.6
Chesterfield	13	2.8	Newberry	8	2.1
Clarendon	14	4.0	Oconee	43	5.8
Colleton	29	7.5	Orangeburg	23	2.5
Darlington	29	4.2	Pickens	39	3.3
Dillon	7	2.2	Richland	180	4.7
Dorchester	21	1.5	Saluda	9	4.5
Edgefield	4	1.5	Spartanburg	102	3.6
Fairfield	3	1.3	Sumter	22	2.0
Florence	34	2.5	Union	6	2.1
Georgetown	16	2.7	Williamsburg	15	4.4
Greenville	164	3.6	York	85	3.8

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 RAPE RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Colleton	29	7.5
Marlboro	19	6.6
Oconee	43	5.8
Richland	180	4.7
Horry	123	4.6
Saluda	9	4.5
Laurens	29	4.4
Williamsburg	15	4.4
Darlington	29	4.2
Clarendon	14	4.0
Chester	13	3.9
York	85	3.8
Bamberg	6	3.8
Anderson	69	3.7
Greenville	164	3.6
Jasper	9	3.6
Spartanburg	102	3.6
Aiken	54	3.4
Greenwood	23	3.3
Pickens	39	3.3
Charleston	110	3.1
Barnwell	7	3.1
Lexington	81	3.1
Berkeley	54	3.0
Lancaster	23	3.0
Chesterfield	13	2.8
Abbeville	7	2.8
Georgetown	16	2.7
Kershaw	16	2.6
Orangeburg	23	2.5
Florence	34	2.5
Dillon	7	2.2
Newberry	8	2.1
Lee	4	2.1
Union	6	2.1
Sumter	22	2.0
McCormick	2	2.0
Marion	6	1.8
Beaufort	27	1.7
Dorchester	21	1.5
Edgefield	4	1.5
Calhoun	2	1.3
Fairfield	3	1.3
Hampton	2	0.9
Cherokee	5	0.9
Allendale	0	0.0

South Carolina's robbery rate decreased 14.7% from 2009 to 2010. Since 1975 the robbery rate has decreased 2%.

ROBBERY: Robbery is the taking or attempted taking of anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or the threat of force, by violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

ROBBERY

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	5,739	12.58
2010	4,963	10.73
% Change	-13.5%	-14.7%
10 Year		
2001	5,961	14.68
2010	4,963	10.73
% Change	-16.7%	-26.9%
20 Year		
1991	6,097	17.14
2010	4,963	10.73
% Change	-18.6%	-37.4%
Overall		
1975	3,087	10.95
2010	4,963	10.73
% Change	+60.8%	-2.0%

South Carolina Robbery Rate

Rate per 10,000

Year

Weapon Use in South Carolina Robberies

■ 2010 ■ 2001

Blunt object
- 4.0%
- 3.1%

Unknown
- 5.2%
- 3.7%

Knife
- 8.4%
- 7.0%

Hands/Feet
- 32.1%
- 28.2%

Firearms
- 47.9%
- 55.8%
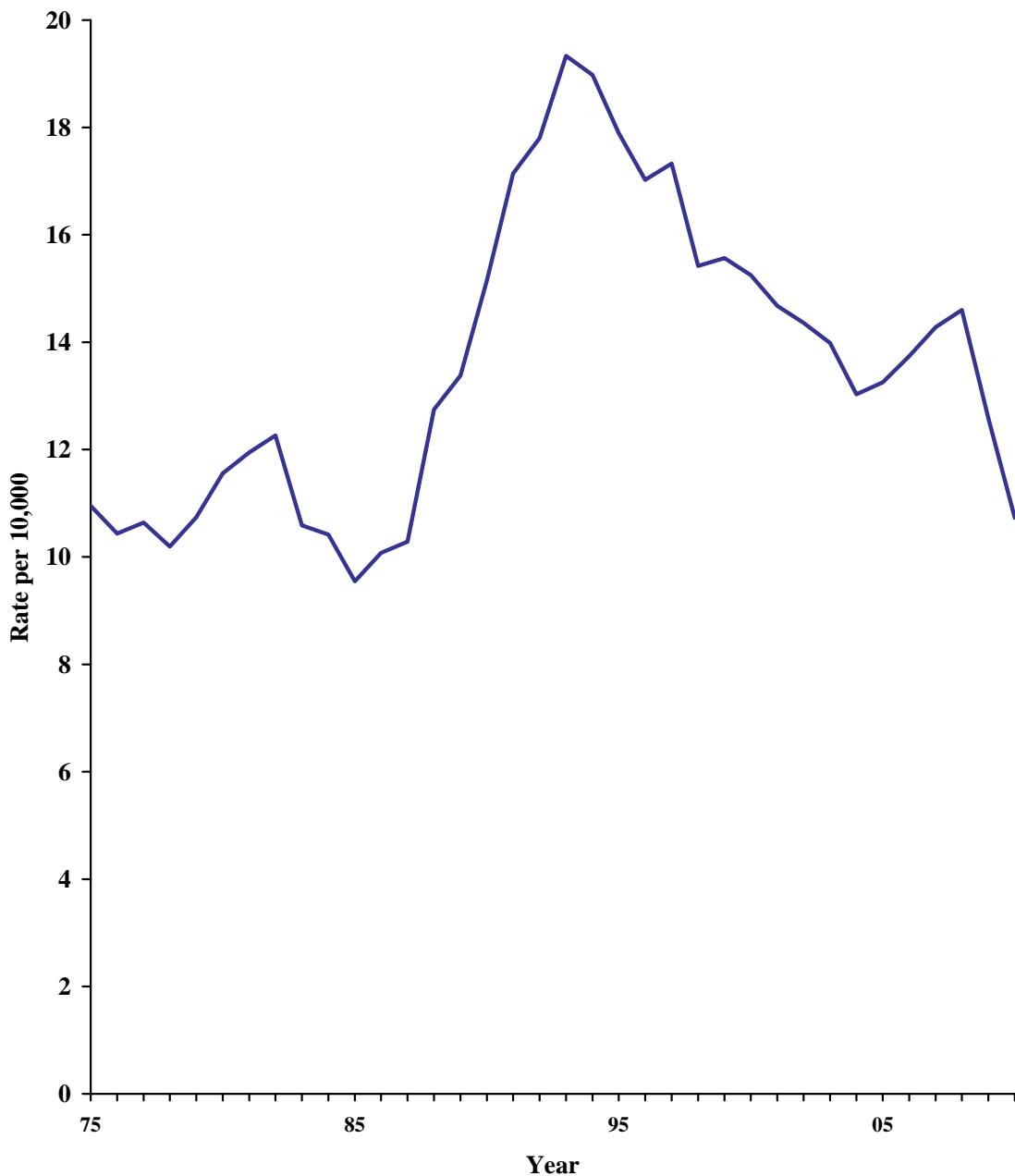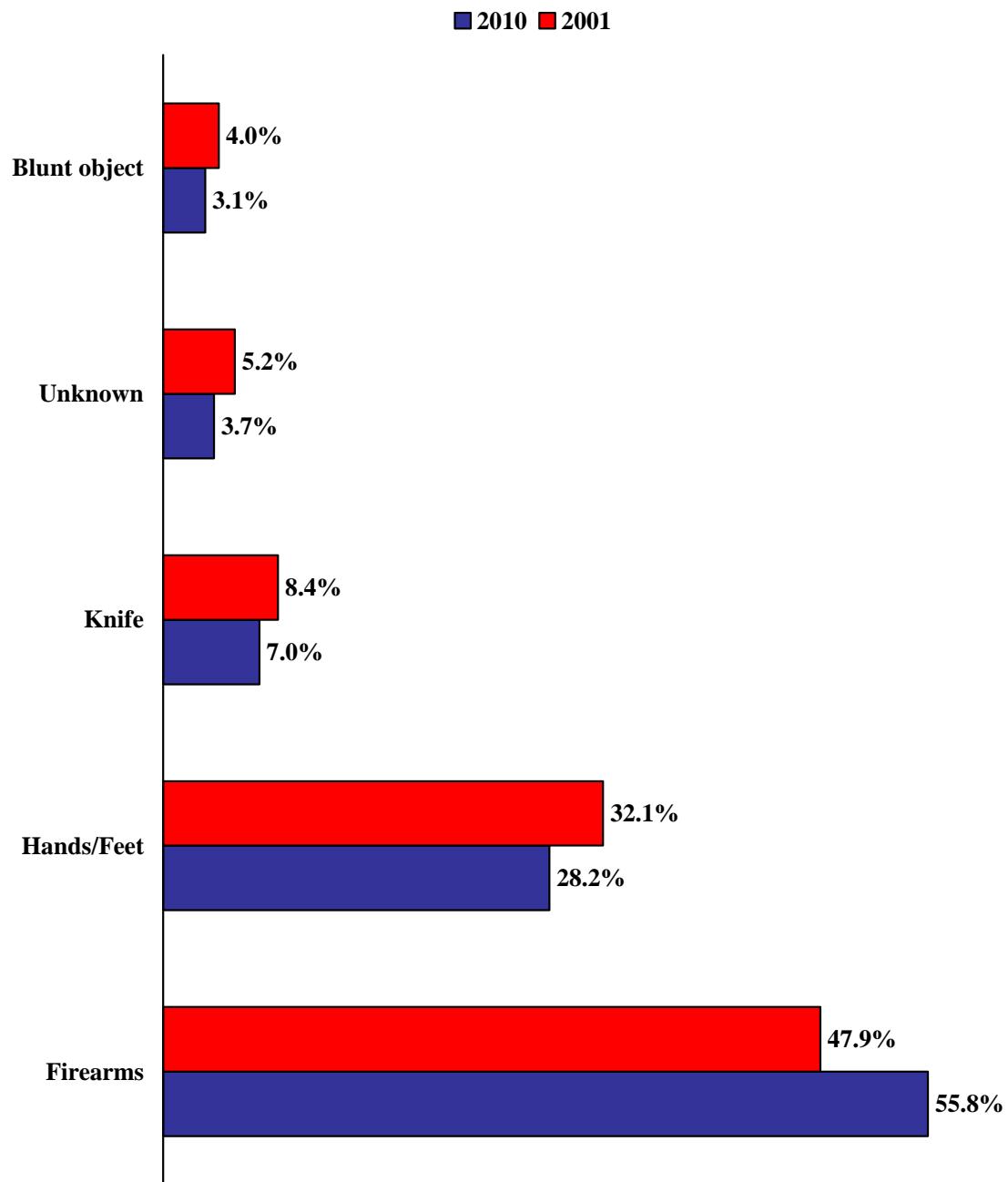
South Carolina Robberies by Location

■ 2010 ■ 2001

Other
- 11.2%
- 10.6%

Parking lot
- 5.8%
- 10.7%

Service/Conv. Store
- 13.6%
- 12.6%

Commercial
- 23.4%
- 15.3%

Highways
- 24.1%
- 23.0%

Residences
- 21.9%
- 27.7%
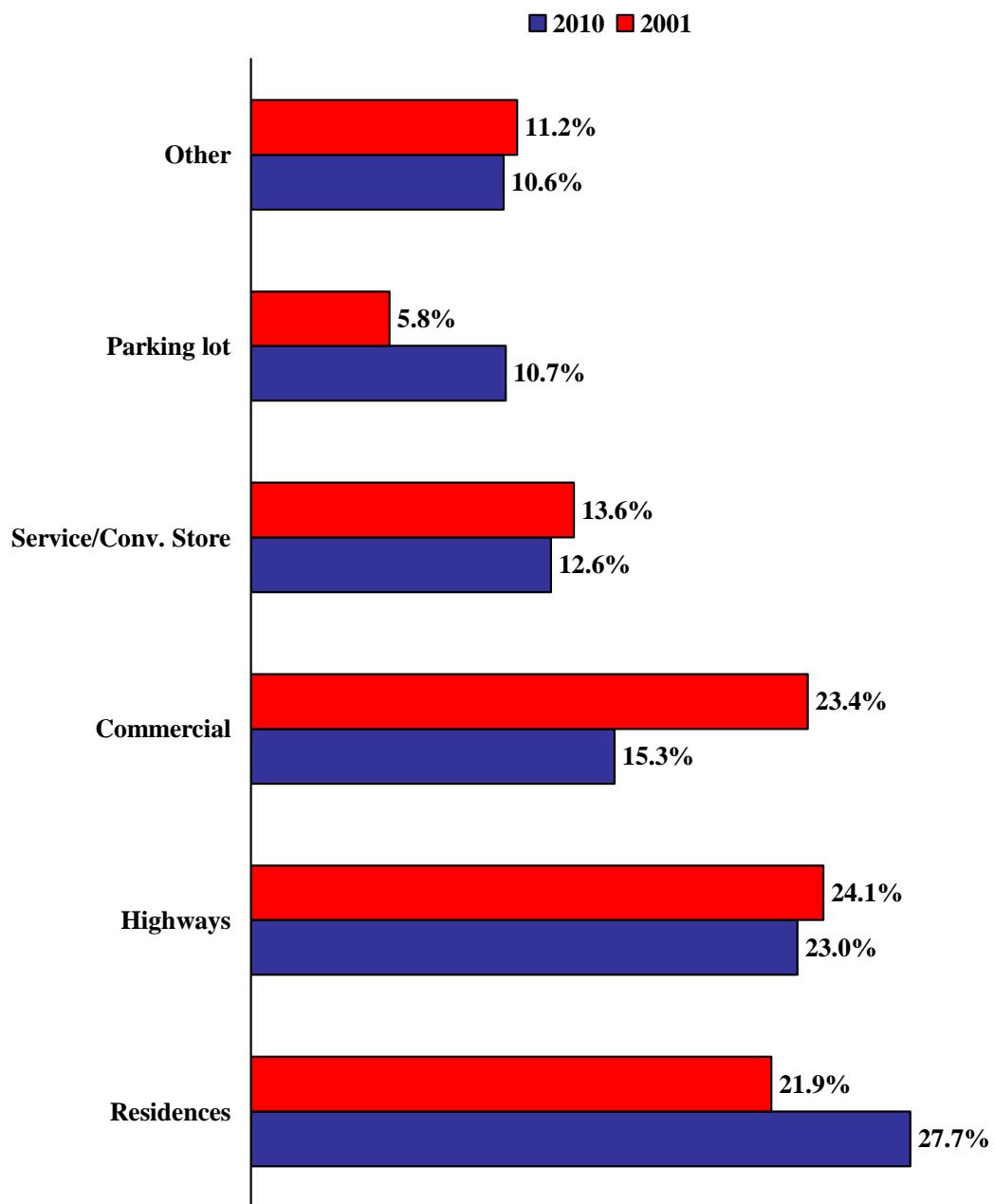
The state robbery rate has been lower than the national robbery rate each of the last two years.

STATE & U.S. ROBBERY RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	11.0	21.8
1976	10.4	19.6
1977	10.6	18.7
1978	10.2	19.1
1979	10.7	21.2
1980	11.6	24.4
1981	11.9	25.1
1982	12.3	23.2
1983	10.6	21.4
1984	10.4	20.5
1985	9.5	20.9
1986	10.1	22.5
1987	10.3	21.3
1988	12.7	22.1
1989	13.4	23.3
1990	15.2	25.7
1991	17.1	27.3
1992	17.8	26.4
1993	19.3	25.6
1994	19.0	23.8
1995	17.9	22.1
1996	17.0	20.2
1997	17.3	18.6
1998	15.4	16.5
1999	15.6	15.0
2000	15.2	14.5
2001	14.7	14.9
2002	14.4	14.6
2003	14.0	14.2
2004	13.0	13.7
2005	13.3	14.1
2006	13.7	14.9
2007	14.3	14.8
2008	14.6	14.5
2009	12.6	13.3
2010	10.7	11.9

State and National Robbery Rates
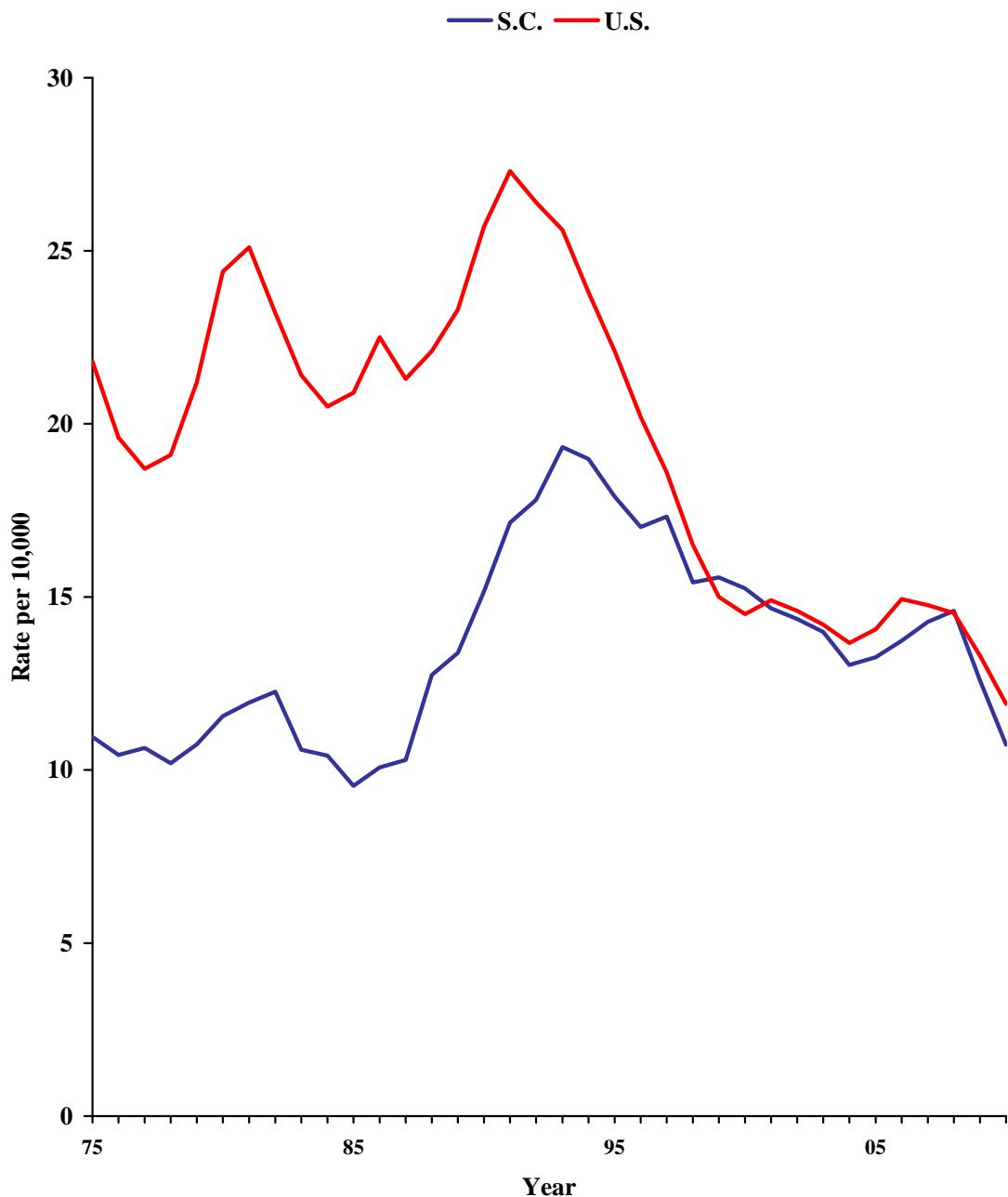
ROBBERY BY COUNTY
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	6	2.4	Greenwood	53	7.6
Aiken	131	8.2	Hampton	17	8.1
Allendale	7	6.7	Horry	425	15.8
Anderson	149	8.0	Jasper	36	14.5
Bamberg	18	11.3	Kershaw	32	5.2
Barnwell	22	9.7	Lancaster	74	9.7
Beaufort	144	8.9	Laurens	54	8.1
Berkeley	128	7.2	Lee	9	4.7
Calhoun	6	4.0	Lexington	182	6.9
Charleston	575	16.4	McCormick	5	4.9
Cherokee	37	6.7	Marion	56	16.9
Chester	39	11.8	Marlboro	39	13.5
Chesterfield	21	4.5	Newberry	26	6.9
Clarendon	24	6.9	Oconee	19	2.6
Colleton	48	12.3	Orangeburg	171	18.5
Darlington	107	15.6	Pickens	35	2.9
Dillon	67	20.9	Richland	685	17.8
Dorchester	126	9.2	Saluda	0	0.0
Edgefield	8	3.0	Spartanburg	269	9.5
Fairfield	16	6.7	Sumter	114	10.6
Florence	196	14.3	Union	25	8.6
Georgetown	37	6.2	Williamsburg	43	12.5
Greenville	523	11.6	York	159	7.0

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 ROBBERY RATE

| County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Dillon	67	20.9
Orangeburg	171	18.5
Richland	685	17.8
Marion	56	16.9
Charleston	575	16.4
Horry	425	15.8
Darlington	107	15.6
Jasper	36	14.5
Florence	196	14.3
Marlboro	39	13.5
Williamsburg	43	12.5
Colleton	48	12.3
Chester	39	11.8
Greenville	523	11.6
Bamberg	18	11.3
Sumter	114	10.6
Barnwell	22	9.7
Lancaster	74	9.7
Spartanburg	269	9.5
Dorchester	126	9.2
Beaufort	144	8.9
Union	25	8.6
Aiken	131	8.2
Laurens	54	8.1
Hampton	17	8.1
Anderson	149	8.0
Greenwood	53	7.6
Berkeley	128	7.2
York	159	7.0
Lexington	182	6.9
Newberry	26	6.9
Clarendon	24	6.9
Allendale	7	6.7
Cherokee	37	6.7
Fairfield	16	6.7
Georgetown	37	6.2
Kershaw	32	5.2
McCormick	5	4.9
Lee	9	4.7
Chesterfield	21	4.5
Calhoun	6	4.0
Edgefield	8	3.0
Pickens	35	2.9
Oconee	19	2.6
Abbeville	6	2.4
Saluda	0	0.0

South Carolina's aggravated assault rate decreased 8.7% from 2009 to 2010, but has increased 28.9% from 1975 to 2010.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury. This assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Attempts are also included.

<div align="center">

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

</div>

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	23,127	50.70
2010	21,413	46.29
% Change	-7.4%	-8.7%
10 Year		
2001	24,855	61.19
2010	21,413	46.29
% Change	-13.8%	-24.4%
20 Year		
1991	26,116	73.42
2010	21,413	46.29
% Change	-18.0%	-37.0%
Overall		
1975	10,123	35.92
2010	21,413	46.29
% Change	+111.5%	+28.9%

South Carolina Aggravated Assault Rate

Weapon Use in South Carolina Aggravated Assaults

■ 2010 ■ 2001

Motor vehicle
- 5.6% (2001)
- 6.0% (2010)

Other
- 6.5% (2001)
- 7.4% (2010)

Blunt object
- 18.4% (2001)
- 13.7% (2010)

Knife
- 18.9% (2001)
- 16.1% (2010)

Firearms
- 19.7% (2001)
- 23.3% (2010)

Hands/Feet
- 29.7% (2001)
- 32.2% (2010)
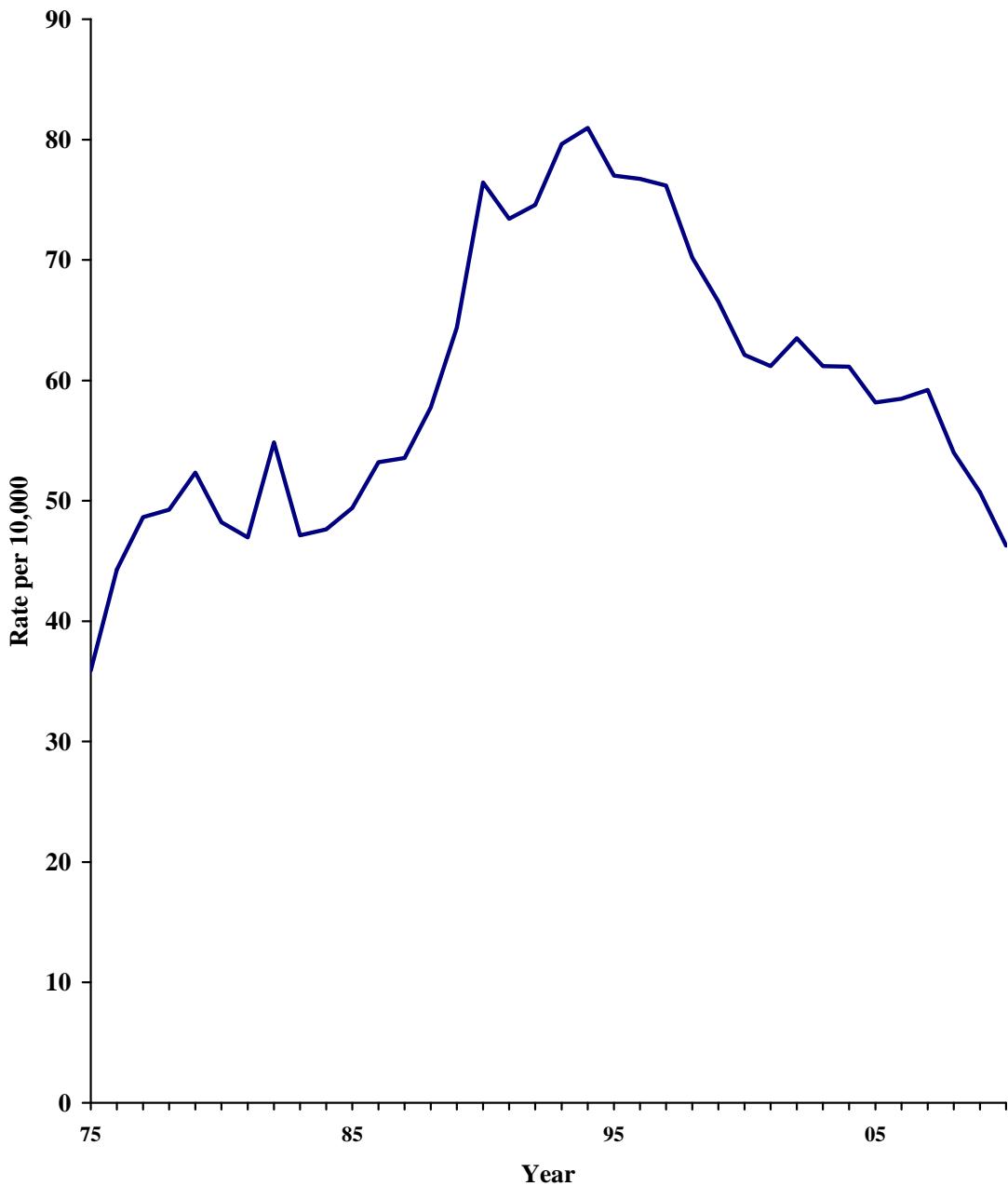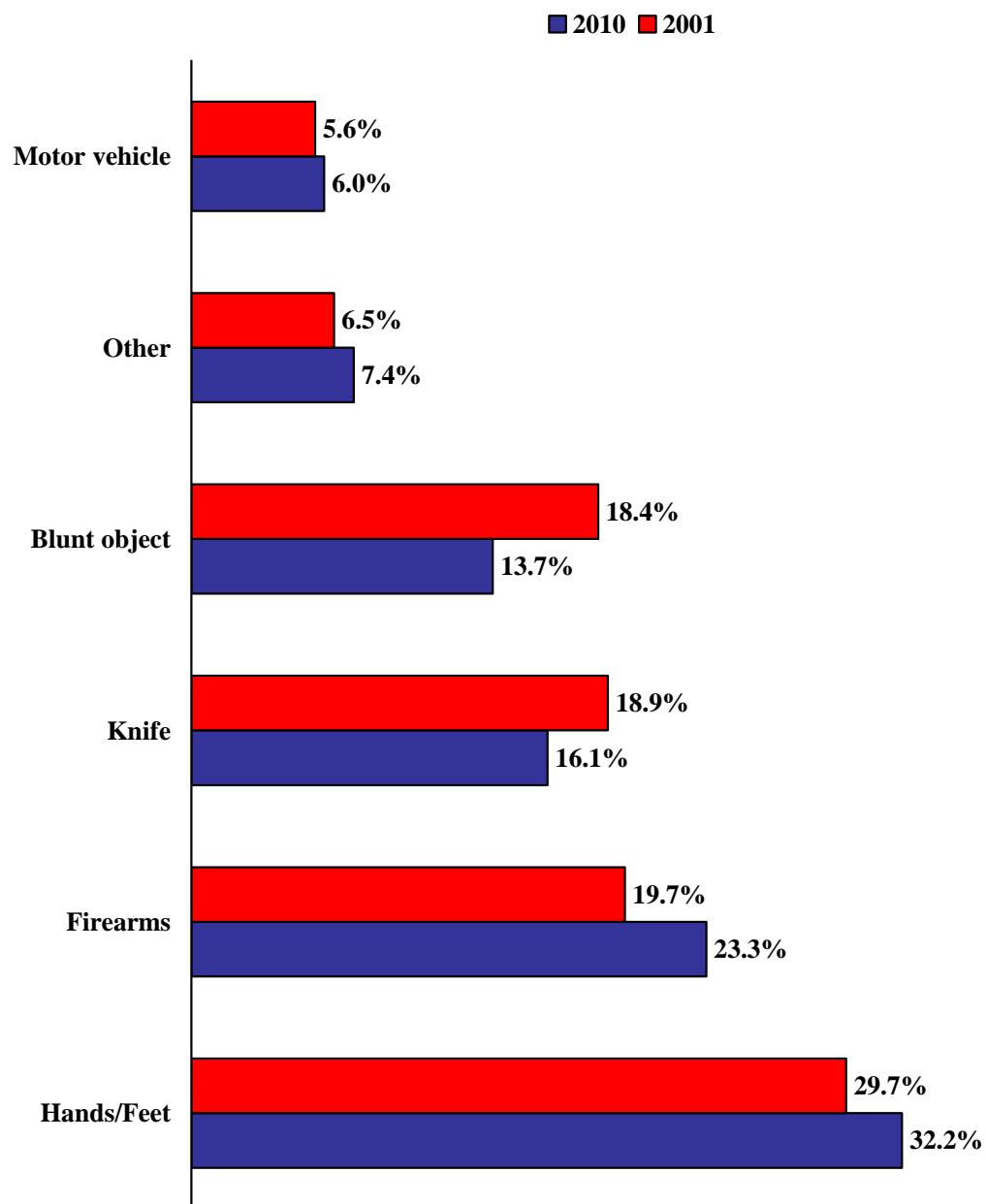
Relationship of Victims to Offenders in South Carolina Aggravated Assaults

■ 2010 ■ 2001

Stranger
- 13.2%
- 12.5%

Family
- 14.2%
- 13.6%

Intimate
- 24.8%
- 24.5%

Acquaintance
- 39.3%
- 38.9%
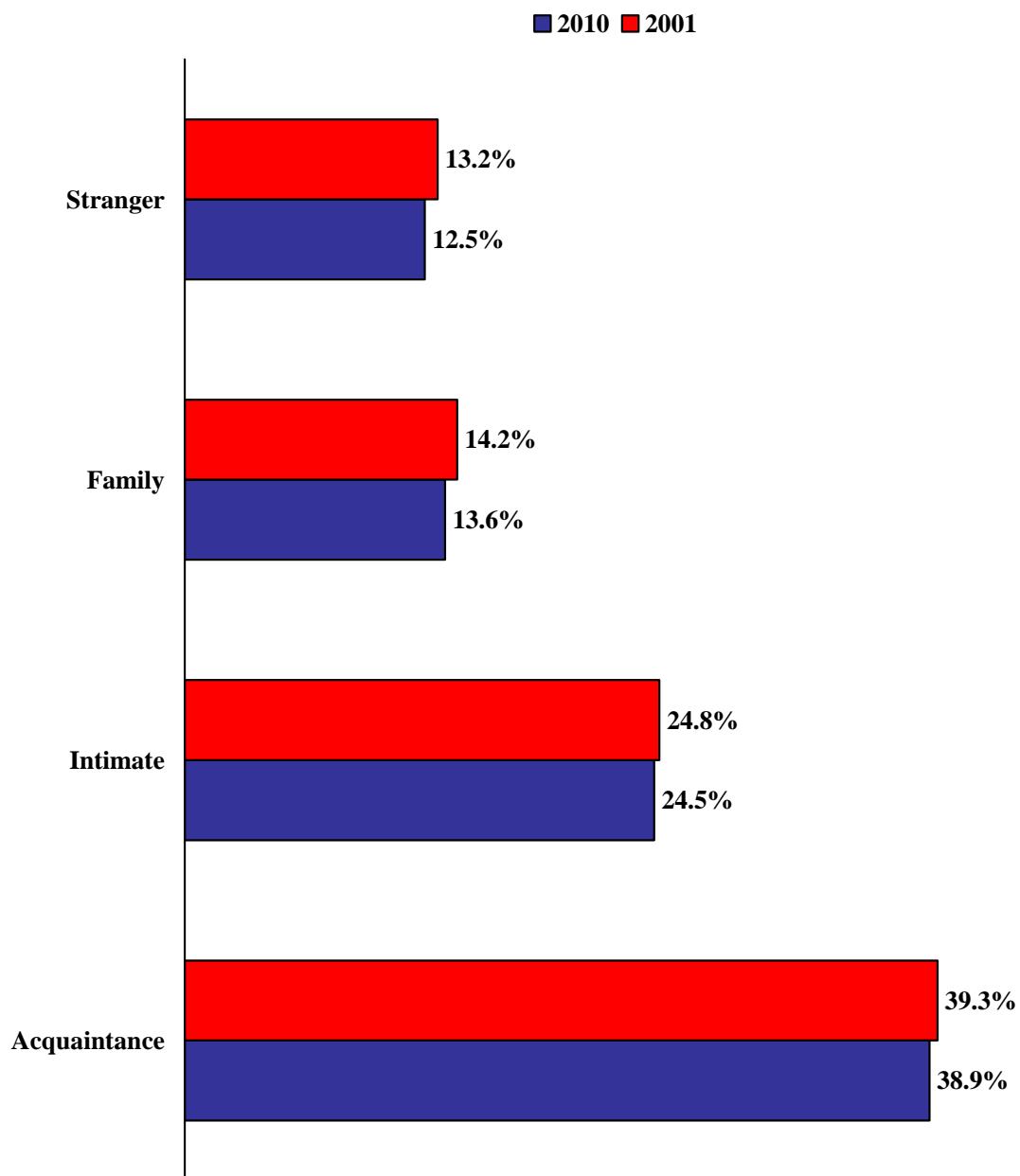
South Carolina's aggravated assault rate has exceeded the national rate every year since 1975.

STATE & U.S. AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATES

| Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	35.9	22.7
1976	44.3	22.9
1977	48.7	24.2
1978	49.3	25.6
1979	52.3	27.9
1980	48.2	29.1
1981	47.0	28.1
1982	54.9	28.1
1983	47.1	27.3
1984	47.6	29.0
1985	49.4	30.3
1986	53.2	34.6
1987	53.6	35.1
1988	57.8	37.0
1989	64.4	38.3
1990	76.5	42.4
1991	73.4	43.3
1992	74.6	44.2
1993	79.6	44.0
1994	81.0	43.0
1995	77.0	41.8
1996	76.7	38.8
1997	76.2	38.2
1998	70.2	36.1
1999	66.6	33.6
2000	62.1	32.4
2001	61.2	31.9
2002	63.5	31.0
2003	61.2	29.5
2004	61.1	28.9
2005	58.2	29.1
2006	58.2	28.8
2007	59.2	28.4
2008	54.0	27.5
2009	50.7	26.3
2010	46.3	25.2

.

State and National Aggravated Assault Rates
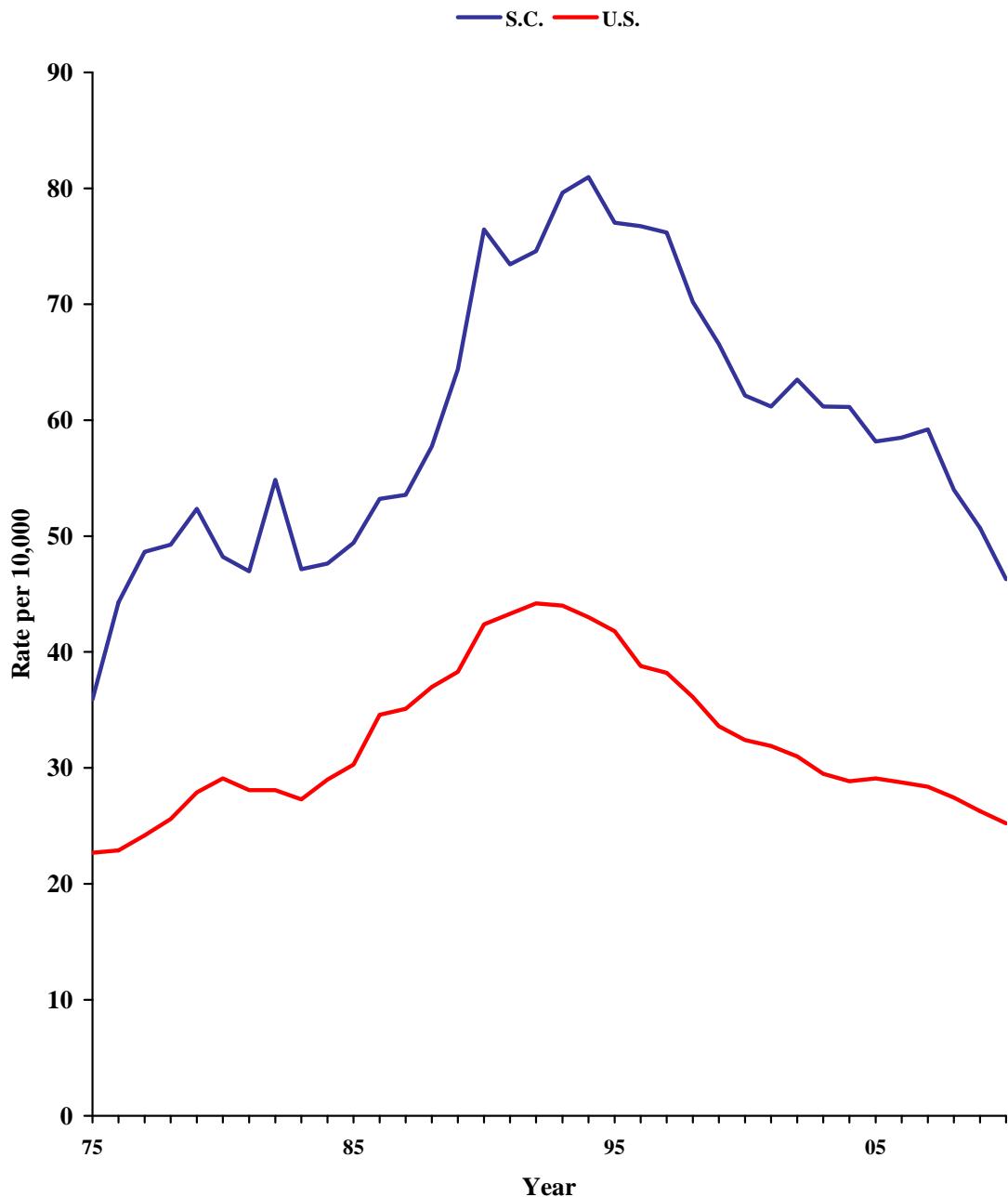
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT BY COUNTY
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	100	39.3	Greenwood	660	94.7
Aiken	400	25.0	Hampton	137	65.0
Allendale	116	111.3	Horry	1,233	45.8
Anderson	892	47.7	Jasper	70	28.3
Bamberg	86	53.8	Kershaw	217	35.2
Barnwell	141	62.3	Lancaster	311	40.6
Beaufort	749	46.2	Laurens	362	54.4
Berkeley	652	36.7	Lee	89	46.3
Calhoun	59	38.9	Lexington	708	27.0
Charleston	1,367	39.0	McCormick	41	40.1
Cherokee	174	31.4	Marion	244	73.8
Chester	229	69.1	Marlboro	283	97.8
Chesterfield	210	44.9	Newberry	100	26.7
Clarendon	150	42.9	Oconee	325	43.8
Colleton	226	58.1	Orangeburg	338	36.5
Darlington	442	64.4	Pickens	341	28.6
Dillon	333	103.9	Richland	2,931	76.2
Dorchester	408	29.9	Saluda	95	47.8
Edgefield	43	15.9	Spartanburg	1,061	37.3
Fairfield	200	83.5	Sumter	802	74.6
Florence	546	39.9	Union	197	68.0
Georgetown	303	50.4	Williamsburg	125	36.3
Greenville	1,912	42.4	York	1,005	44.5

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 AGGRAVATED ASSAULT RATE

| County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Allendale	116	111.3
Dillon	333	103.9
Marlboro	283	97.8
Greenwood	660	94.7
Fairfield	200	83.5
Richland	2,931	76.2
Sumter	802	74.6
Marion	244	73.8
Chester	229	69.1
Union	197	68.0
Hampton	137	65.0
Darlington	442	64.4
Barnwell	141	62.3
Colleton	226	58.1
Laurens	362	54.4
Bamberg	86	53.8
Georgetown	303	50.4
Saluda	95	47.8
Anderson	892	47.7
Lee	89	46.3
Beaufort	749	46.2
Horry	1,233	45.8
Chesterfield	210	44.9
Oconee	325	43.8
Clarendon	150	42.9
Greenville	1,912	42.4
Lancaster	311	40.6
McCormick	41	40.1
Florence	546	39.9
Abbeville	100	39.3
Charleston	1,367	39.0
Calhoun	59	38.9
Spartanburg	1,061	37.3
Berkeley	652	36.7
Orangeburg	338	36.5
Williamsburg	125	36.3
Kershaw	217	35.2
Cherokee	174	31.4
Dorchester	408	29.9
Pickens	341	28.6
Jasper	70	28.3
Lexington	708	27.0
Newberry	100	26.7
Aiken	400	25.0
Edgefield	43	15.9

South Carolina's property crime rate decreased less than 1% from 2009 to 2010. From 1975 to 2010 the property crime rate decreased 2.3%.

PROPERTY CRIME: Property crimes include the offenses of breaking or entering, larceny, and motor vehicle theft.

PROPERTY CRIME

| Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	177,928	390.09
2010	179,609	388.31
% Change	+0.9%	-0.5%
10 Year		
2001	183,393	451.48
2010	179,609	388.31
% Change	-2.1%	-14.0%
20 Year		
1991	185,807	522.37
2010	179,609	388.31
% Change	-3.3%	-25.7%
Overall		
1975	111,963	397.27
2010	179,609	388.31
% Change	+60.4%	-2.3%

South Carolina Property Crime Rate
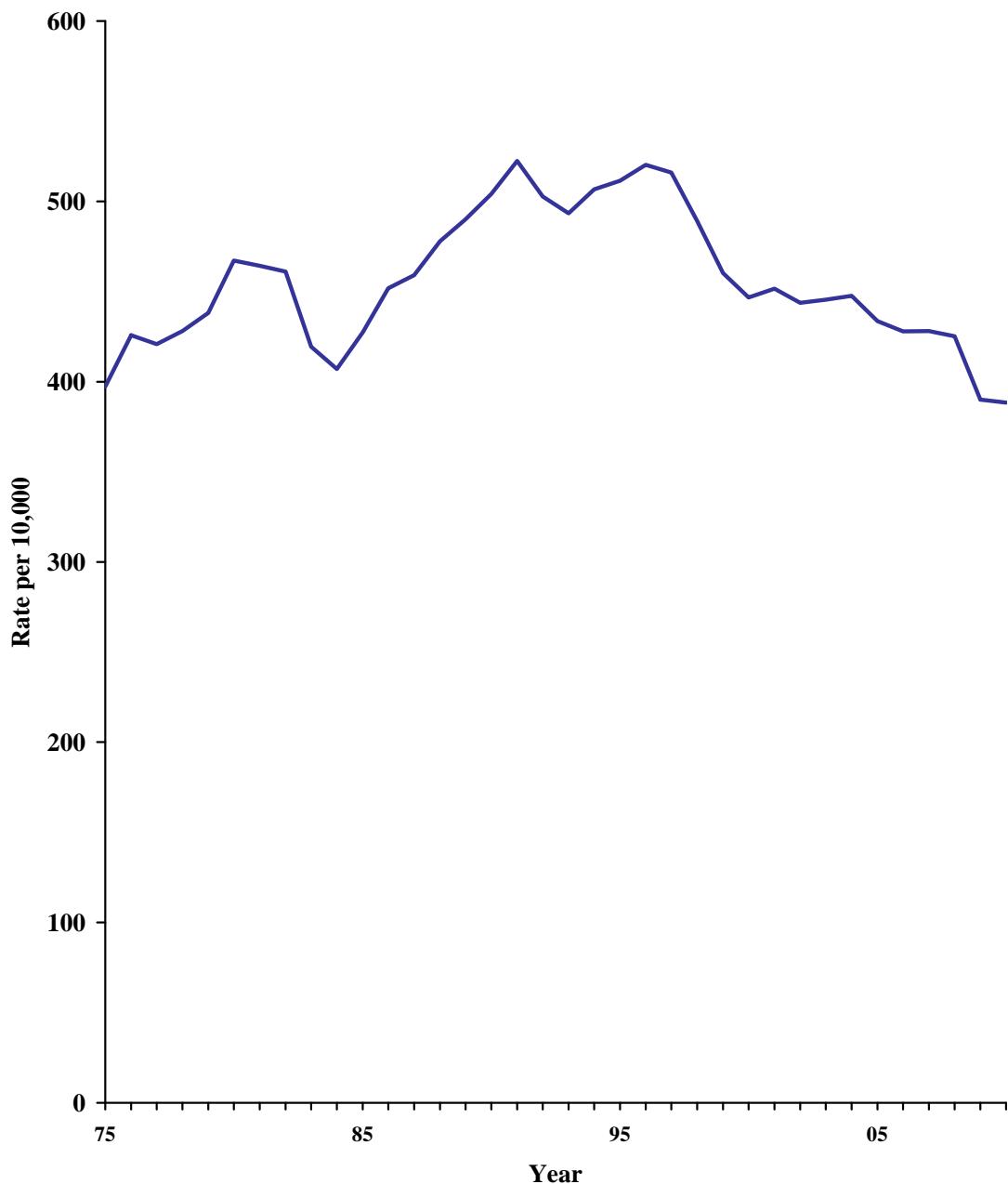
South Carolina's property crime rate has exceeded the national property crime rate since 1991.

STATE & U.S. PROPERTY CRIME RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	397.3	480.0
1976	425.7	480.7
1977	420.8	458.8
1978	428.0	462.2
1979	438.1	498.6
1980	467.1	531.9
1981	464.3	522.3
1982	461.1	499.8
1983	419.3	463.0
1984	407.1	449.2
1985	427.2	465.1
1986	451.8	486.3
1987	459.0	494.0
1988	477.9	502.7
1989	490.0	508.1
1990	504.0	508.9
1991	522.4	514.0
1992	502.7	490.3
1993	493.3	473.7
1994	506.6	465.8
1995	511.4	459.1
1996	520.3	444.5
1997	515.9	431.2
1998	489.1	404.9
1999	460.2	374.2
2000	446.7	361.8
2001	451.5	365.8
2002	443.7	362.4
2003	445.4	358.8
2004	447.6	351.4
2005	433.5	343.0
2006	423.6	333.5
2007	428.0	326.4
2008	425.2	321.3
2009	390.1	303.6
2010	388.3	294.2

State and National Property Crime Rates
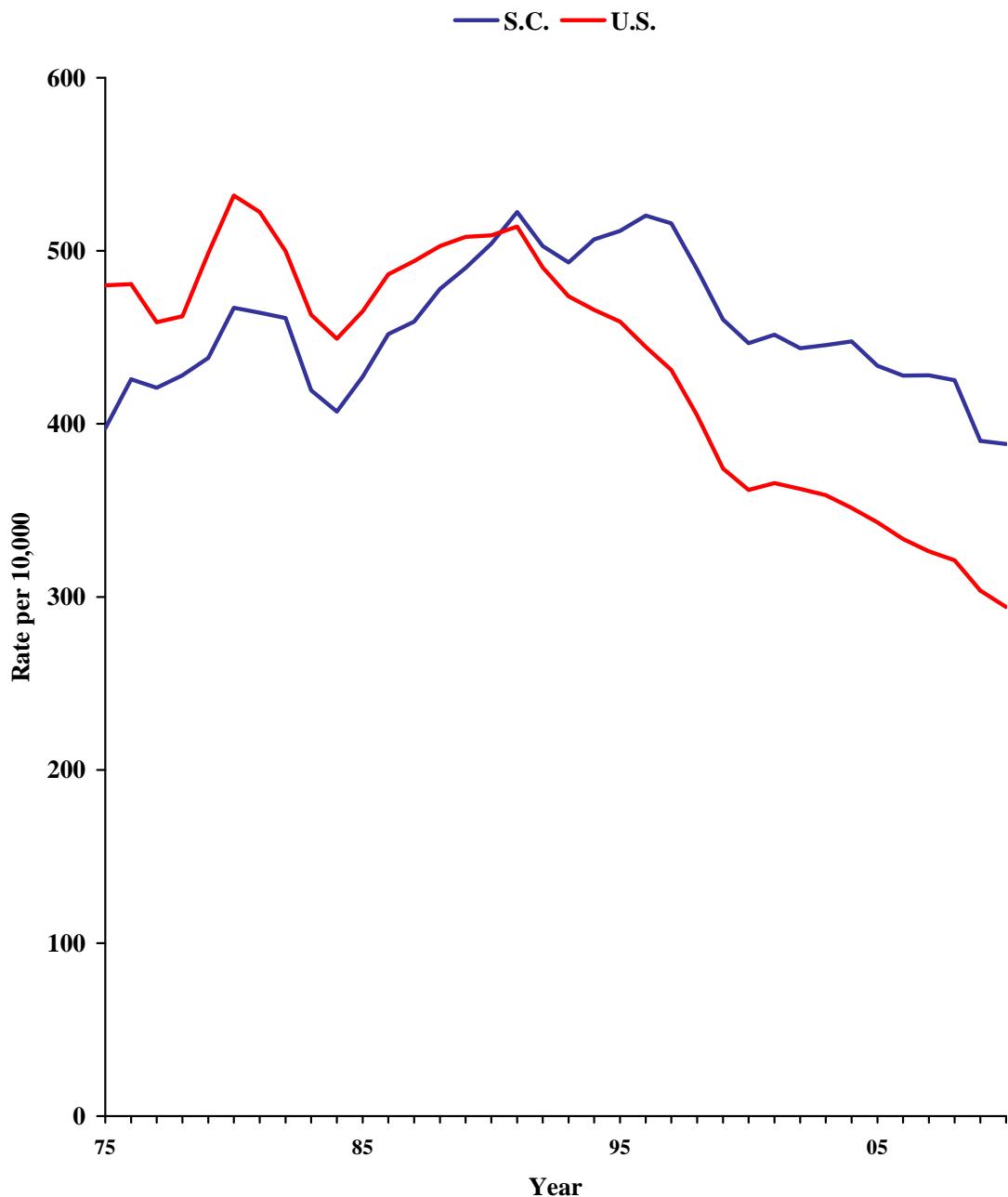
PROPERTY CRIME BY COUNTY
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	587	230.9	Greenwood	3,572	512.8
Aiken	6,156	384.5	Hampton	610	289.2
Allendale	386	370.5	Horry	15,507	575.8
Anderson	8,833	472.0	Jasper	1,058	427.0
Bamberg	622	389.1	Kershaw	1,996	323.5
Barnwell	962	425.3	Lancaster	2,650	345.7
Beaufort	5,453	336.1	Laurens	2,391	359.3
Berkeley	5,212	293.1	Lee	807	419.9
Calhoun	393	259.0	Lexington	7,057	268.9
Charleston	14,444	412.4	McCormick	175	171.0
Cherokee	1,525	275.6	Marion	1,628	492.4
Chester	1,390	419.4	Marlboro	1,357	469.0
Chesterfield	1,441	308.3	Newberry	844	225.0
Clarendon	1,272	363.7	Oconee	1,985	267.3
Colleton	2,099	539.7	Orangeburg	4,817	520.8
Darlington	3,186	463.9	Pickens	4,266	357.8
Dillon	2,077	647.8	Richland	18,996	494.0
Dorchester	4,313	315.8	Saluda	330	166.0
Edgefield	564	209.0	Spartanburg	10,121	356.0
Fairfield	966	403.2	Sumter	3,901	363.0
Florence	6,433	470.0	Union	1,004	346.7
Georgetown	2,465	409.8	Williamsburg	1,210	351.5
Greenville	16,164	358.2	York	6,384	282.4

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 PROPERTY CRIME RATE

| County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Dillon	2,077	647.8
Horry	15,507	575.8
Colleton	2,099	539.7
Orangeburg	4,817	520.8
Greenwood	3,572	512.8
Richland	18,996	494.0
Marion	1,628	492.4
Anderson	8,833	472.0
Florence	6,433	470.0
Marlboro	1,357	469.0
Darlington	3,186	463.9
Jasper	1,058	427.0
Barnwell	962	425.3
Lee	807	419.9
Chester	1,390	419.4
Charleston	14,444	412.4
Georgetown	2,465	409.8
Fairfield	966	403.2
Bamberg	622	389.1
Aiken	6,156	384.5
Allendale	386	370.5
Clarendon	1,272	363.7
Sumter	3,901	363.0
Laurens	2,391	359.3
Greenville	16,164	358.2
Pickens	4,266	357.8
Spartanburg	10,121	356.0
Williamsburg	1,210	351.5
Union	1,004	346.7
Lancaster	2,650	345.7
Beaufort	5,453	336.1
Kershaw	1,996	323.5
Dorchester	4,313	315.8
Chesterfield	1,441	308.3
Berkeley	5,212	293.1
Hampton	610	289.2
York	6,384	282.4
Cherokee	1,525	275.6
Lexington	7,057	268.9
Oconee	1,985	267.3
Calhoun	393	259.0
Abbeville	587	230.9
Newberry	844	225.0
Edgefield	564	209.0
McCormick	175	171.0
Saluda	330	166.0

South Carolina's breaking or entering rate increased less than 1% from 2009 to 2010. Since 1975, the breaking or entering rate has decreased 39.7%.

BREAKING OR ENTERING: Breaking or entering is the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. The use of force to gain entry is not required to classify an offense as breaking or entering.

BREAKING OR ENTERING

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	45,247	99.20
2010	46,012	99.48
% Change	+1.7%	+0.3%
10 Year		
2001	41,453	102.05
2010	46,012	99.48
% Change	+11.0%	-2.5%
20 Year		
1991	51,887	145.87
2010	46,012	99.48
% Change	-11.3%	-31.8%
Overall		
1975	46,476	164.91
2010	46,012	99.48
% Change	-1.0%	-39.7%

# South Carolina Breaking or Entering Rate
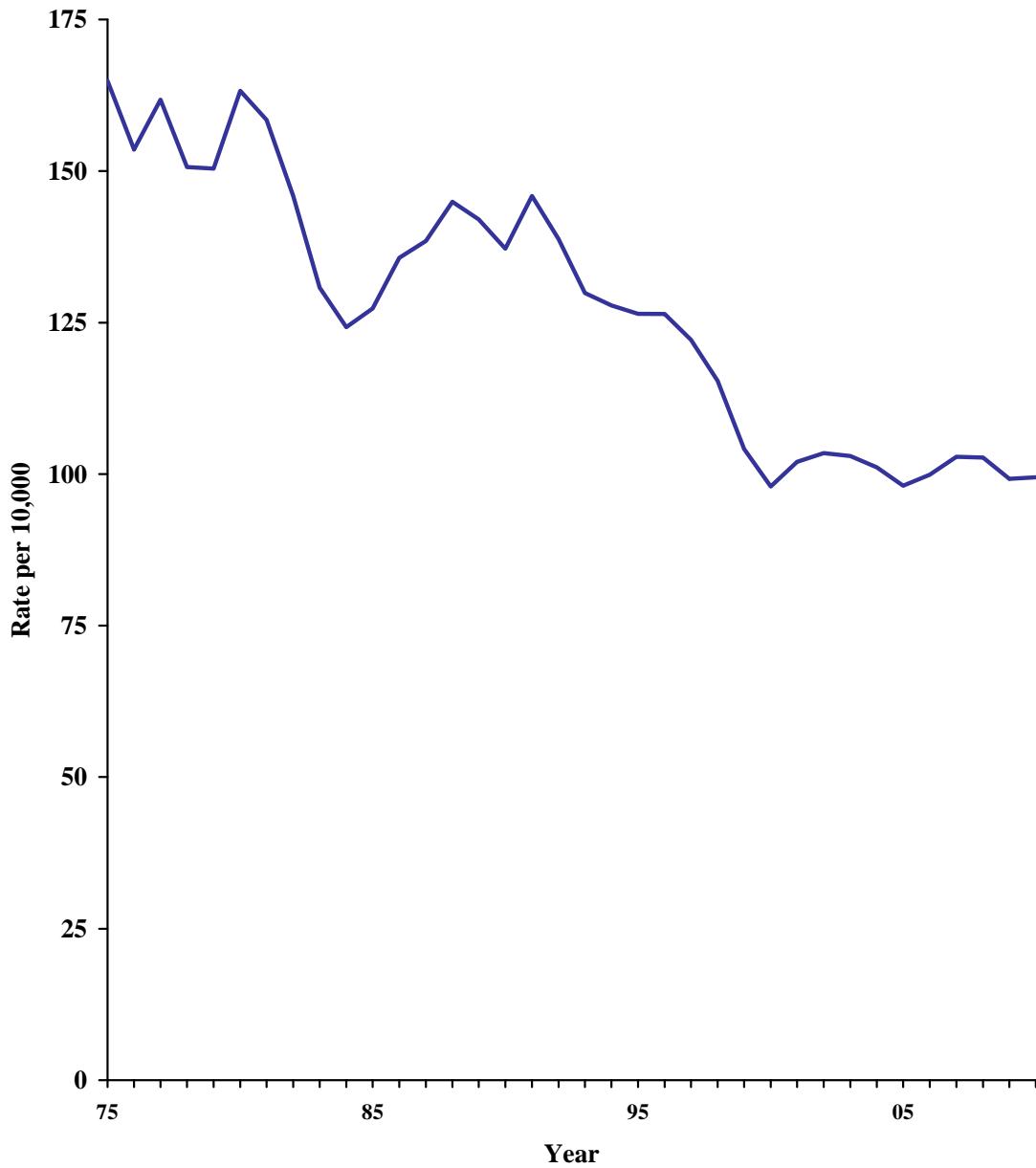
South Carolina's breaking or entering rate has exceeded the national rate since 1986.

STATE & U.S. BREAKING/ENTERING RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	164.9	152.6
1976	153.6	143.9
1977	161.8	141.1
1978	150.6	142.4
1979	150.4	149.9
1980	163.2	166.8
1981	158.4	163.2
1982	145.9	147.5
1983	130.7	133.4
1984	124.2	126.4
1985	127.3	128.7
1986	135.7	134.5
1987	138.5	133.0
1988	144.9	130.9
1989	142.0	127.6
1990	137.2	123.6
1991	145.9	125.2
1992	138.8	116.8
1993	129.9	109.9
1994	127.9	104.2
1995	126.5	98.7
1996	126.4	94.3
1997	122.2	92.0
1998	115.4	86.2
1999	104.2	77.0
2000	98.0	72.8
2001	102.1	74.2
2002	103.5	74.6
2003	103.0	74.1
2004	101.1	73.0
2005	98.1	72.7
2006	97.9	72.9
2007	102.9	72.3
2008	102.7	73.1
2009	99.2	71.6
2010	99.5	70.0

State and National Breaking or Entering Rates
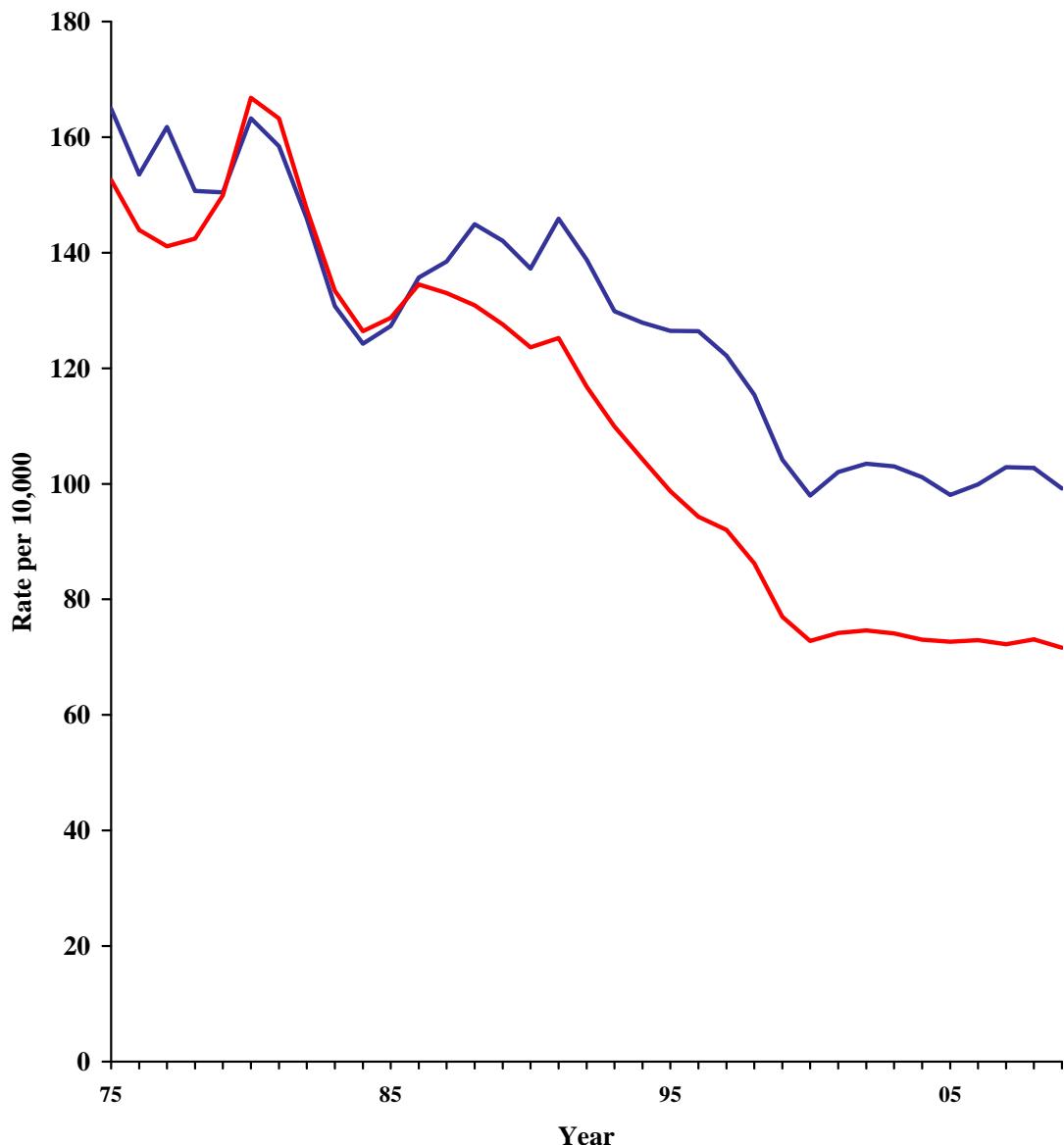
BREAKING & ENTERING BY COUNTY
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	132	51.9	Greenwood	830	119.1
Aiken	1,876	117.2	Hampton	193	91.5
Allendale	151	144.9	Horry	3,648	135.5
Anderson	2,442	130.5	Jasper	298	120.3
Bamberg	207	129.5	Kershaw	530	85.9
Barnwell	311	137.5	Lancaster	772	100.7
Beaufort	1,427	88.0	Laurens	726	109.1
Berkeley	1,307	73.5	Lee	306	159.2
Calhoun	121	79.7	Lexington	1,480	56.4
Charleston	2,620	74.8	McCormick	43	42.0
Cherokee	566	102.3	Marion	513	155.2
Chester	413	124.6	Marlboro	394	136.2
Chesterfield	340	72.8	Newberry	163	43.5
Clarendon	346	98.9	Oconee	588	79.2
Colleton	637	163.8	Orangeburg	1,521	164.4
Darlington	905	131.8	Pickens	993	83.3
Dillon	746	232.7	Richland	4,839	125.9
Dorchester	1,111	81.4	Saluda	101	50.8
Edgefield	184	68.2	Spartanburg	2,550	89.7
Fairfield	217	90.6	Sumter	1,395	129.8
Florence	1,547	113.0	Union	286	98.8
Georgetown	641	106.6	Williamsburg	364	105.7
Greenville	3,846	85.2	York	1,386	61.3

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 BREAKING & ENTERING RATE

| County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Dillon	746	232.7
Orangeburg	1,521	164.4
Colleton	637	163.8
Lee	306	159.2
Marion	513	155.2
Allendale	151	144.9
Barnwell	311	137.5
Marlboro	394	136.2
Horry	3,648	135.5
Darlington	905	131.8
Anderson	2,442	130.5
Sumter	1,395	129.8
Bamberg	207	129.5
Richland	4,839	125.9
Chester	413	124.6
Jasper	298	120.3
Greenwood	830	119.1
Aiken	1,876	117.2
Florence	1,547	113.0
Laurens	726	109.1
Georgetown	641	106.6
Williamsburg	364	105.7
Cherokee	566	102.3
Lancaster	772	100.7
Clarendon	346	98.9
Union	286	98.8
Hampton	193	91.5
Fairfield	217	90.6
Spartanburg	2,550	89.7
Beaufort	1,427	88.0
Kershaw	530	85.9
Greenville	3,846	85.2
Pickens	993	83.3
Dorchester	1,111	81.4
Calhoun	121	79.7
Oconee	588	79.2
Charleston	2,620	74.8
Berkeley	1,307	73.5
Chesterfield	340	72.8
Edgefield	184	68.2
York	1,386	61.3
Lexington	1,480	56.4
Abbeville	132	51.9
Saluda	101	50.8
Newberry	163	43.5
McCormick	43	42.0

South Carolina's larceny rate decreased less than 1% from 2009 to 2010, but has increased 25.3% since 1975.

LARCENY: Larceny is the unlawful taking of property from the possession of another. It includes shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse snatching, thefts from motor vehicles, thefts of motor vehicle parts, and accessories without force, violence or fraud. It does not include embezzlement, con games, forgery, bad checks or motor vehicle theft.

LARCENY

| Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	118,986	260.86
2010	120,150	259.76
% Change	+1.0%	-0.4%
10 Year		
2001	125,443	308.82
2010	120,150	259.76
% Change	-4.2%	-15.9%
20 Year		
1991	120,139	337.75
2010	120,150	259.76
% Change	<+0.1%	-23.1%
Overall		
1975	58,422	207.30
2010	120,150	259.76
% Change	+105.7%	+25.3%

South Carolina Larceny Rate
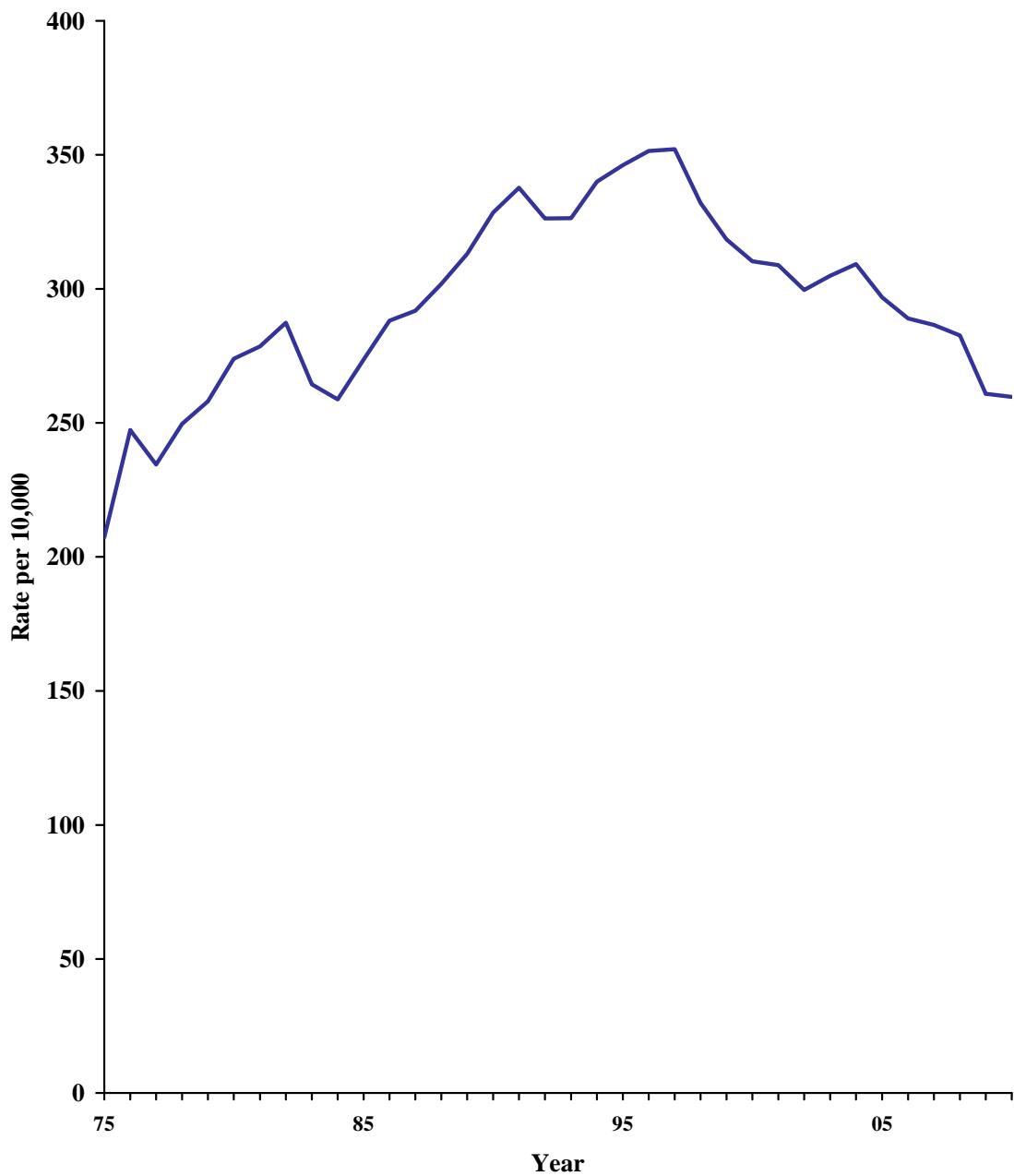
South Carolina's larceny rate has exceeded the national larceny rate each year since 1990.

STATE & U.S. LARCENY RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	207.3	280.5
1976	247.3	292.1
1977	234.4	273.0
1978	249.6	274.4
1979	258.0	298.8
1980	273.9	315.6
1981	278.5	312.2
1982	287.4	307.0
1983	264.3	286.7
1984	258.8	279.1
1985	273.6	290.1
1986	288.1	301.0
1987	291.9	308.1
1988	301.8	313.5
1989	313.0	317.0
1990	328.5	319.5
1991	337.8	322.9
1992	326.2	310.3
1993	326.4	303.2
1994	340.0	302.5
1995	346.1	304.4
1996	351.5	297.6
1997	352.1	288.7
1998	332.0	272.8
1999	318.4	255.1
2000	310.3	247.5
2001	308.8	248.6
2002	299.6	244.6
2003	304.9	241.5
2004	309.3	236.2
2005	296.8	228.6
2006	287.6	220.7
2007	286.5	217.8
2008	282.6	216.7
2009	260.9	206.1
2010	259.8	200.4

State and National Larceny Rates
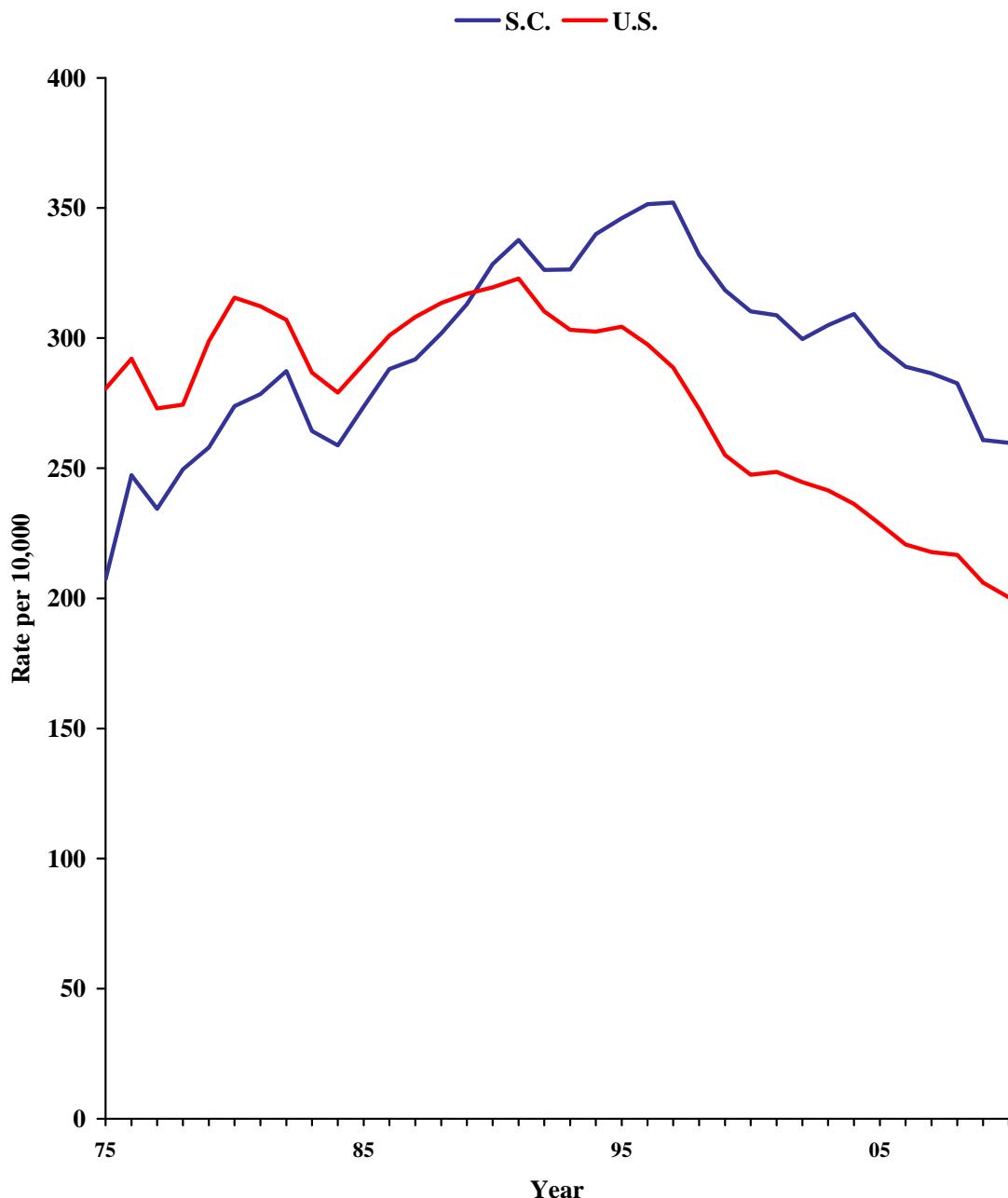
LARCENY BY COUNTY
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	418	164.5	Greenwood	2,580	370.4
Aiken	3,813	238.2	Hampton	383	181.6
Allendale	220	211.2	Horry	10,449	388.0
Anderson	5,687	303.9	Jasper	685	276.5
Bamberg	375	234.6	Kershaw	1,310	212.3
Barnwell	617	272.8	Lancaster	1,721	224.5
Beaufort	3,749	231.1	Laurens	1,475	221.7
Berkeley	3,411	191.8	Lee	446	232.0
Calhoun	221	145.6	Lexington	5,038	192.0
Charleston	10,742	306.7	McCormick	114	111.4
Cherokee	840	151.8	Marion	1,035	313.0
Chester	890	268.6	Marlboro	887	306.6
Chesterfield	1,029	220.2	Newberry	646	172.2
Clarendon	844	241.3	Oconee	1,231	165.7
Colleton	1,234	317.3	Orangeburg	2,739	296.1
Darlington	2,088	304.0	Pickens	2,971	249.2
Dillon	1,239	386.4	Richland	12,408	322.7
Dorchester	2,893	211.9	Saluda	204	102.6
Edgefield	334	123.8	Spartanburg	6,844	240.7
Fairfield	669	279.3	Sumter	2,255	209.9
Florence	4,543	331.9	Union	685	236.5
Georgetown	1,664	276.6	Williamsburg	725	210.6
Greenville	11,184	247.9	York	4,615	204.1

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 LARCENY RATE

| County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Horry	10,449	388.0
Dillon	1,239	386.4
Greenwood	2,580	370.4
Florence	4,543	331.9
Richland	12,408	322.7
Colleton	1,234	317.3
Marion	1,035	313.0
Charleston	10,742	306.7
Marlboro	887	306.6
Darlington	2,088	304.0
Anderson	5,687	303.9
Orangeburg	2,739	296.1
Fairfield	669	279.3
Georgetown	1,664	276.6
Jasper	685	276.5
Barnwell	617	272.8
Chester	890	268.6
Pickens	2,971	249.2
Greenville	11,184	247.9
Clarendon	844	241.3
Spartanburg	6,844	240.7
Aiken	3,813	238.2
Union	685	236.5
Bamberg	375	234.6
Lee	446	232.0
Beaufort	3,749	231.1
Lancaster	1,721	224.5
Laurens	1,475	221.7
Chesterfield	1,029	220.2
Kershaw	1,310	212.3
Dorchester	2,893	211.9
Allendale	220	211.2
Williamsburg	725	210.6
Sumter	2,255	209.9
York	4,615	204.1
Lexington	5,038	192.0
Berkeley	3,411	191.8
Hampton	383	181.6
Newberry	646	172.2
Oconee	1,231	165.7
Abbeville	418	164.5
Cherokee	840	151.8
Calhoun	221	145.6
Edgefield	334	123.8
McCormick	114	111.4
Saluda	204	102.6

South Carolina's motor vehicle theft rate decreased 3.2% from 2009 to 2010, but has increased 16% since 1975.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT: Motor vehicle theft is the stealing or attempted stealing of a motor vehicle; e.g., cars, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor-scooters, etc. This excludes the unauthorized temporary taking of motor vehicles by those having lawful access.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Trend	Number of Offenses	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	13,695	30.02
2010	13,447	29.07
% Change	-1.8%	-3.2%
10 Year		
2001	16,497	40.61
2010	13,447	29.07
% Change	-18.5%	-28.4%
20 Year		
1991	13,781	38.74
2010	13,447	29.07
% Change	-2.4%	-25.0%
Overall		
1975	7,065	25.07
2010	13,447	29.07
% Change	+90.3%	+16.0%

# South Carolina Motor Vehicle Theft Rate
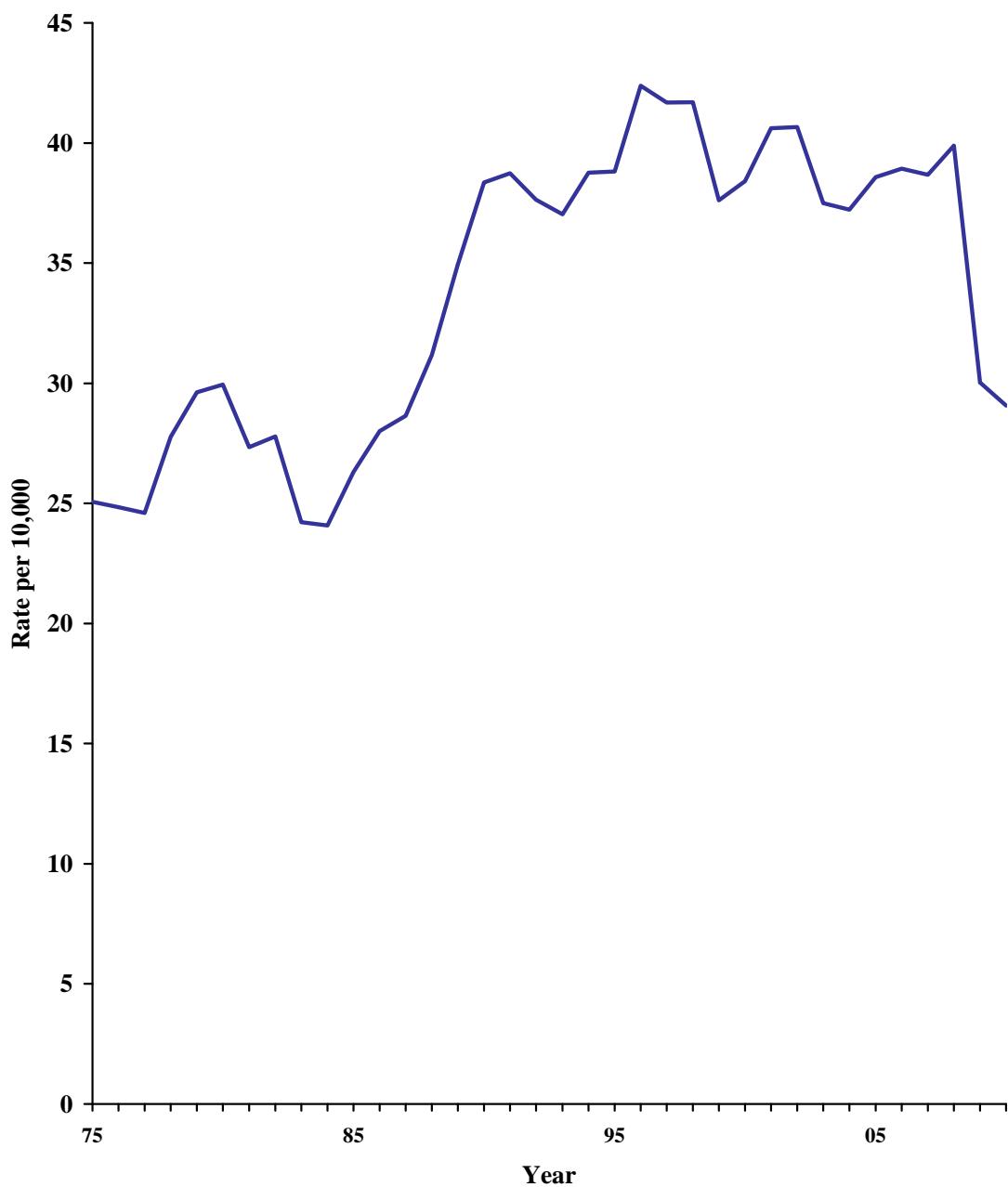
South Carolina's motor vehicle theft rate exceeded the national rate each of the last four years.

STATE & U.S. MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT RATES

Year	South Carolina	United States
1975	25.1	46.9
1976	24.8	44.8
1977	24.6	44.8
1978	27.8	45.5
1979	29.6	49.9
1980	29.9	49.5
1981	27.3	46.9
1982	27.8	45.3
1983	24.2	42.9
1984	24.1	43.7
1985	26.3	46.2
1986	28.0	50.8
1987	28.6	52.9
1988	31.2	58.3
1989	34.9	63.4
1990	38.4	65.8
1991	38.7	65.9
1992	37.6	63.2
1993	37.0	60.5
1994	38.8	59.1
1995	38.8	56.1
1996	42.4	52.6
1997	41.7	50.6
1998	41.7	45.9
1999	37.6	42.1
2000	38.4	41.4
2001	40.6	43.1
2002	40.7	43.2
2003	37.5	43.3
2004	37.2	42.2
2005	38.6	41.7
2006	38.1	38.1
2007	38.7	36.3
2008	39.9	31.5
2009	30.0	25.9
2010	29.1	23.9

State and National Motor Vehicle Theft Rates
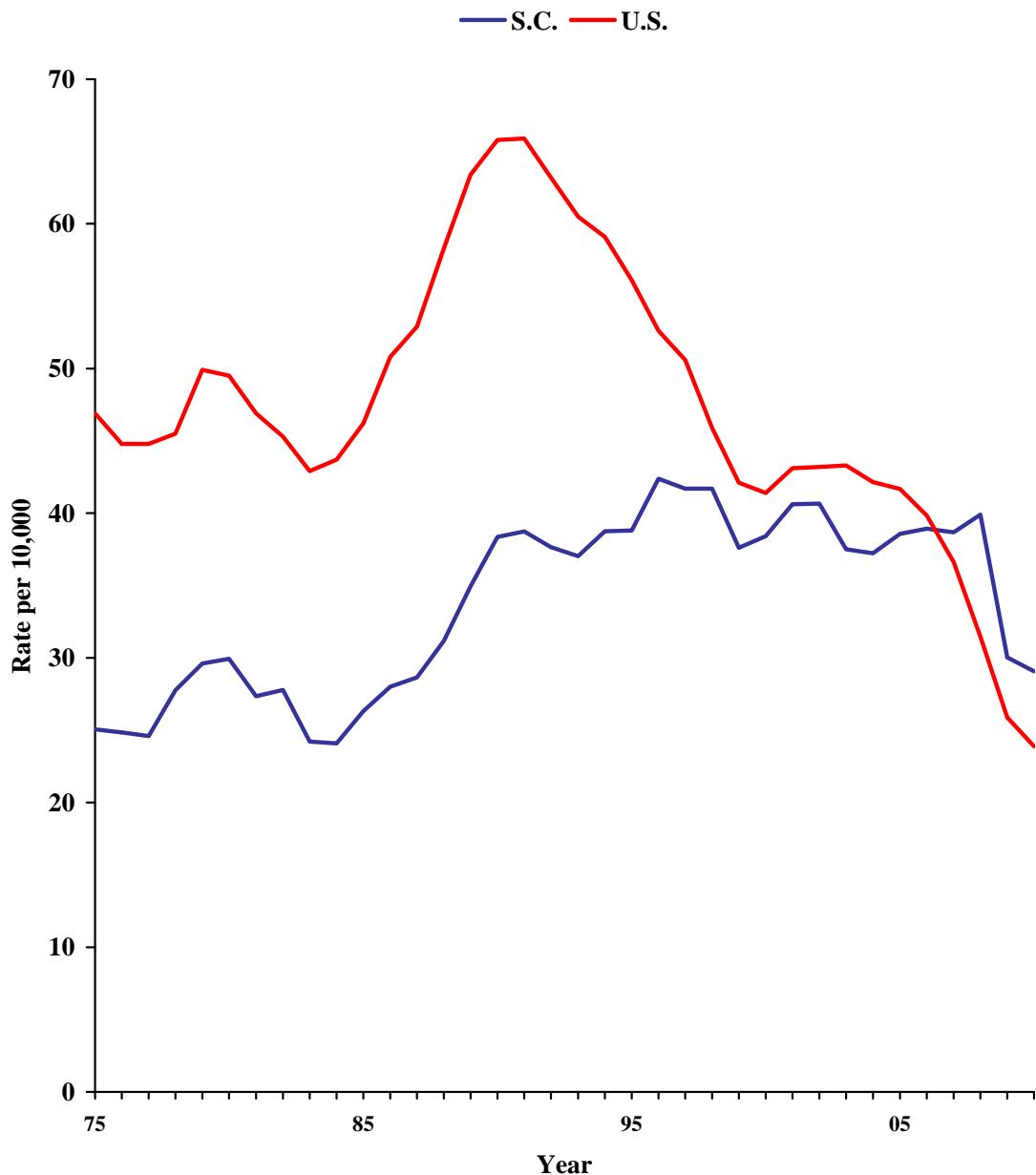
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT BY COUNTY
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	37	14.6	Greenwood	162	23.3
Aiken	467	29.2	Hampton	34	16.1
Allendale	15	14.4	Horry	1,410	52.4
Anderson	704	37.6	Jasper	75	30.3
Bamberg	40	25.0	Kershaw	156	25.3
Barnwell	34	15.0	Lancaster	157	20.5
Beaufort	277	17.1	Laurens	190	28.6
Berkeley	494	27.8	Lee	55	28.6
Calhoun	51	33.6	Lexington	539	20.5
Charleston	1,082	30.9	McCormick	18	17.6
Cherokee	119	21.5	Marion	80	24.2
Chester	87	26.3	Marlboro	76	26.3
Chesterfield	72	15.4	Newberry	35	9.3
Clarendon	82	23.4	Oconee	166	22.3
Colleton	228	58.6	Orangeburg	557	60.2
Darlington	193	28.1	Pickens	302	25.3
Dillon	92	28.7	Richland	1,749	45.5
Dorchester	309	22.6	Saluda	25	12.6
Edgefield	46	17.0	Spartanburg	727	25.6
Fairfield	80	33.4	Sumter	251	23.4
Florence	343	25.1	Union	33	11.4
Georgetown	160	26.6	Williamsburg	121	35.2
Greenville	1,134	25.1	York	383	16.9

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 MOTOR VEHICLE RATE

County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Orangeburg	557	60.2
Colleton	228	58.6
Horry	1,410	52.4
Richland	1,749	45.5
Anderson	704	37.6
Williamsburg	121	35.2
Calhoun	51	33.6
Fairfield	80	33.4
Charleston	1,082	30.9
Jasper	75	30.3
Aiken	467	29.2
Dillon	92	28.7
Lee	55	28.6
Laurens	190	28.6
Darlington	193	28.1
Berkeley	494	27.8
Georgetown	160	26.6
Marlboro	76	26.3
Chester	87	26.3
Spartanburg	727	25.6
Pickens	302	25.3
Kershaw	156	25.3
Greenville	1,134	25.1
Florence	343	25.1
Bamberg	40	25.0
Marion	80	24.2
Clarendon	82	23.4
Sumter	251	23.4
Greenwood	162	23.3
Dorchester	309	22.6
Oconee	166	22.3
Cherokee	119	21.5
Lexington	539	20.5
Lancaster	157	20.5
McCormick	18	17.6
Beaufort	277	17.1
Edgefield	46	17.0
York	383	16.9
Hampton	34	16.1
Chesterfield	72	15.4
Barnwell	34	15.0
Abbeville	37	14.6
Allendale	15	14.4
Saluda	25	12.6
Union	33	11.4
Newberry	35	9.3

SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX OFFENSE COUNTS

Year	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	B&E	Larceny	MVT
1975	421	741	3,087	10,123	46,476	58,422	7,065
1976	327	888	2,938	12,471	43,246	69,639	6,995
1977	336	942	3,021	13,818	45,941	66,572	6,986
1978	337	1,026	2,934	14,179	43,356	71,829	7,991
1979	368	1,002	3,134	15,273	43,893	75,298	8,643
1980	346	1,143	3,608	15,501	50,963	85,510	9,347
1981	331	1,144	3,788	14,892	50,232	88,319	8,670
1982	348	1,244	3,922	17,547	46,675	91,929	8,890
1983	321	1,143	3,414	15,203	42,166	85,251	7,808
1984	305	1,328	3,398	15,538	40,528	84,412	7,853
1985	306	1,383	3,143	16,274	41,925	90,103	8,665
1986	291	1,395	3,357	17,731	45,218	96,004	9,331
1987	319	1,506	3,465	18,041	46,651	98,325	9,651
1988	325	1,492	4,333	19,636	49,278	102,622	10,601
1989	325	1,649	4,608	22,176	48,922	107,802	12,036
1990	388	1,866	5,303	26,750	48,017	114,925	13,420
1991	408	2,115	6,097	26,116	51,887	120,139	13,781
1992	402	2,251	6,399	26,807	49,895	117,280	13,532
1993	400	1,997	7,017	28,905	47,143	118,426	13,444
1994	366	2,084	6,954	29,664	46,846	124,567	14,201
1995	292	1,820	6,573	28,287	46,452	127,131	14,256
1996	348	1,897	6,327	28,527	46,983	130,642	15,754
1997	321	1,905	6,514	28,647	45,934	132,378	15,673
1998	305	1,793	5,921	26,951	44,319	127,486	16,013
1999	285	1,720	6,049	25,865	40,475	123,723	14,617
2000	297	1,688	6,134	24,991	39,406	124,832	15,455
2001	320	1,764	5,961	24,855	41,453	125,443	16,497
2002	306	1,986	5,898	26,079	42,489	123,052	16,701
2003	302	1,921	5,800	25,373	42,710	126,446	15,552
2004	291	1,775	5,470	25,664	42,456	129,827	15,626
2005	315	1,875	5,639	24,750	41,733	126,300	16,415
2006	360	1,842	5,936	25,271	43,163	124,875	16,825
2007	356	1,715	6,294	26,096	45,340	126,281	17,050
2008	312	1,670	6,541	24,190	46,018	126,592	17,869
2009	317	1,655	5,739	23,127	45,247	118,986	13,695
2010	265	1,557	4,963	21,413	46,012	120,150	13,447

SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX OFFENSE RATES

Year	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	B&E	Larceny	MVT
1975	1.49	2.63	10.95	35.92	164.91	207.30	25.07
1976	1.16	3.15	10.43	44.29	153.57	247.30	24.84
1977	1.18	3.32	10.64	48.65	161.76	234.41	24.60
1978	1.17	3.56	10.19	49.27	150.65	249.58	27.77
1979	1.26	3.43	10.74	52.34	150.42	258.05	29.62
1980	1.11	3.66	11.56	48.21	163.24	273.89	29.94
1981	1.04	3.61	11.95	46.96	158.41	278.52	27.34
1982	1.09	3.89	12.26	54.85	145.90	287.37	27.79
1983	1.00	3.54	10.59	47.14	130.75	264.34	24.21
1984	0.94	4.07	10.42	47.63	124.24	258.77	24.07
1985	0.93	4.20	9.54	49.42	127.32	273.62	26.31
1986	0.87	4.19	10.08	53.21	135.71	288.13	28.00
1987	0.95	4.47	10.28	53.55	138.47	291.85	28.65
1988	0.96	4.39	12.74	57.75	144.94	301.83	31.18
1989	0.94	4.79	13.38	64.39	142.05	313.01	34.95
1990	1.11	5.33	15.16	76.45	137.23	328.45	38.35
1991	1.15	5.95	17.14	73.42	145.87	337.75	38.74
1992	1.12	6.26	17.80	74.57	138.79	326.23	37.64
1993	1.10	5.50	19.33	79.63	129.87	326.41	37.04
1994	1.00	5.69	18.98	80.96	127.85	339.98	38.76
1995	0.79	4.96	17.90	77.01	126.47	346.12	38.81
1996	0.94	5.10	17.02	76.75	126.40	351.47	42.38
1997	0.85	5.07	17.32	76.19	122.16	352.07	41.68
1998	0.79	4.67	15.42	70.18	115.41	331.99	41.70
1999	0.73	4.43	15.57	66.56	104.16	318.38	37.61
2000	0.74	4.20	15.25	62.12	97.95	310.30	38.42
2001	0.79	4.34	14.68	61.19	102.05	308.82	40.61
2002	0.75	4.84	14.36	63.50	103.46	299.62	40.66
2003	0.73	4.63	13.99	61.18	102.99	304.91	37.50
2004	0.69	4.23	13.03	61.13	101.13	309.26	37.22
2005	0.74	4.41	13.25	58.17	98.08	296.83	38.58
2006	0.83	4.26	13.74	58.48	99.89	289.00	38.94
2007	0.81	3.89	14.28	59.20	102.86	286.48	38.68
2008	0.70	3.73	14.60	54.00	102.72	282.58	39.89
2009	0.69	3.63	12.58	50.70	99.20	260.86	30.02
2010	0.57	3.37	10.73	46.29	99.48	259.76	29.07

ARRESTS

Arrest counts provide a measure of law enforcement's response to crime. Arrest rates also provide estimates of criminal offenses such as illegal drug use or driving under the influence for which there are no victims who are likely to report the behavior. Arrest practices, policies, and enforcement emphases vary from place to place and even within a community over time. The arrest practices for certain unlawful conduct such as drunkenness, disorderly conduct, vagrancy, and related violations may differ among agencies. But the practices for robbery, burglary, and other serious crime arrests are more likely to be uniform and consistent throughout all jurisdictions. Uniform Crime Reporting procedures require that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion a person is taken into custody, notified, or cited. Annual arrest figures do not measure the number of individuals arrested, since one person may be arrested several times during the year for the same or different offenses. In this report, arrests are presented either as the actual number of arrests or as arrest rates per 10,000 unit of population. Arrest rates are calculated using the following formula:

$$\text{Arrest Rate} = \frac{\text{Number of Arrests}}{\text{Population}} \times 10,000$$

State and county population estimates used to calculate arrest rates were provided by the South Carolina Budget and Control Board, Office of Research and Statistics. Arrest data for 2001 are not available, and are not included in any of the data tables or charts that follow.

South Carolina's violent crime arrest rate decreased 14.9% from 2009 to 2010. From 1976 through 2010, the violent crime arrest rate has decreased 4%.

VIOLENT CRIME: Violent crime consists of murder, rape, robbery and aggravated assault, and involves the element of personal confrontation between the victim and offender.

VIOLENT CRIME ARRESTS

| Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	11,913	26.12
2010	10,276	22.22
% Change	-13.7%	-14.9%
11 Year		
2000	11,516	28.63
2010	10,276	22.22
% Change	-10.8%	-22.4%
20 Year		
1991	9,473	26.63
2010	10,276	22.22
% Change	8.5%	-16.6%
Overall		
1976	6,519	23.15
2010	10,276	22.22
% Change	57.6%	-4.0%

South Carolina Violent Crime Arrest Rate
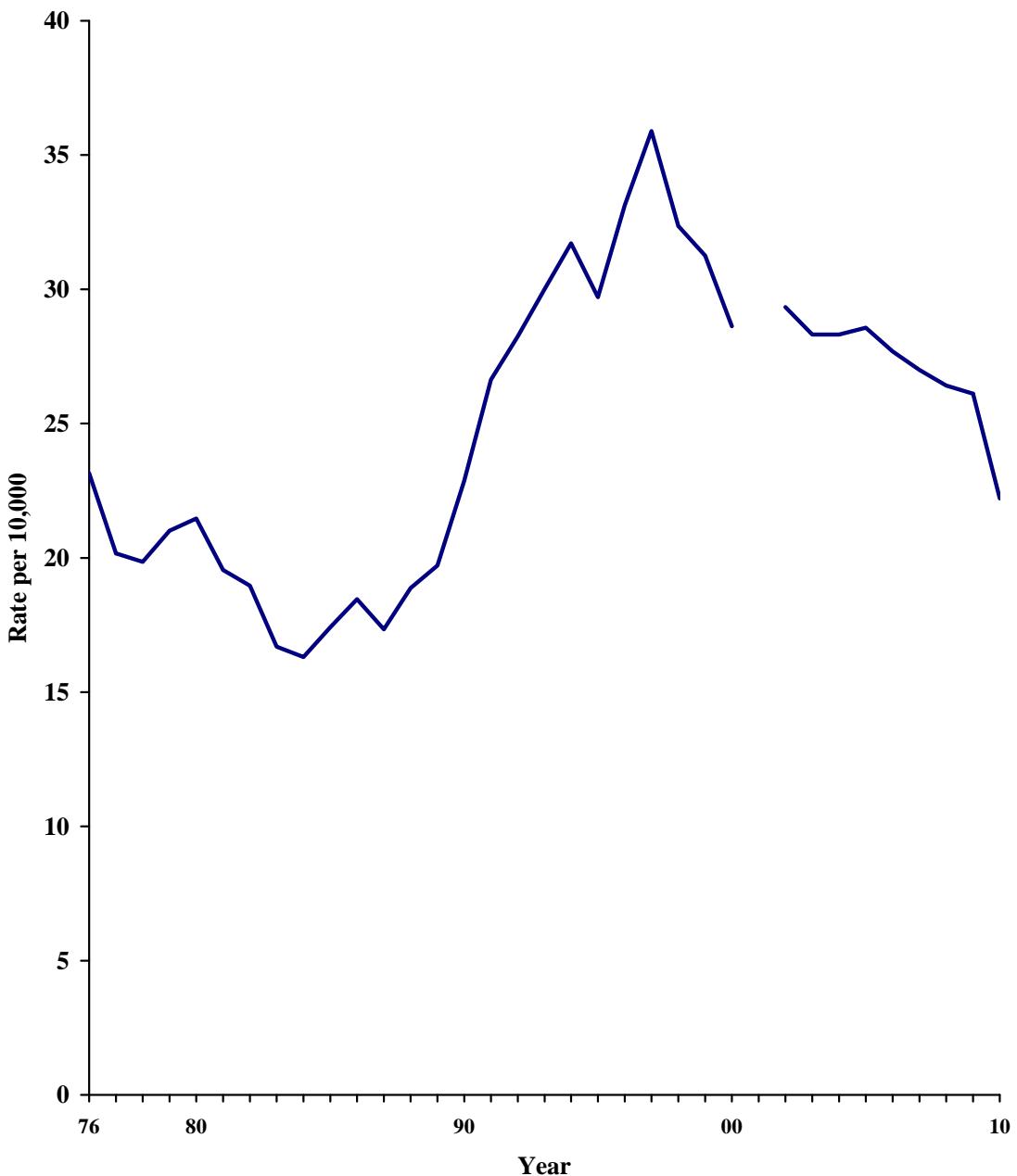
South Carolina's property crime arrest rate decreased 9.8% from 2009 to 2010. From 1976 through 2010, the property crime arrest rate decreased 3.2%.

PROPERTY CRIME: Property crime consists of the offenses of breaking or entering, larceny and motor vehicle theft.

PROPERTY CRIME ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	31,960	70.07
2010	29,217	63.17
% Change	-8.6%	-9.8%
11 Year		
2000	22,842	56.78
2010	29,217	63.17
% Change	+27.9%	+11.3%
20 Year		
1991	28,504	80.13
2010	29,217	63.17
% Change	+2.5%	-21.2%
Overall		
1976	18,375	65.25
2010	29,217	63.17
% Change	+59.0%	-3.2%

South Carolina Property Crime Arrest Rate
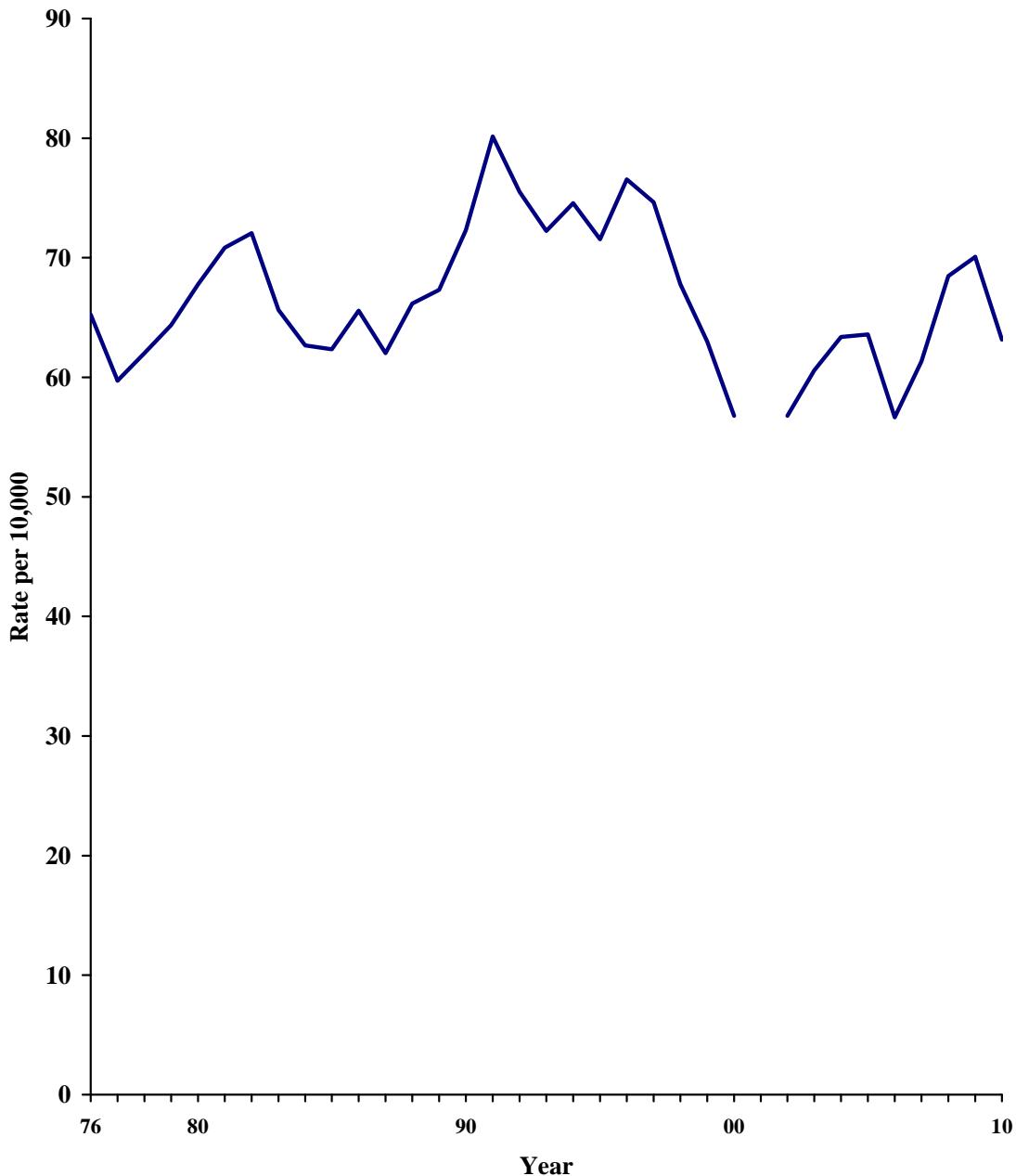
SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX ARREST COUNT

Year	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	B&E	Larceny	MVT
1976	347	433	1,019	4,720	5,979	11,393	1,003
1977	346	434	902	4,044	5,333	10,832	797
1978	356	457	900	4,000	5,635	11,325	890
1979	403	497	950	4,281	5,806	12,037	940
1980	378	452	1,035	4,836	6,734	13,516	904
1981	307	462	1,115	4,314	6,957	14,679	824
1982	361	532	1,048	4,124	6,556	15,725	771
1983	334	526	1,041	3,483	5,810	14,680	679
1984	283	570	945	3,520	5,523	14,206	716
1985	323	632	818	3,961	5,353	14,353	823
1986	289	653	934	4,274	5,664	15,218	964
1987	288	685	883	3,985	5,356	14,688	852
1988	336	651	1,011	4,420	5,783	15,661	1,050
1989	310	699	1,052	4,726	5,758	16,221	1,207
1990	397	721	1,180	5,695	5,862	18,021	1,361
1991	463	884	1,661	6,465	6,967	19,959	1,578
1992	467	967	1,651	7,069	6,864	18,636	1,644
1993	476	804	1,828	7,736	6,325	18,536	1,368
1994	447	801	1,854	8,518	6,188	19,818	1,319
1995	351	665	1,808	8,697	5,887	20,361	1,101
1996	355	665	1,808	9,488	6,011	21,275	1,173
1997	358	727	2,146	10,265	6,272	20,753	1,038
1998	355	702	1,763	9,625	5,439	19,644	949
1999	306	682	1,767	9,392	5,016	18,529	929
2000	310	592	1,802	8,903	4,691	17,527	890
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	290	767	1,636	9,357	4,690	17,646	981
2003	309	593	1,677	9,130	4,950	18,978	1,123
2004	283	596	1,741	9,265	5,221	20,179	1,199
2005	305	650	1,842	9,360	5,690	20,044	1,318
2006	349	533	1,995	9,138	5,588	17,713	1,290
2007	350	504	2,009	9,035	5,854	19,982	1,207
2008	296	456	2,118	8,963	5.686	23,749	1,239
2009	317	483	2,310	8,803	6,175	24,585	1,200
2010	290	385	1,873	7,728	5,537	22,627	1,053

SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX ARREST RATES

| Year	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	B&E	Larceny	MVT
1976	1.23	1.54	3.62	16.76	21.23	40.46	3.56
1977	1.22	1.53	3.18	14.24	18.78	38.14	2.81
1978	1.24	1.59	3.13	13.90	19.58	39.35	3.09
1979	1.38	1.70	3.26	14.67	19.90	41.25	3.22
1980	1.21	1.45	3.32	15.49	21.57	43.29	2.90
1981	0.97	1.46	3.52	13.60	21.94	46.29	2.60
1982	1.13	1.66	3.28	12.89	20.49	49.16	2.41
1983	1.04	1.63	3.23	10.80	18.02	45.52	2.11
1984	0.87	1.75	2.90	10.79	16.93	43.55	2.19
1985	0.98	1.92	2.48	12.03	16.26	43.59	2.50
1986	0.87	1.96	2.80	12.83	17.00	45.67	2.89
1987	0.85	2.03	2.62	11.83	15.90	43.60	2.53
1988	0.99	1.91	2.97	13.00	17.01	46.06	3.09
1989	0.90	2.03	3.05	13.72	16.72	47.10	3.50
1990	1.13	2.06	3.37	16.28	16.75	51.50	3.89
1991	1.30	2.49	4.67	18.18	19.59	56.11	4.44
1992	1.30	2.69	4.59	19.66	19.09	51.84	4.57
1993	1.31	2.21	5.04	21.31	17.42	51.06	3.77
1994	1.22	2.19	5.06	23.25	16.89	54.09	3.60
1995	0.95	1.81	4.92	23.68	16.03	55.43	3.00
1996	0.96	1.79	4.86	25.53	16.17	57.24	3.16
1997	0.95	1.93	5.71	27.30	16.68	55.19	2.76
1998	0.87	1.83	4.67	25.07	14.16	51.16	2.47
1999	0.79	1.76	4.55	24.17	12.91	47.68	2.39
2000	0.75	1.45	4.41	22.01	11.46	43.12	2.20
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	0.71	1.87	3.98	22.78	11.42	42.97	2.39
2003	0.75	1.43	4.04	22.02	11.94	45.76	2.71
2004	0.67	1.42	4.15	22.07	12.44	48.07	2.86
2005	0.72	1.53	4.33	22.00	13.37	47.11	3.10
2006	0.81	1.23	4.62	21.15	12.93	40.99	2.99
2007	0.79	1.14	4.56	20.50	13.28	45.33	2.74
2008	0.66	1.02	4.73	20.01	12.69	53.01	2.77
2009	0.69	1.06	5.06	19.30	13.54	53.90	2.63
2010	0.63	0.83	4.05	16.71	11.97	48.92	2.28

South Carolina's simple assault arrest rate decreased 4.9% from 2009 to 2010. From 1976 through 2010, the simple assault arrest rate has increased 215.1%.

SIMPLE ASSAULT: An unlawful attack upon a person where the offender does not display a weapon, and where the victim does not suffer severe or aggravated bodily injury.

SIMPLE ASSAULT ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	22,040	48.32
2010	21,264	45.97
% Change	-3.5%	-4.9%
11 Year		
2000	24,901	61.90
2010	21,264	45.97
% Change	-14.6%	-25.7%
20 Year		
1991	14,379	40.42
2010	21,264	45.97
% Change	+47.9%	+13.7%
Overall		
1976	4,108	14.59
2010	21,264	45.97
% Change	+417.6%	+215.1%

# South Carolina Simple Assault Arrest Rate
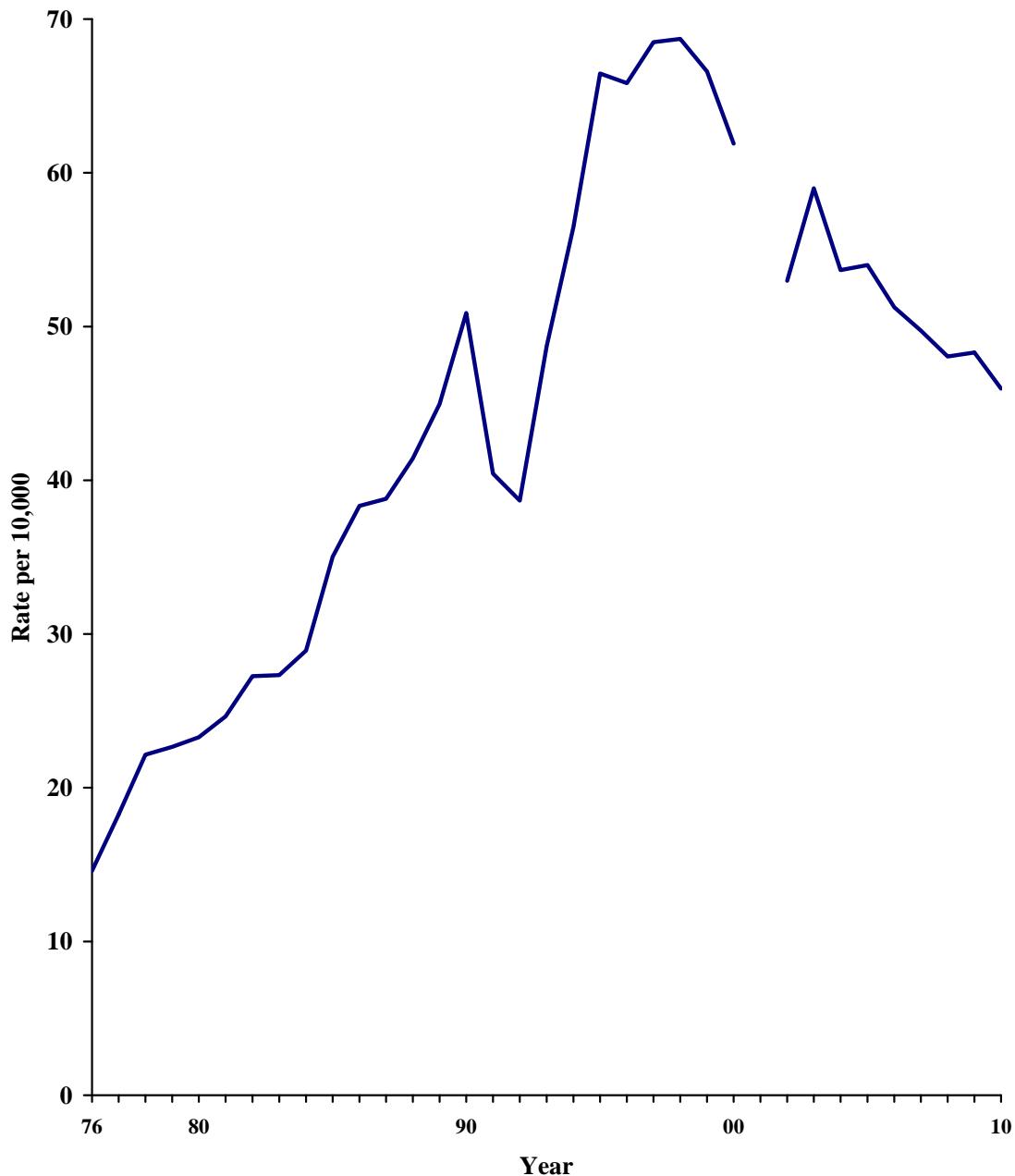
South Carolina's arrest rate for weapons law violations decreased 10.2% from 2009 to 2010. From 1976 through 2010, the arrest rate has decreased 39.4%.

WEAPONS LAW VIOLATIONS: The violation of laws prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, or other deadly weapons.

WEAPONS LAW VIOLATION ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	2,855	6.26
2010	2,600	5.62
% Change	-8.9%	-10.2%
11 Year		
2000	2,725	6.77
2010	2,600	5.62
% Change	-4.6%	-17.0%
20 Year		
1991	3,416	9.60
2010	2,600	5.62
% Change	-23.9%	-41.5%
Overall		
1976	2,611	9.27
2010	2,600	5.62
% Change	-0.4%	-39.4%

# South Carolina Weapons Law Violation Arrest Rate
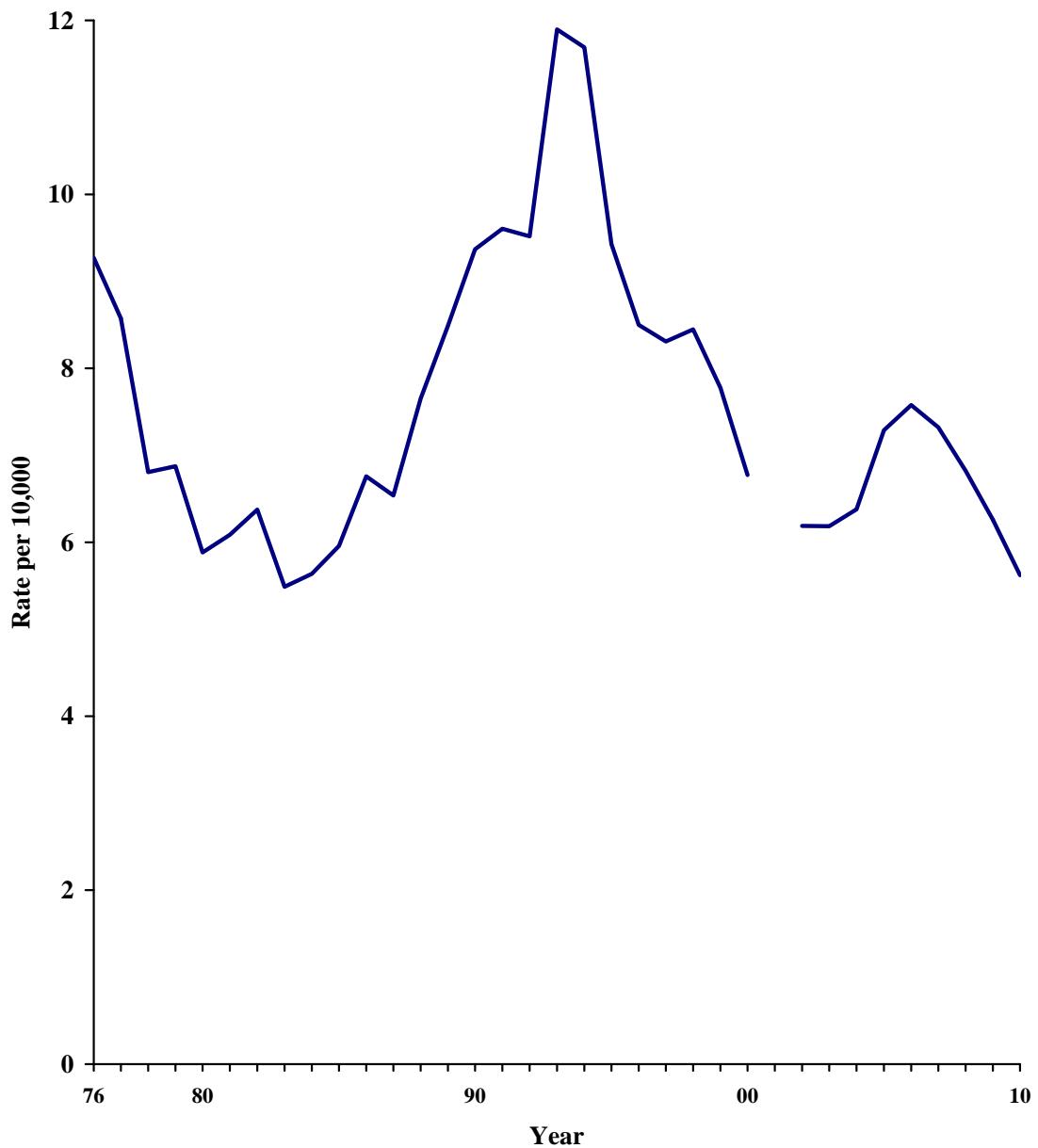
South Carolina's drug law arrest rate decreased 3% from 2009 to 2010. From 1976 to 2010 the arrest rate increased 192.8%.

DRUG LAWS: The drug law arrest rate includes arrests for crimes related to the possession, distribution or manufacture of illegal narcotic substances.

DRUG LAW ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	35,574	77.99
2010	35,004	75.68
% Change	-1.6%	-3.0%
11 Year		
2000	28,729	71.41
2010	35,004	75.68
% Change	+21.8%	+6.0%
20 Year		
1991	14,506	40.78
2010	35,004	75.68
% Change	+141.3%	+85.6%
Overall		
1976	7,280	25.85
2010	35,004	75.68
% Change	+380.8%	+192.8%

# South Carolina Drug Law Arrest Rate
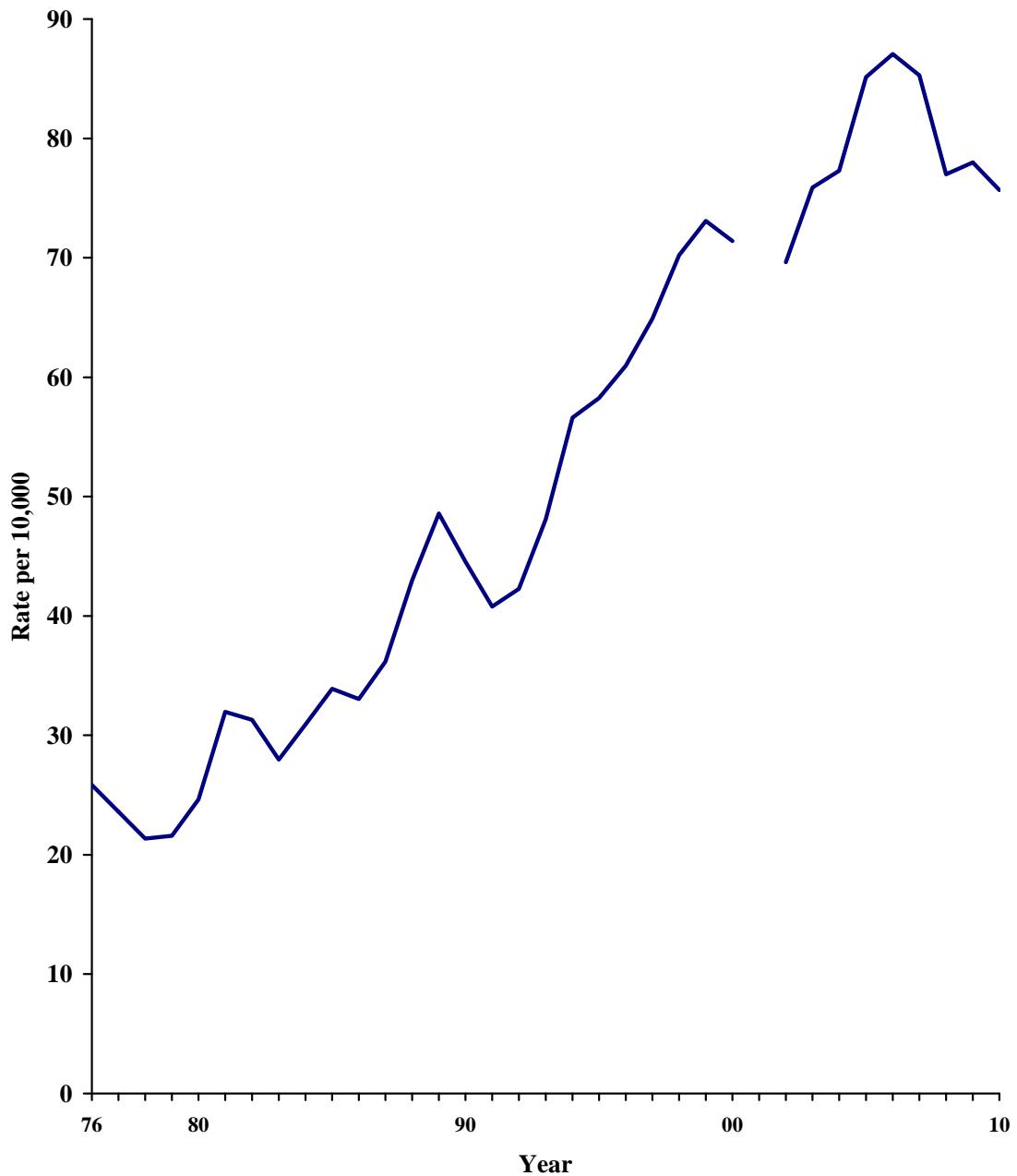
South Carolina's DUI arrest rate increased 10.2% from 2009 to 2010. From 1976 to 2010, the DUI arrest rate has decreased 36.1%.

DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE: DUI consists of driving or operating a motor vehicle while mentally or physically impaired as the result of using alcohol, legal drugs, illegal drugs or narcotics.

DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE ARRESTS

| Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	17,293	37.91
2010	19,314	41.76
% Change	+11.7%	+10.2%
11 Year		
2000	14,025	34.86
2010	19,314	41.76
% Change	+37.7%	+19.8%
20 Year		
1991	23,302	65.51
2010	19,314	41.76
% Change	-17.1%	-36.3%
Overall		
1976	17,839	63.35
2010	19,314	41.76
% Change	+8.3%	-36.1%

South Carolina DUI Arrest Rate
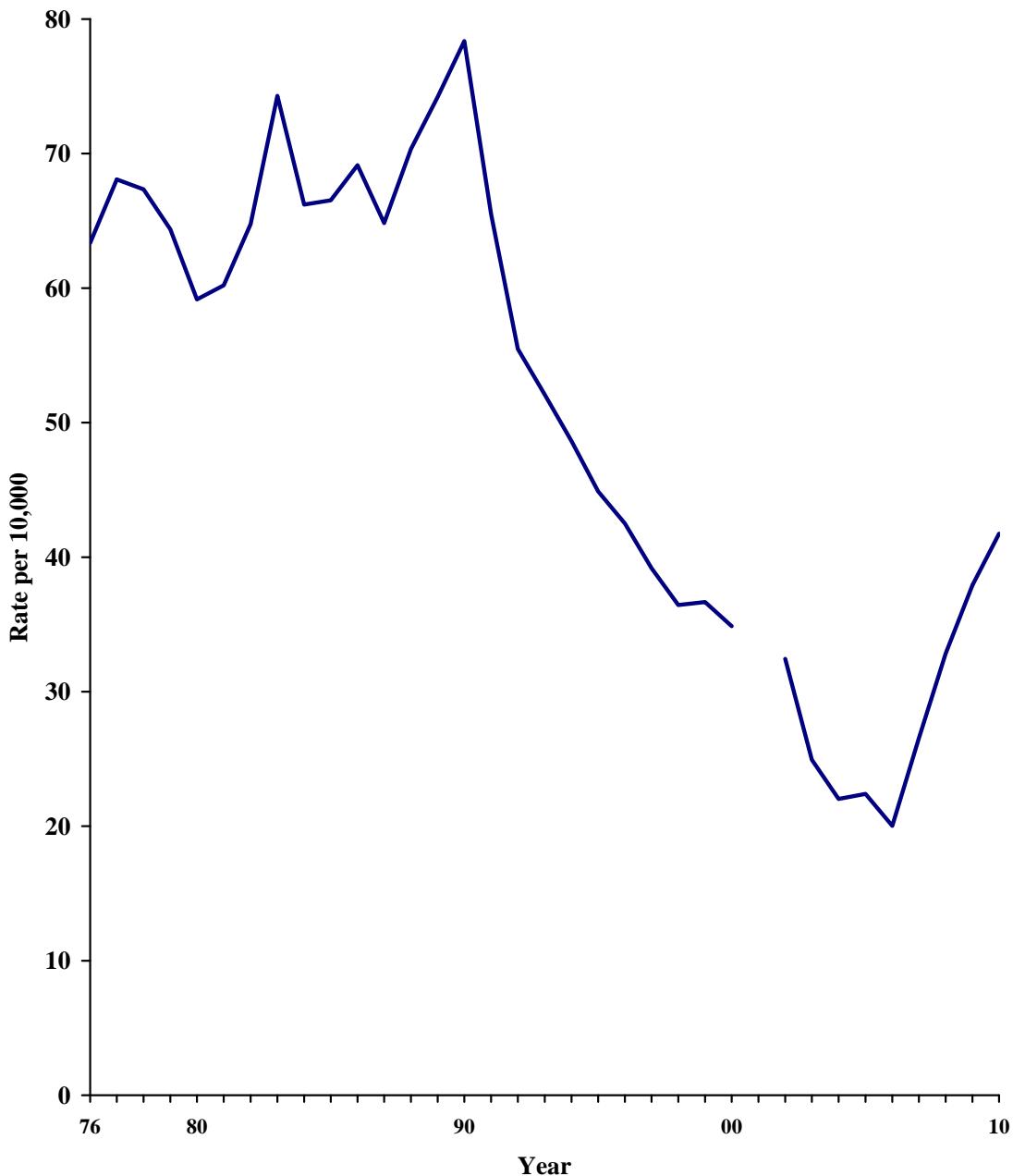
South Carolina's liquor law arrest rate decreased 9.6% from 2009 to 2010. From 1976 to 2010, the liquor law arrest rate increased 37.9%.

LIQUOR LAWS: Violation of laws pertaining to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of alcoholic beverages.

LIQUOR LAW ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	11,329	24.84
2010	10,390	22.46
% Change	-8.3%	-9.6%
11 Year		
2000	17,017	42.30
2010	10,390	22.46
% Change	-38.9%	-46.9%
20 Year		
1991	14,676	41.26
2010	10,390	22.46
% Change	-29.2%	-45.6%
Overall		
1976	4,586	16.29
2010	10,390	22.46
% Change	+126.6%	+37.9%

# South Carolina Liquor Law Arrest Rate
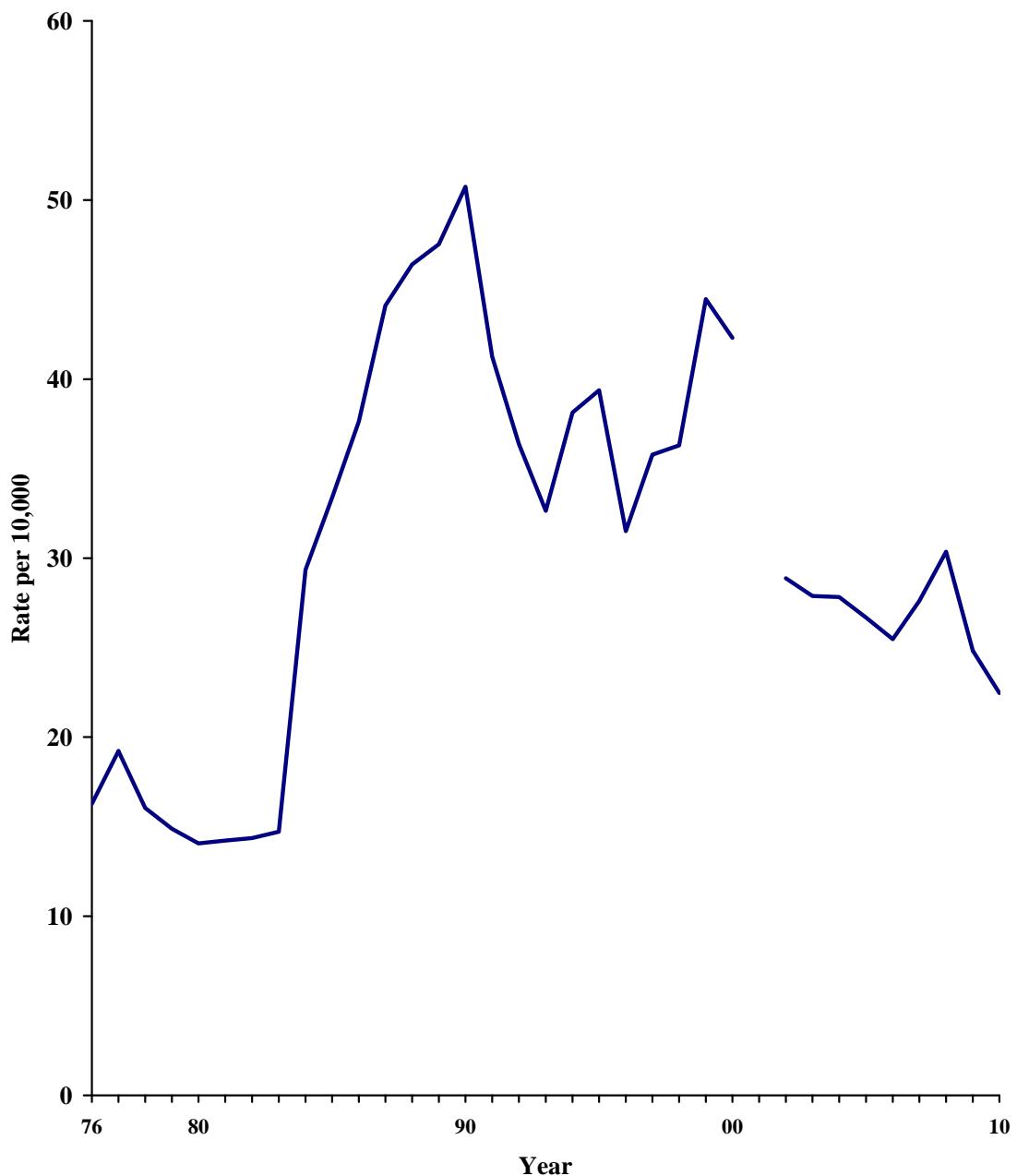
South Carolina's drunkenness arrest rate decreased 5.5% from 2009 to 2010. The drunkenness arrest rate has decreased 81.8% since 1976.

DRUNKENNESS: To drink alcoholic beverages to the extent that one's mental faculties and physical coordination are substantially impaired. This offense includes the offenses of drunk and disorderly, common drunkard, habitual drunkard, and intoxication.

DRUNKENNESS ARRESTS

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Inhabitants
Previous Year		
2009	12,345	27.06
2010	11,832	25.58
% Change	-4.2%	-5.5%
11 Year		
2000	9,126	22.68
2010	11,832	25.58
% Change	+29.7%	+12.8%
20 Year		
1991	19,666	55.29
2010	11,832	25.58
% Change	-39.8%	-53.7%
Overall		
1976	39,617	140.69
2010	11,832	25.58
% Change	-70.1%	-81.8%

South Carolina Drunkeness Arrest Rate
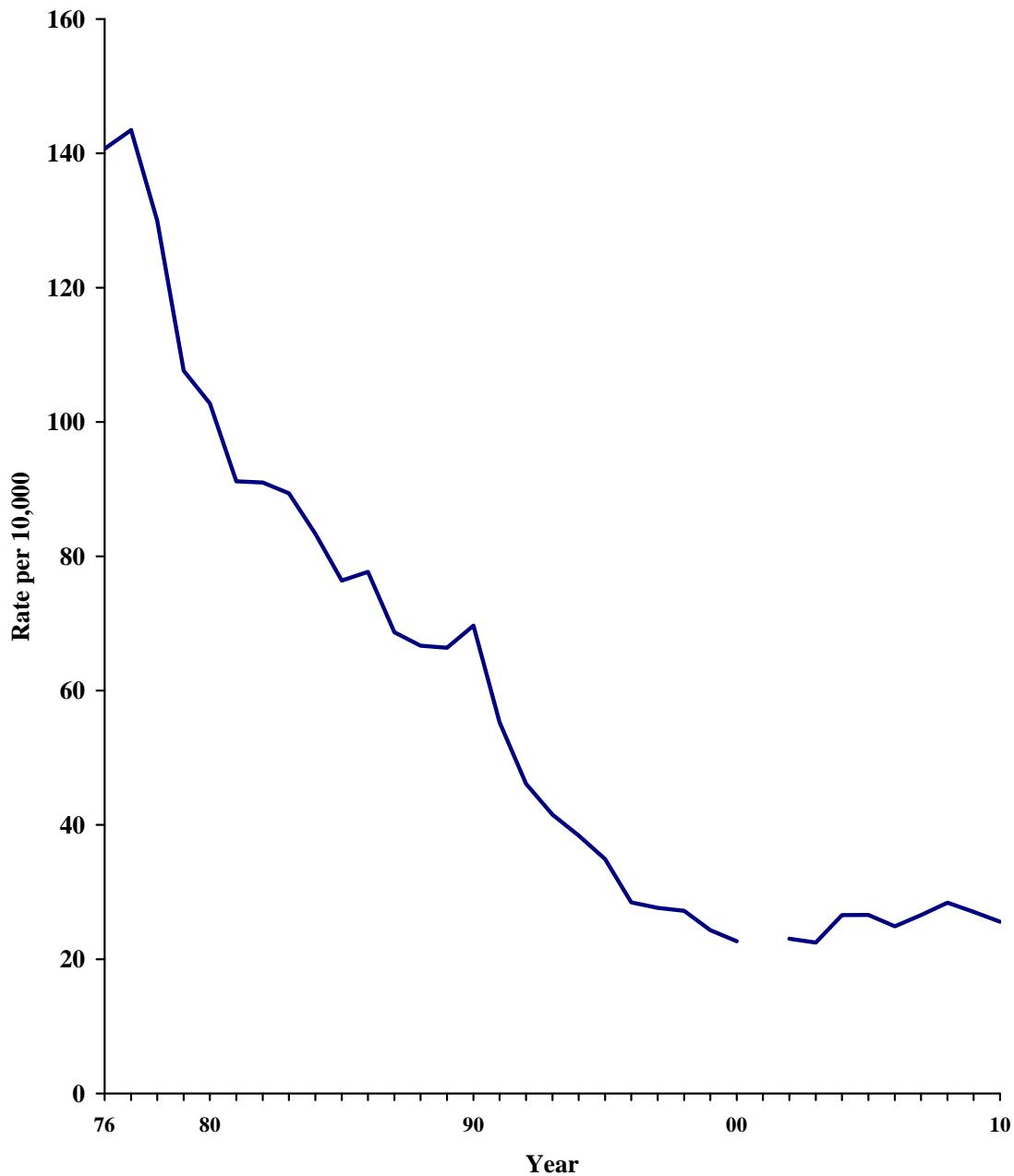
SOUTH CAROLINA SELECTED OFFENSE ARREST COUNT

Year	Simple Assault	Weapons	Drug Laws	DUI	Liquor Laws	Drunk
1976	4,108	2,611	7,280	17,839	4,586	39,617
1977	5,189	2,435	6,707	19,334	5,460	40,741
1978	6,373	1,959	6,145	19,383	4,621	37,409
1979	6,612	2,006	6,299	18,785	4,346	31,407
1980	7,269	1,837	7,687	18,473	4,392	32,085
1981	7,814	1,930	10,135	19,089	4,512	28,912
1982	8,721	2,039	10,016	20,718	4,595	29,101
1983	8,813	1,770	9,020	23,959	4,747	28,829
1984	9,435	1,839	10,083	21,600	9,576	27,190
1985	11,532	1,962	11,165	21,908	10,990	25,153
1986	12,769	2,252	11,014	23,039	12,539	25,883
1987	13,069	2,203	12,187	21,843	14,858	23,143
1988	14,086	2,602	14,616	23,914	15,775	22,666
1989	15,486	2,923	16,734	25,561	16,369	22,856
1990	17,801	3,278	15,585	27,415	17,751	24,378
1991	14,379	3,416	14,506	23,302	14,676	19,666
1992	13,907	3,422	15,199	19,945	13,074	16,582
1993	17,687	4,318	17,464	18,905	11,851	15,072
1994	20,694	4,283	20,742	17,813	13,970	14,080
1995	24,409	3,463	21,399	16,488	14,463	12,818
1996	24,469	3,160	22,660	15,799	11,712	10,569
1997	25,753	3,124	24,405	14,732	13,453	10,393
1998	26,385	3,243	26,961	13,991	13,938	10,440
1999	25,880	3,022	28,397	14,246	17,277	9,456
2000	24,901	2,725	28,729	14,025	17,017	9,126
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	21,755	2,541	28,600	13,318	11,860	9,464
2003	24,462	2,565	31,474	10,343	11,563	9,326
2004	22,533	2,678	32,445	9,245	11,681	11,143
2005	22,979	3,101	36,222	9,533	11,353	11,323
2006	22,147	3,274	37,618	8,651	11,009	10,758
2007	21,927	3,227	37,594	11,701	12,174	11,701
2008	21,525	3,056	34,488	14,711	13,603	12,720
2009	22,040	2,855	35,574	17,293	11,329	12,345
2010	21,264	2,600	35,004	19,314	10,390	11,832

SOUTH CAROLINA SELECTED OFFENSE ARREST RATES

Year	Simple Assault	Weapons	Drug Laws	DUI	Liquor Laws	Drunk
1976	14.59	9.27	25.85	63.35	16.29	140.69
1977	18.27	8.57	23.62	68.08	19.23	143.45
1978	22.14	6.81	21.35	67.35	16.06	129.98
1979	22.66	6.87	21.59	64.38	14.89	107.63
1980	23.28	5.88	24.62	59.17	14.07	102.77
1981	24.64	6.09	31.96	60.20	14.23	91.18
1982	27.26	6.37	31.31	64.76	14.36	90.97
1983	27.33	5.49	27.97	74.29	14.72	89.39
1984	28.92	5.64	30.91	66.22	29.36	83.35
1985	35.02	5.96	33.91	66.53	33.37	76.38
1986	38.32	6.76	33.06	69.14	37.63	77.68
1987	38.79	6.54	36.17	64.84	44.10	68.69
1988	41.43	7.65	42.99	70.34	46.40	66.66
1989	44.97	8.49	48.59	74.22	47.53	66.36
1990	50.87	9.37	44.54	78.35	50.73	69.67
1991	40.42	9.60	40.78	65.51	41.26	55.29
1992	38.68	9.52	42.28	55.48	36.37	46.13
1993	48.72	11.90	48.11	52.08	32.65	41.52
1994	56.48	11.69	56.61	48.62	38.13	38.43
1995	66.46	9.43	58.26	44.89	39.38	34.90
1996	65.83	8.50	60.96	42.50	31.51	28.43
1997	68.49	8.31	64.91	39.18	35.78	27.64
1998	68.71	8.45	70.21	36.43	36.30	27.19
1999	66.60	7.78	73.08	36.66	44.46	24.33
2000	61.90	6.77	71.41	34.86	42.30	22.68
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	52.97	6.19	69.64	32.43	28.88	23.04
2003	59.14	6.20	76.10	25.01	27.96	22.55
2004	53.68	6.38	77.29	22.02	27.83	26.54
2005	54.00	7.29	85.13	22.40	26.68	26.61
2006	51.25	7.58	87.06	20.02	25.48	24.90
2007	49.74	7.32	85.29	26.54	27.62	26.54
2008	48.05	6.82	76.99	32.84	30.37	28.39
2009	48.32	6.26	77.99	37.91	24.84	27.06
2010	45.97	5.62	75.68	41.76	22.46	25.58

JUVENILE ARRESTS

Besides being a gauge of law enforcement's response to crime, arrests provide reliable information concerning the age of apprehended offenders. Consequently, arrest rates by age provide one of the better readily available measures of juvenile delinquency. Uniform Crime Reporting procedures require that an arrest be counted on each separate occasion a person is taken into custody, notified, or cited. As a result, annual arrest figures do not measure the number of individual juveniles arrested, since one juvenile might be arrested several times during a year.   State law sets the age of adult responsibility in most criminal matters at seventeen years of age, so juvenile arrest rates were calculated on the basis of the juvenile (age 0 through 16) population for each year from 1976 through 2010.

Juvenile Arrest Rate = $\dfrac{\text{Number of Juveniles Arrested}}{\text{Juvenile Population}}$ X 10,000

State and county population estimates used to identify the 0 through 16 age population group and calculate arrest rates were provided by the South Carolina Budget and Control Board, Office of Research and Statistics.   Juvenile arrest data for 2001 are not available, and are not included in any of the data tables or charts that follow.

South Carolina's juvenile arrest rate for violent crimes decreased 20.8% from 2009 to 2010. The juvenile arrest rate for violent crimes has increased 56.8% since 1976.

VIOLENT CRIME: Violent crime consists of murder, rape, robbery and aggravated assault, and involves the element of personal confrontation between the victim and offender.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR VIOLENT CRIMES

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2009	858	8.43
2010	679	6.68
% Change	-20.9%	-20.8%
11 Year		
2000	997	10.46
2010	679	6.68
% Change	-31.9%	-36.1%
20 Year		
1991	836	9.46
2010	679	6.68
% Change	-18.8%	-29.4%
Overall		
1976	385	4.26
2010	679	6.68
% Change	+76.4%	+56.8%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Violent Crime
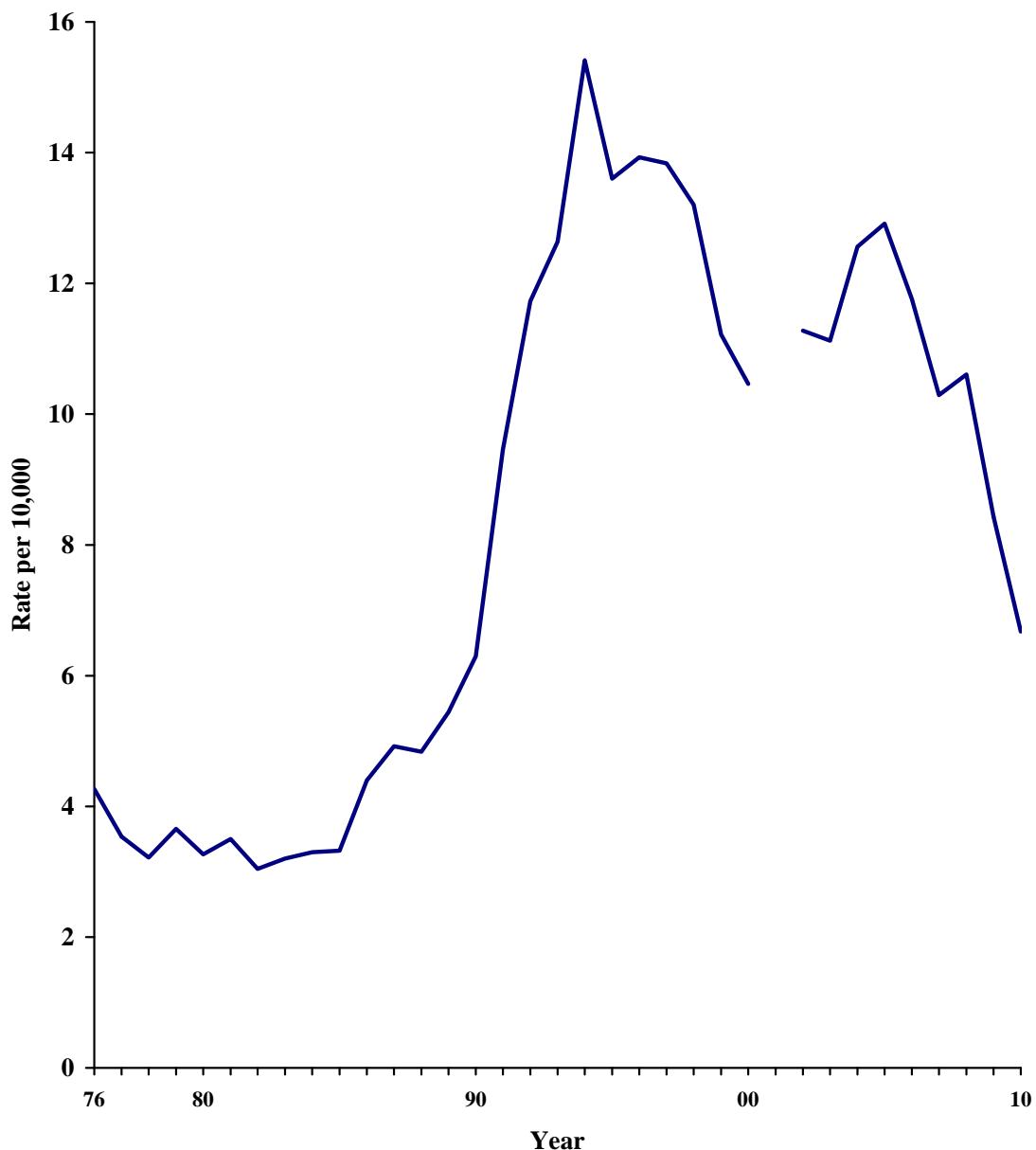
JUVENILE ARRESTS BY COUNTY FOR VIOLENT CRIMES
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	1	1.8	Greenwood	31	19.9
Aiken	10	2.9	Hampton	2	4.2
Allendale	0	0.0	Horry	35	6.9
Anderson	36	8.5	Jasper	2	3.4
Bamberg	10	30.1	Kershaw	0	0.0
Barnwell	5	9.2	Lancaster	6	3.6
Beaufort	44	13.5	Laurens	10	6.9
Berkeley	37	8.7	Lee	1	2.5
Calhoun	5	16.2	Lexington	16	2.7
Charleston	89	12.9	McCormick	1	7.2
Cherokee	2	1.6	Marion	6	7.9
Chester	6	8.1	Marlboro	3	5.1
Chesterfield	3	2.8	Newberry	7	8.7
Clarendon	1	1.4	Oconee	8	5.5
Colleton	6	6.8	Orangeburg	15	7.5
Darlington	7	4.5	Pickens	5	2.2
Dillon	6	7.4	Richland	52	6.3
Dorchester	19	5.5	Saluda	1	2.3
Edgefield	1	1.8	Spartanburg	17	2.6
Fairfield	2	4.0	Sumter	22	8.5
Florence	19	6.0	Union	1	1.6
Georgetown	17	13.9	Williamsburg	4	5.3
Greenville	70	6.8	York	38	7.0

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 JUVENILE VIOLENT CRIME ARREST RATE

| County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Bamberg	10	30.1
Greenwood	31	19.9
Calhoun	5	16.2
Georgetown	17	13.9
Beaufort	44	13.5
Charleston	89	12.9
Barnwell	5	9.2
Berkeley	37	8.7
Newberry	7	8.7
Sumter	22	8.5
Anderson	36	8.5
Chester	6	8.1
Marion	6	7.9
Orangeburg	15	7.5
Dillon	6	7.4
McCormick	1	7.2
York	38	7.0
Laurens	10	6.9
Horry	35	6.9
Greenville	70	6.8
Colleton	6	6.8
Richland	52	6.3
Florence	19	6.0
Dorchester	19	5.5
Oconee	8	5.5
Williamsburg	4	5.3
Marlboro	3	5.1
Darlington	7	4.5
Hampton	2	4.2
Fairfield	2	4.0
Lancaster	6	3.6
Jasper	2	3.4
Aiken	10	2.9
Chesterfield	3	2.8
Lexington	16	2.7
Spartanburg	17	2.6
Lee	1	2.5
Saluda	1	2.3
Pickens	5	2.2
Abbeville	1	1.8
Edgefield	1	1.8
Union	1	1.6
Cherokee	2	1.6
Clarendon	1	1.4
Allendale	0	0.0
Kershaw	0	0.0

Fourteen juveniles were arrested for murder in 2010. In 2009 six juveniles were arrested for murder.

MURDER: Murder is the willful killing of one person by another. The classification of this offense is based on police investigation as opposed to the determination of a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury or other judicial body. Deaths caused by negligence, suicide, accident or justifiable homicides are not included.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR MURDER

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2009	6	0.06
2010	14	0.14
% Change	+133.3%	+133.3%
11 Year		
2000	8	0.08
2010	14	0.14
% Change	+75.0%	+75.0%
20 Year		
1991	23	0.26
2010	14	0.14
% Change	-39.1%	-46.2%
Overall		
1976	16	0.18
2010	14	0.14
% Change	-12.5%	-22.2%

# South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate
for Murder
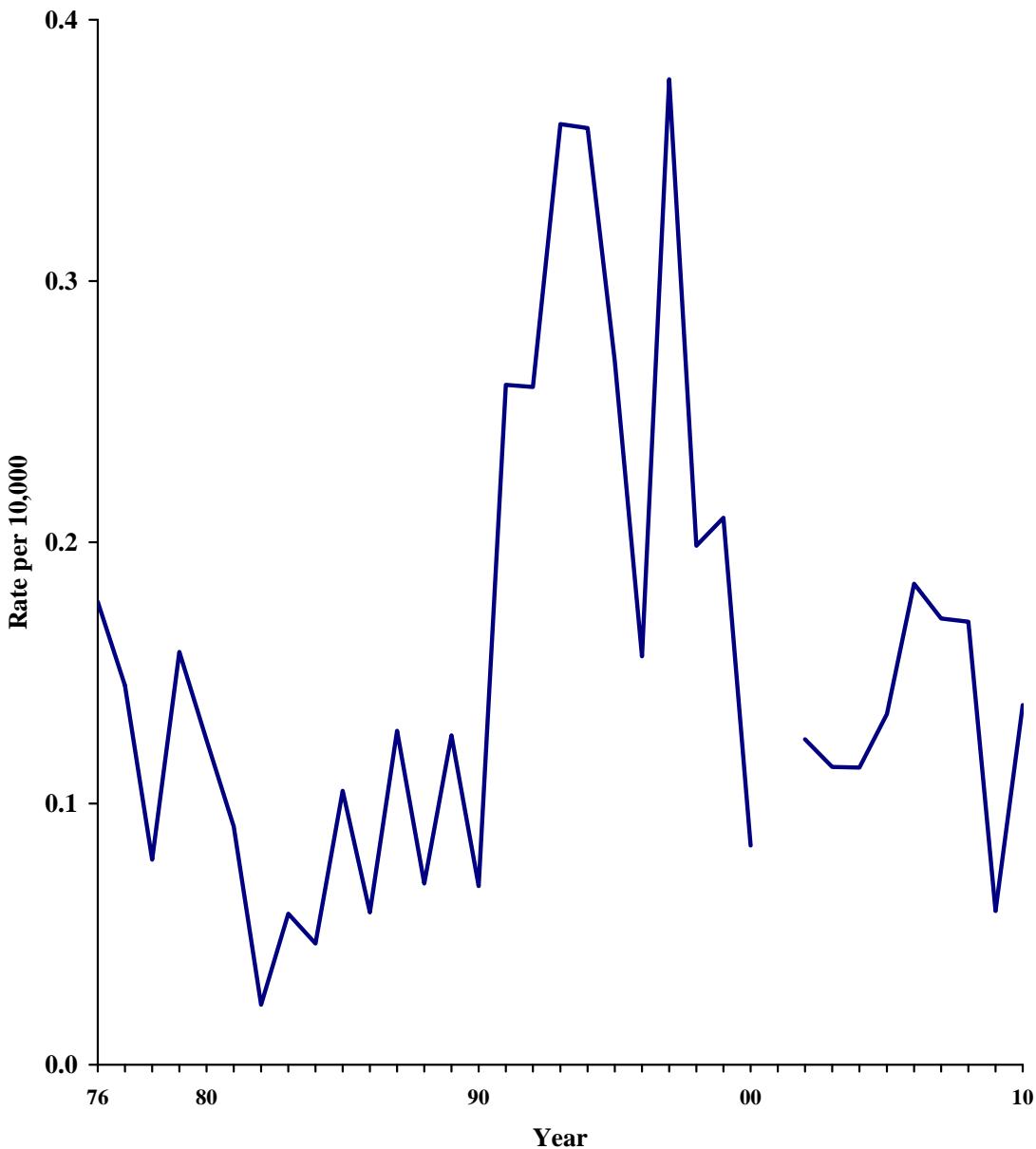
South Carolina's juvenile arrest rate for rape in 2010 increased 7.3% over the juvenile arrest rate for rape in 2009. The juvenile arrest rate for rape also increased 7.3% from 1976 to 2010.

RAPE: Forcible rape is the carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and against their will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are also included; however statutory rape (without force) and other sex offenses are excluded.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR RAPE

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2009	42	0.41
2010	45	0.44
% Change	+7.1%	+7.3%
11 Year		
2000	63	0.66
2010	45	0.44
% Change	-28.6%	-33.3%
20 Year		
1991	103	1.17
2010	45	0.44
% Change	-56.3%	-62.4%
Overall		
1976	37	0.41
2010	45	0.44
% Change	+21.6%	+7.3%

# South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Rape
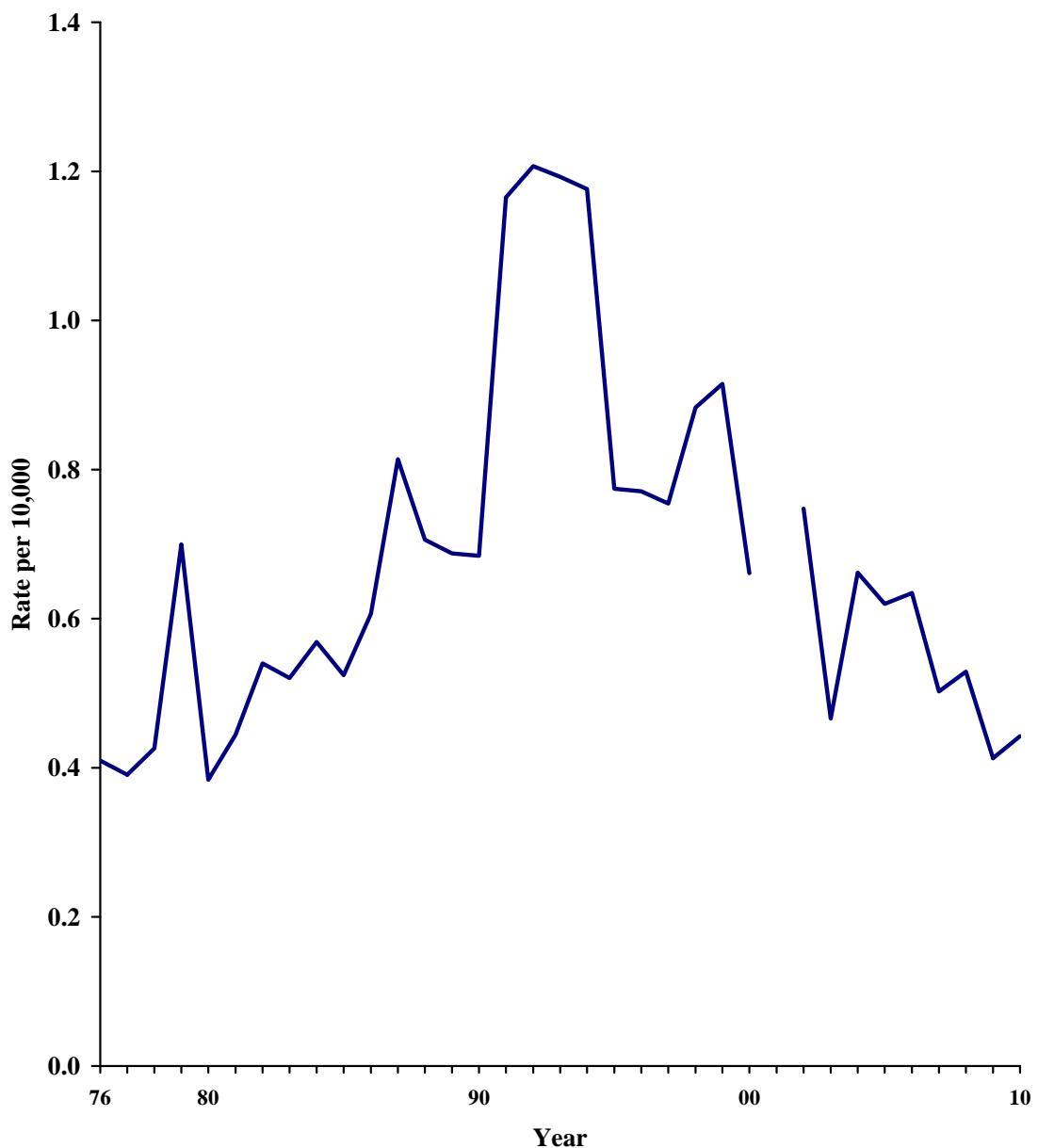
South Carolina's juvenile arrest rate for robbery decreased 38% from 2009 to 2010. Since 1976, the juvenile arrest rate for robbery has increased 24.5%.

ROBBERY: Robbery is the taking or attempted taking of anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or the threat of force, by violence, or by putting the victim in fear.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR ROBBERY

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2009	209	2.05
2010	129	1.27
% Change	-38.3%	-38.0%
11 Year		
2000	63	1.50
2010	129	1.27
% Change	+104.8%	-15.3%
20 Year		
1991	175	1.98
2010	129	1.27
% Change	-26.3%	-35.9%
Overall		
1976	92	1.02
2010	129	1.27
% Change	+40.2%	+24.5%

# South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Robbery
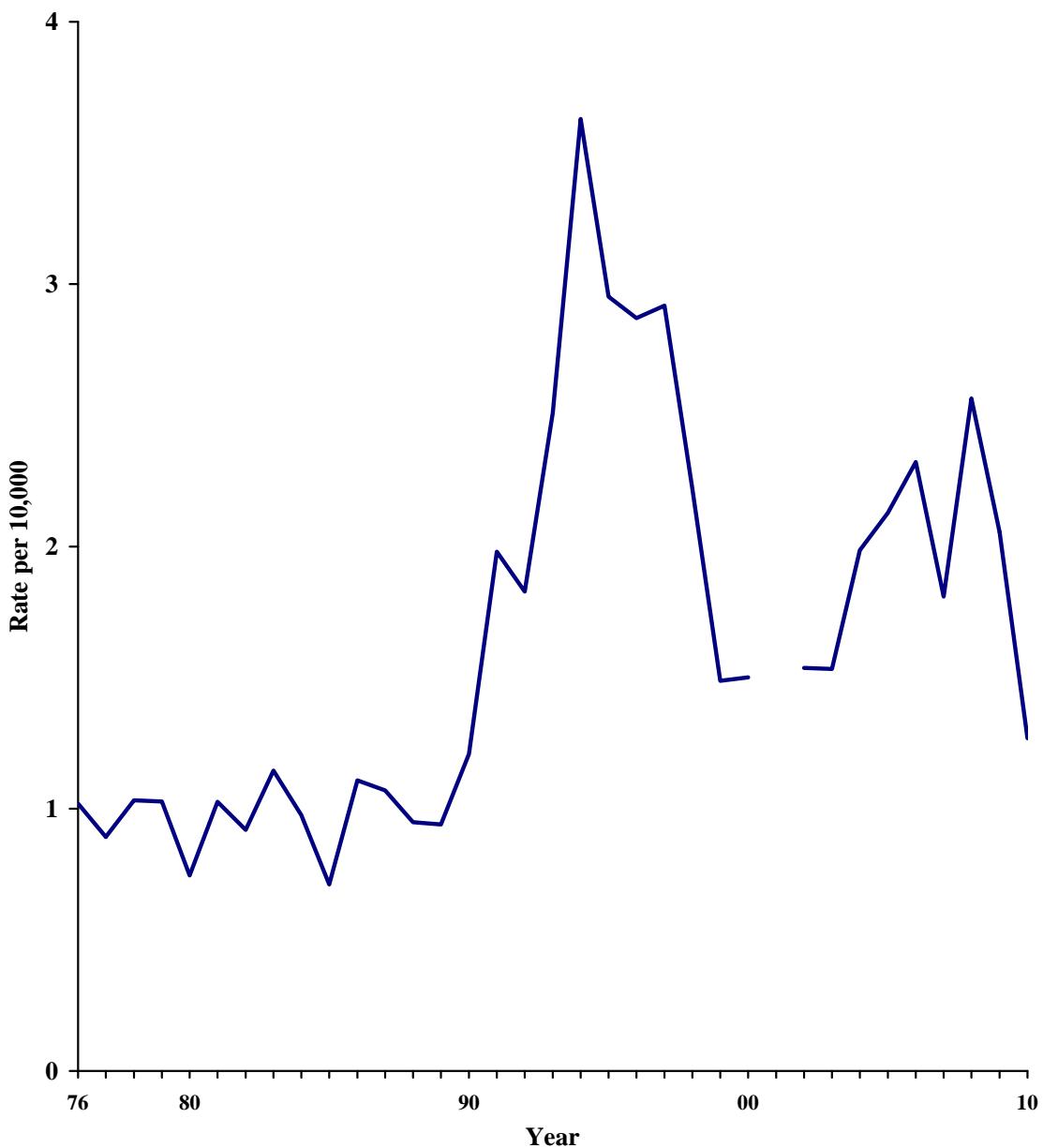
South Carolina's juvenile aggravated assault arrest rate decreased 18.3% from 2009 to 2010. The juvenile aggravated arrest rate has increased 81.6% since 1976.

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT: Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury and is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Attempted offenses are also included.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2009	601	5.91
2010	491	4.83
% Change	-18.3%	-18.3%
11 Year		
2000	783	8.22
2010	491	4.83
% Change	-37.3%	-41.2%
20 Year		
1991	535	6.05
2010	491	4.83
% Change	-8.2%	-20.2%
Overall		
1976	240	2.66
2010	491	4.83
% Change	+104.6%	+81.6%

# South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Aggravated Assault
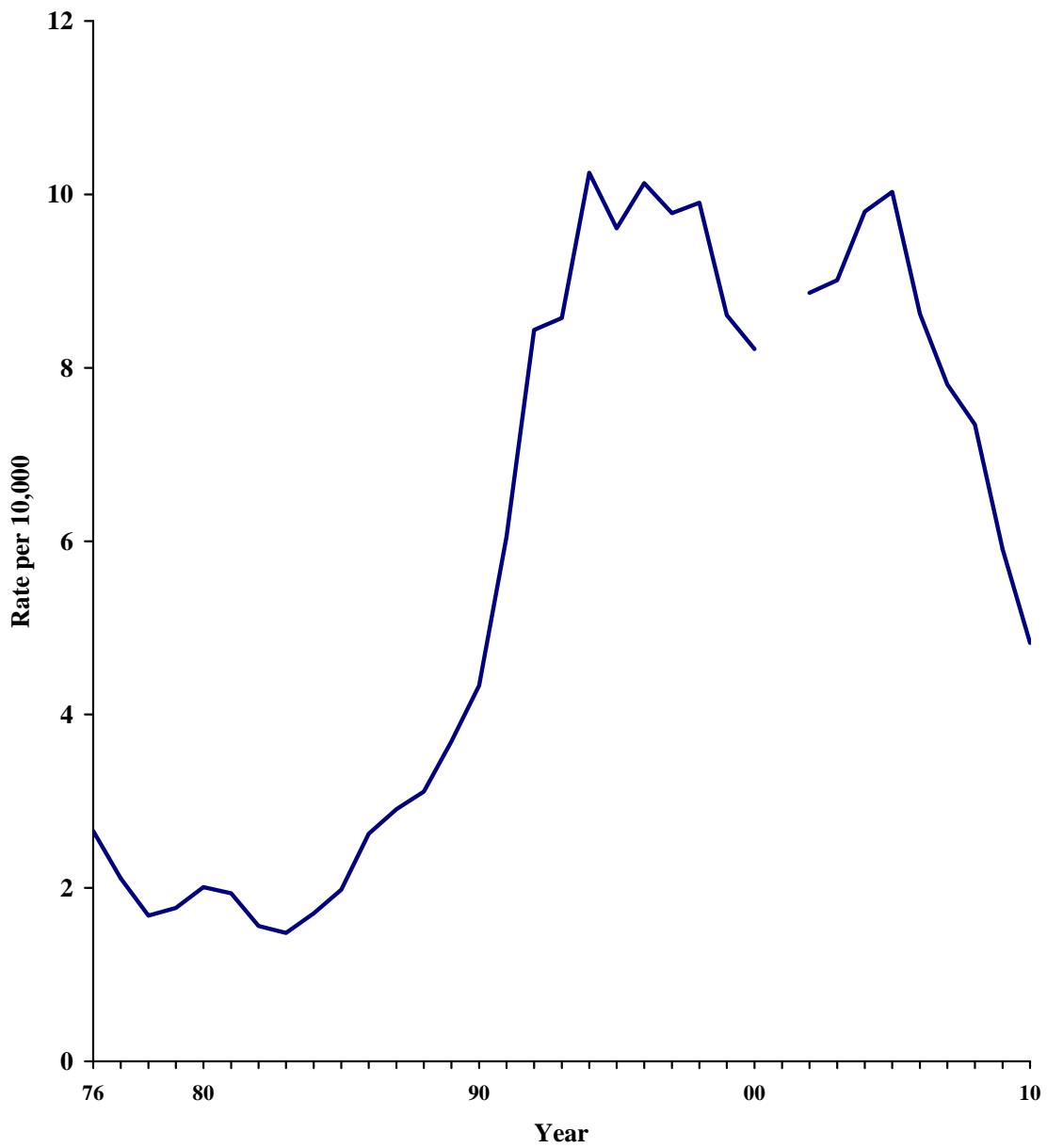
The juvenile arrest rate for property crimes decreased 13.1% from 2009 to 2010, and has decreased 31.2% since 1976.

PROPERTY CRIME: Property crimes include the offenses of breaking or entering, larceny, and motor vehicle theft.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR PROPERTY CRIMES

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2009	4,125	40.54
2010	3,581	35.22
% Change	-13.2%	-13.1%
11 Year		
2000	5,030	52.79
2010	3,581	35.22
% Change	-28.8%	-33.3%
20 Year		
1991	5,298	59.94
2010	3,581	35.22
% Change	-32.4%	-41.2%
Overall		
1976	4,620	51.17
2010	3,581	35.22
% Change	-22.5%	-31.2%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Property Crimes
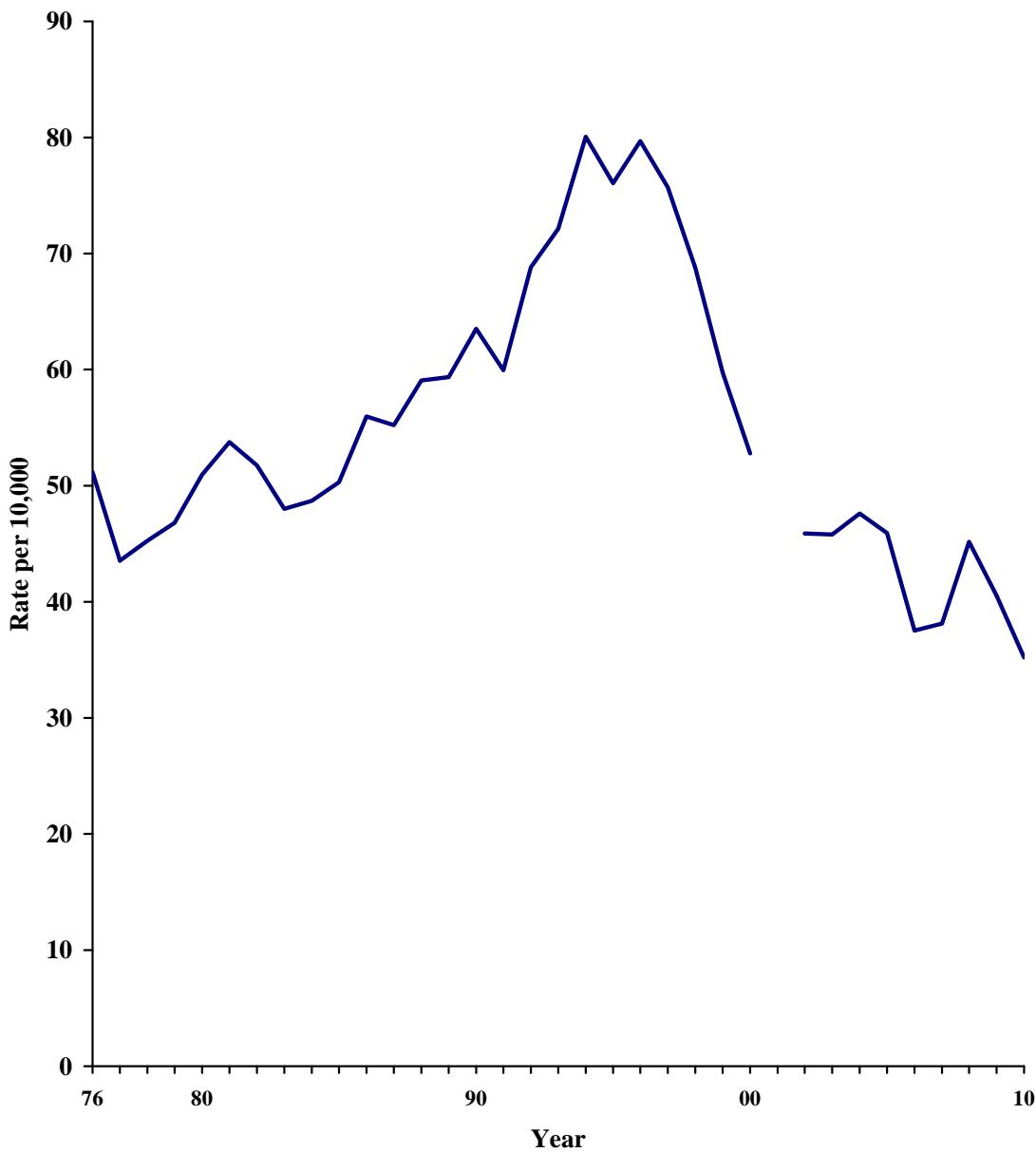
JUVENILE ARRESTS BY COUNTY FOR PROPERTY CRIMES
2010

County	Number	Rate	County	Number	Rate
Abbeville	12	22.2	Greenwood	82	52.7
Aiken	128	37.1	Hampton	3	6.3
Allendale	4	18.5	Horry	264	51.7
Anderson	95	22.4	Jasper	5	8.6
Bamberg	23	69.3	Kershaw	4	2.8
Barnwell	25	45.9	Lancaster	43	25.5
Beaufort	154	47.4	Laurens	56	38.7
Berkeley	117	27.5	Lee	1	2.5
Calhoun	0	0.0	Lexington	112	18.6
Charleston	496	72.1	McCormick	0	0.0
Cherokee	10	7.8	Marion	25	33.0
Chester	20	26.9	Marlboro	5	8.5
Chesterfield	7	6.5	Newberry	36	44.7
Clarendon	17	23.5	Oconee	19	12.9
Colleton	23	25.9	Orangeburg	71	35.3
Darlington	80	51.1	Pickens	60	26.3
Dillon	32	39.7	Richland	184	22.4
Dorchester	143	41.1	Saluda	0	0.0
Edgefield	1	1.8	Spartanburg	183	28.0
Fairfield	14	27.7	Sumter	102	39.4
Florence	153	48.2	Union	19	30.8
Georgetown	90	73.6	Williamsburg	9	11.9
Greenville	447	43.3	York	207	37.9

COUNTIES RANKED BY 2010 JUVENILE PROPERTY CRIME ARREST RATE

| County	Number of Offenses	Rate per 10,000
Georgetown	90	73.6
Charleston	496	72.1
Bamberg	23	69.3
Greenwood	82	52.7
Horry	264	51.7
Darlington	80	51.1
Florence	153	48.2
Beaufort	154	47.4
Barnwell	25	45.9
Newberry	36	44.7
Greenville	447	43.3
Dorchester	143	41.1
Dillon	32	39.7
Sumter	102	39.4
Laurens	56	38.7
York	207	37.9
Aiken	128	37.1
Orangeburg	71	35.3
Marion	25	33.0
Union	19	30.8
Spartanburg	183	28.0
Fairfield	14	27.7
Berkeley	117	27.5
Chester	20	26.9
Pickens	60	26.3
Colleton	23	25.9
Lancaster	43	25.5
Clarendon	17	23.5
Anderson	95	22.4
Richland	184	22.4
Abbeville	12	22.2
Lexington	112	18.6
Allendale	4	18.5
Oconee	19	12.9
Williamsburg	9	11.9
Jasper	5	8.6
Marlboro	5	8.5
Cherokee	10	7.8
Chesterfield	7	6.5
Hampton	3	6.3
Kershaw	4	2.8
Lee	1	2.5
Edgefield	1	1.8
Calhoun	0	0.0
McCormick	0	0.0
Saluda	0	0.0

South Carolina's breaking or entering arrest rate for juveniles decreased 25.9% from 2009 to 2010. The breaking or entering rate has decreased 59.2% since 1976.

BREAKING OR ENTERING: Breaking or entering is the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. The use of force to gain entry is not required to classify an offense as breaking or entering.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR BREAKING OR ENTERING

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2009	957	9.41
2010	709	6.97
% Change	-25.9%	-25.9%
11 Year		
2000	1,126	11.82
2010	709	6.97
% Change	-37.0%	-41.0%
20 Year		
1991	1,366	15.45
2010	709	6.97
% Change	-48.1%	-54.9%
Overall		
1976	1,543	17.09
2010	709	6.97
% Change	-54.1%	-59.2%

# South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Breaking or Entering
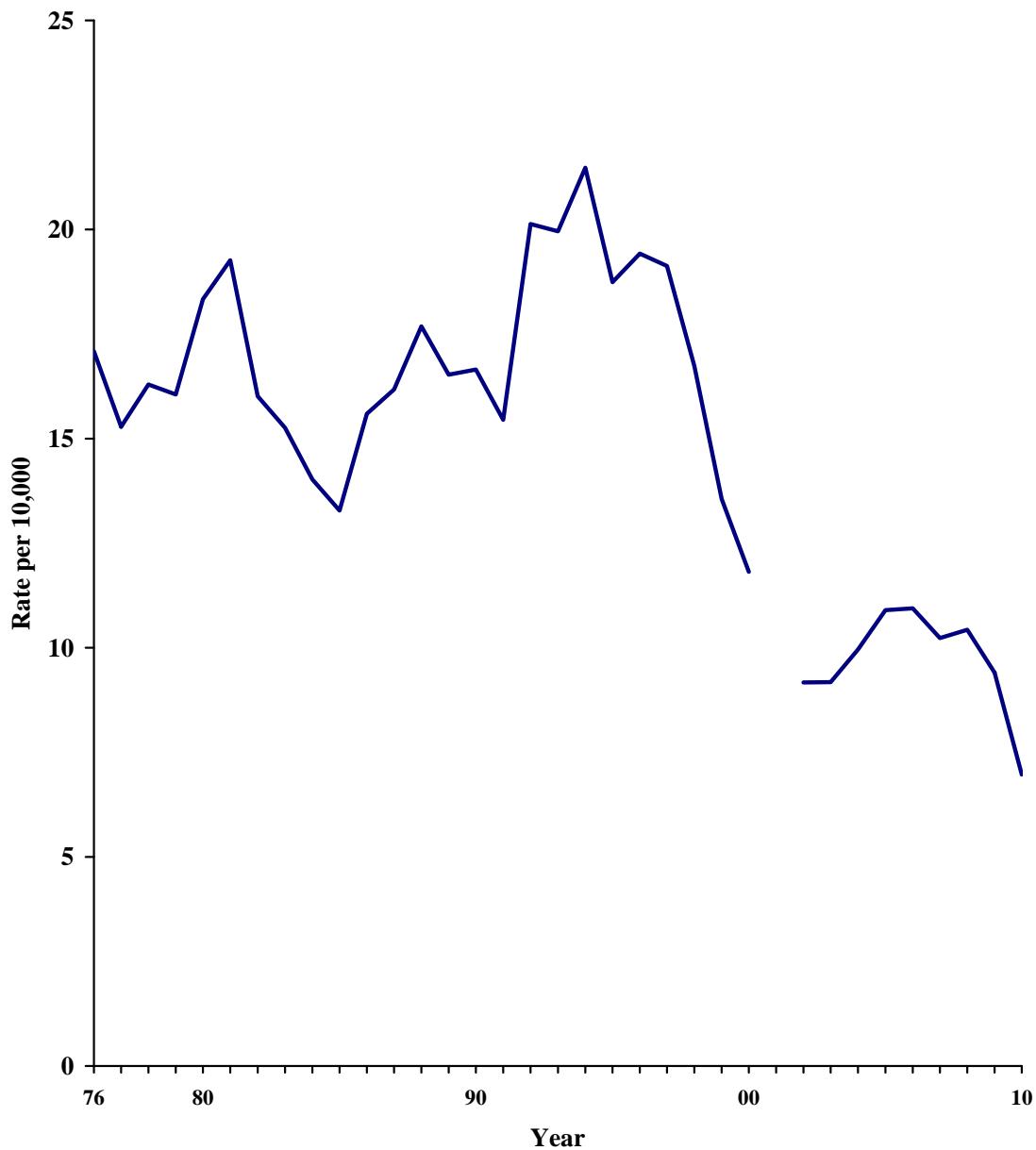
South Carolina's juvenile larceny arrest rate decreased 9.9% from 2009 to 2010, and has decreased 12.6% since 1976.

LARCENY: Larceny is the unlawful taking of property from the possession of another. It includes shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse snatching, thefts from motor vehicles, thefts of motor vehicle parts, and accessories without force, violence or fraud. It does not include embezzlement, con games, forgery, bad checks or motor vehicle theft.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR LARCENY

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2009	3,067	30.14
2010	2,762	27.16
% Change	-9.9%	-9.9%
11 Year		
2000	3,663	38.44
2010	2,762	27.16
% Change	-24.6%	-29.3%
20 Year		
1991	3,456	39.10
2010	2,762	27.16
% Change	-20.1%	-30.5%
Overall		
1976	2,807	31.09
2010	2,762	27.16
% Change	-1.6%	-12.6%

# South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Larceny
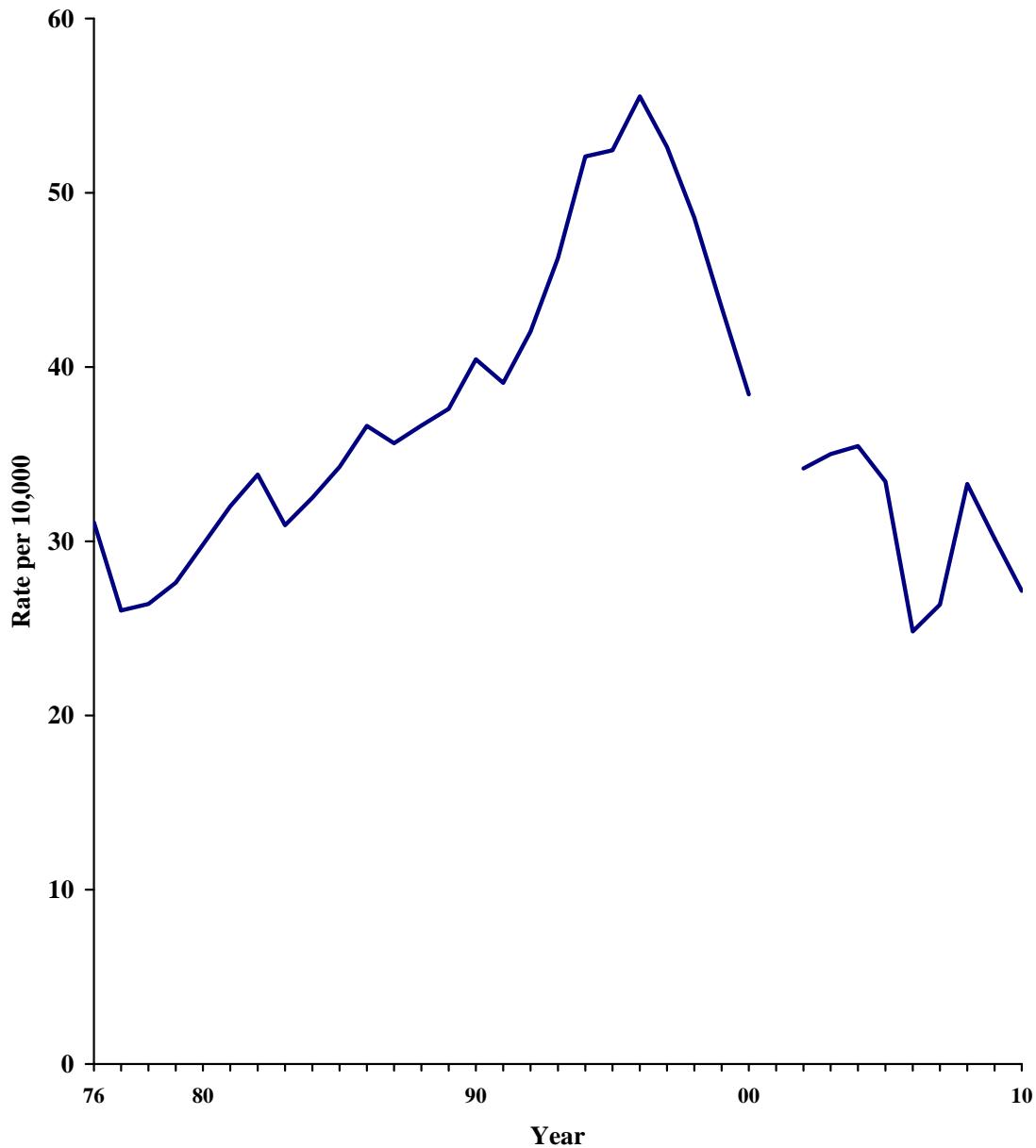
The juvenile motor vehicle theft arrest rate increased 9.1% from 2009 to 2010 but has decreased 63.9 % since 1976.

MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT: Motor vehicle theft is the stealing or attempted stealing of a motor vehicle; e.g., cars, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor-scooters, etc. This excludes the unauthorized temporary taking of motor vehicles by those having lawful access.

JUVENILE ARRESTS FOR MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Trend	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 10,000 Juveniles
Previous Year		
2009	101	0.99
2010	110	1.08
% Change	+8.9%	+9.1%
11 Year		
2000	241	2.53
2010	110	1.08
% Change	-54.4%	-57.3%
20 Year		
1991	476	5.39
2010	110	1.08
% Change	-76.9%	-80.0%
Overall		
1976	270	2.99
2010	110	1.08
% Change	-59.3%	-63.9%

South Carolina Juvenile Arrest Rate for Motor Vehicle Theft
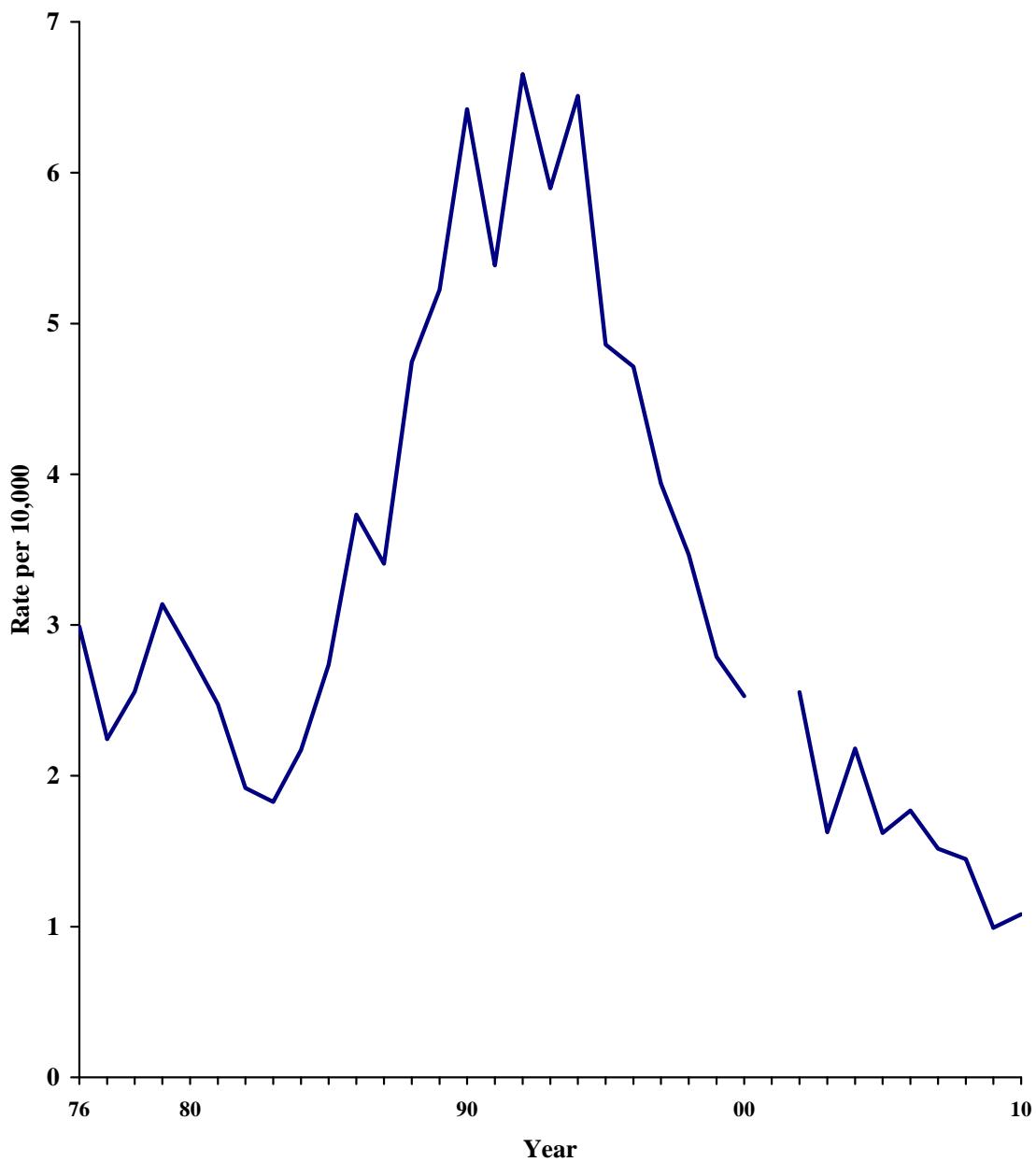
SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX JUVENILE ARREST COUNT

Year	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	B&E	Larceny	MVT
1976	16	37	92	240	1,543	2,807	270
1977	13	35	80	189	1,369	2,331	201
1978	7	38	92	150	1,453	2,354	228
1979	14	62	91	157	1,423	2,447	278
1980	11	34	66	178	1,623	2,638	249
1981	8	39	90	170	1,690	2,808	217
1982	2	47	80	136	1,394	2,945	167
1983	5	45	99	128	1,319	2,673	158
1984	4	49	84	147	1,208	2,800	187
1985	9	45	61	170	1,140	2,942	235
1986	5	52	95	225	1,337	3,140	320
1987	11	70	92	250	1,391	3,064	293
1988	6	61	82	269	1,528	3,166	410
1989	11	60	82	322	1,443	3,282	456
1990	6	60	106	380	1,460	3,546	563
1991	23	103	175	535	1,366	3,456	476
1992	23	107	162	748	1,785	3,727	590
1993	32	106	223	762	1,774	4,111	524
1994	32	105	324	915	1,917	4,649	581
1995	24	69	263	856	1,670	4,673	433
1996	14	69	257	907	1,739	4,972	422
1997	34	68	263	882	1,724	4,744	355
1998	18	80	201	897	1,516	4,399	314
1999	19	83	135	781	1,230	3,939	253
2000	8	63	143	783	1,126	3,663	241
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	12	72	148	854	883	3,292	246
2003	11	45	148	870	886	3,379	157
2004	11	64	192	948	963	3,429	211
2005	13	60	206	971	1,055	3,235	157
2006	18	62	227	903	1,070	2,426	173
2007	17	50	180	777	1,018	2,624	151
2008	17	53	257	736	1,045	3,336	145
2009	6	42	209	601	957	3,067	101
2010	14	45	129	491	709	2,762	110

SOUTH CAROLINA CRIME INDEX JUVENILE ARREST RATES

Year	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	B&E	Larceny	MVT
1976	0.18	0.41	1.02	2.66	17.09	31.09	2.99
1977	0.15	0.39	0.89	2.11	15.28	26.02	2.24
1978	0.08	0.43	1.03	1.68	16.30	26.40	2.56
1979	0.16	0.70	1.03	1.77	16.06	27.62	3.14
1980	0.12	0.38	0.75	2.01	18.33	29.80	2.81
1981	0.09	0.44	1.03	1.94	19.27	32.01	2.47
1982	0.02	0.54	0.92	1.56	16.01	33.83	1.92
1983	0.06	0.52	1.15	1.48	15.26	30.92	1.83
1984	0.05	0.57	0.98	1.71	14.02	32.51	2.17
1985	0.10	0.52	0.71	1.98	13.28	34.27	2.74
1986	0.06	0.61	1.11	2.62	15.60	36.63	3.73
1987	0.13	0.81	1.07	2.91	16.17	35.63	3.41
1988	0.07	0.71	0.95	3.11	17.68	36.64	4.74
1989	0.13	0.69	0.94	3.69	16.53	37.60	5.22
1990	0.07	0.68	1.21	4.33	16.65	40.45	6.42
1991	0.26	1.17	1.98	6.05	15.45	39.10	5.39
1992	0.26	1.21	1.83	8.44	20.13	43.15	6.65
1993	0.36	1.19	2.51	8.57	19.96	46.26	5.90
1994	0.36	1.18	3.63	10.25	21.48	52.08	6.51
1995	0.27	0.77	2.95	9.61	18.74	52.45	4.86
1996	0.16	0.77	2.87	10.13	19.42	55.53	4.71
1997	0.38	0.75	2.92	9.79	19.13	52.64	3.94
1998	0.20	0.88	2.22	9.90	16.74	48.57	3.47
1999	0.21	0.91	1.49	8.61	13.56	43.42	2.79
2000	0.08	0.66	1.50	8.22	11.82	38.44	2.53
2001	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2002	0.12	0.75	1.54	8.87	9.17	34.18	2.55
2003	0.11	0.47	1.53	9.01	9.18	35.00	1.63
2004	0.11	0.66	1.99	9.80	9.96	35.46	2.18
2005	0.13	0.62	2.13	10.03	10.90	33.42	1.62
2006	0.18	0.63	2.32	8.62	10.95	24.82	1.77
2007	0.17	0.50	1.81	7.81	10.23	26.37	1.52
2008	0.17	0.53	2.56	7.34	10.43	33.29	1.45
2009	0.06	0.41	2.05	5.91	9.41	30.14	0.99
2010	0.14	0.44	1.27	4.83	6.97	27.16	1.08